



PERSIKUTUAN TANAH MELAYU

*Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> Majlis Meshuarat*  
**DEWAN RA'AYAT**

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*Standing Orders*

*of the*

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**

**1960**

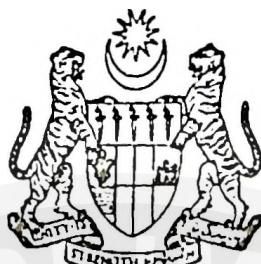
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PERSÉKUTUAN TANAH MĚLAYU

*Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> Majlis Měshuarat*

DEWAN RA'AYAT

*Standing Orders*

*of the*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

KUALA LUMPUR

DI-CHAP DI-JABATAN CHETAK KĒRAJAAN OLEH B. T. FUDGE  
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## KANDONGAN-NYA

Bilangan	URUSAN MĒSHUARAT	Muka Surat
1.	Pēratoran Mēshuarat <sup>2</sup> Pertama sa-lēpas Pilehan Raya .. .. .. ..	1
2.	Mēnētapkan Kērusi Ahli <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	2
3.	Mēmileh Yang di-Pērtua .. .. ..	3
4.	Atoran Mēmileh Yang di-Pērtua .. .. ..	3
5.	Mēngangkat Sumpah .. .. ..	6
6.	Mēmileh Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua .. .. ..	7
7.	Yang di-Pērtua .. .. ..	8
8.	Bahasa <sup>2</sup> Rasmi .. .. ..	10
9.	Kēwajipan <sup>2</sup> Sētia-Usaha Majlis .. .. ..	10
10.	Pēnyata <sup>2</sup> Rasmi Mēshuarat .. .. ..	13
11.	Pēnggal Majlis dan Mēshuarat <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	14
12.	Pērsidangan .. .. ..	15
13.	Chukup-bilang .. .. ..	16
14.	Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat .. .. ..	18
15.	Susunan Urusan Mēshuarat .. .. ..	19
16.	Mēnanggohkan Majlis .. .. ..	20
17.	Usul mēnanggohkan mēshuarat— Akhir Pērsidangan .. .. ..	21
18.	Mēnanggohkan Mēshuarat—Pērkara tērtēntu bērkēnaan kēpēntingan orang ramai yang bērkehendak di-sēgerakan .. .. ..	23
19.	Rayuan <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	25
20.	Risalat <sup>2</sup> Mēshuarat .. .. ..	28
21.	Pērtanyaan <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	29
22.	Pēmberitahu bērkēnaan dēngan pērtanyaan <sup>2</sup>	29
23.	Isi <sup>2</sup> Pērtanyaan .. .. ..	31
24.	Chara mēngēluarkan pērtanyaan dan mēn- jawab pērtanyaan .. .. ..	35

Bilangan		Muka Surat
25.	Pĕnĕrangan sĕndiri .. .. ..	37
26.	Pĕmberitahu Usul .. .. ..	38
27.	Chara <sup>2</sup> mĕngĕluarkan pĕmberitahu .. ..	41
28.	Mĕngubah isi <sup>2</sup> sa-suatu usul .. ..	43
29.	Mĕnarek balek pĕmbĕritahu usul .. ..	44
30.	Mĕminda usul <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	44
31.	Mĕnyokong usul <sup>2</sup> dan pindaan <sup>2</sup> .. ..	45
32.	Pindaan <sup>2</sup> usul hĕndak-lah dĕngan surat ..	45
33.	Chara mĕmbahathkan usul dan pindaan usul .. .. .. ..	46
34.	Mĕnarek balek usul <sup>2</sup> dan pindaan <sup>2</sup> .. ..	50

## PĚRATORAN<sup>2</sup> BĚRBAHATH

35.	Masa dan chara bĕrchakap .. .. ..	51
36.	Isi <sup>2</sup> uchapan .. .. ..	53
37.	Mĕngganggu .. .. ..	55
38.	Had Pérbahathan .. .. ..	56
39.	Mĕndahului <sup>2</sup> pérbahathan .. .. ..	57
40.	Mĕnutup pérbahathan .. .. ..	58
41.	Adab ahli <sup>2</sup> yang tidak bĕrchakap .. ..	60
42.	Meshuarat hĕndak-lah diam bila Pĕngerusi bĕrchakap .. .. ..	60
43.	Képutusan Pĕngerusi ada-lah mu'tamad ..	61
44.	Tertib dalam Meshuarat .. .. ..	61
45.	Mĕmutuskan masaalah <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	65
46.	Undi dĕngan suara .. .. ..	66
47.	Belah-bahagian .. .. ..	67
48.	Pératoran bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup>	69
49.	Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> daripada ahli yang bukan ahli Kĕrajaan .. .. ..	70

Bilangan	Muka Surat
50. Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> <i>Private</i> dan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> Champoran .. .. .. .. ..	71
51. Susunan isi Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	75
52. Pehak <sup>2</sup> yang di-kēnāī oleh Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> ..	76
53. Bachaan kali yang kedua .. .. ..	77
54. Mĕnyerahkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> kepada Jawatan-Kuasa .. .. .. ..	78
55. Tugas <sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa yang mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> .. .. .. ..	79
56. Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah <sup>2</sup> Majlis .. ..	79
57. Atoran dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah <sup>2</sup> Majlis yang mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> ..	80
58. Atoran dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan pada masa mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup>	85
59. Mĕnyerahkan sa-kali lagi Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> yang telah di-ma'alumkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah <sup>2</sup> Majlis .. .. ..	85
60. Pĕrbinchangan atas Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> yang di-ma'alumkan oleh Jawatan <sup>2</sup> -Kuasa Pilehan	87
61. Bachaan Kali yang Kĕtiga .. .. ..	89
62. Mĕnarek balek Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> .. ..	90
63. Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> yang mĕngandungi sharat <sup>2</sup> yang hampir <sup>2</sup> sama maksud-nya .. .. ..	90
64. Melonggarkan sharat <sup>2</sup> bĕrkĕhĕndakkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> itu di-chap .. .. ..	90
65. Anggaran <sup>2</sup> Pĕrbelanjaan Tahunan .. ..	91
66. Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕrbĕkalan .. .. ..	91
67. Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> Anggaran Bĕlanja Tambahan	96
68. Kumpulan Wang Pĕndahuluan .. ..	99
69. Menghantar Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> Wang kepada Dewan Nĕgara .. .. .. ..	99
70. Pĕrutusan <sup>2</sup> kapada Dewan Nĕgara .. ..	100

Bilangan		Muka Surat
71.	Pĕrutusan <sup>2</sup> daripada Dewan Nĕgara ..	101
72.	Bachaan kali yang pĕrtama Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> yang di-bawa daripada Dewan Nĕgara ..	101
73.	Mĕnimbangkan Pindaan <sup>2</sup> yang di-buat oleh Dewan Nĕgara ka-atas Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> dan lain <sup>2</sup> -nya .. .. .. ..	102
74.	Atoran mĕnimbangkan Pindaan Dewan Nĕgara ka-atas Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> , Pindaan <sup>2</sup> dan lain <sup>2</sup> -nya .. .. .. ..	103
75.	Atoran mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> dalam pĕrengkat <sup>2</sup> -nya kĕmudian .. .. ..	106
76.	Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmilch .. .. ..	108
77.	Jawatan-Kuasa Kira <sup>2</sup> Wang Nĕgara ..	109
78.	Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕratoran <sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat ..	110
79.	Jawatan-Kuasa Dewan .. .. ..	111
80.	Jawatan-Kuasa Hak dan Kĕbebasan.. ..	112
81.	Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Khas .. ..	113
82.	Mĕnubohkan Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan ..	114
83.	Atoran dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan ..	114
84.	Belah-bahagian dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan	119
85.	Mĕnyiarkan keterangan sa-bĕlum masa-nya ..	121
86.	Pĕnyata <sup>2</sup> daripada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan ..	121
87.	Rundingan bĕrsama di-antara Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Dewan Ra'ayat dengan Jawatan- Kuasa Pilehan Dewan Nĕgara .. ..	123
88.	Atoran Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Bersama dan Pĕnyata <sup>2</sup> -nya .. .. .. ..	126
89.	Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> dan Pindaan <sup>2</sup> yang mĕngĕnai chukai, pĕrbelanjaan dan sa-bagai-nya ..	126
90.	Mĕrĕntikan Kuat-Kuasa Pĕratoran <sup>2</sup> Mĕ- shuarat .. .. .. ..	129
91.	Ahli <sup>2</sup> yang tiada dapat hadhir .. ..	129

Bilangan		Muka Surat
92.	Mēmakai ahli sa-bagai professional .. ..	129
93.	Orang <sup>2</sup> Luar .. .. ..	130
94.	Wakil <sup>2</sup> akhbar .. .. ..	131
95.	Ayat mēngundang <sup>2</sup> kan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> ..	131
96.	Mēngeluarkan Rang Undang <sup>2</sup> .. ..	132
97.	Bēlanja Saksi <sup>2</sup> .. .. ..	132
98.	Tafsir .. .. ..	133
99.	Pētua <sup>2</sup> Yang di-Pērtua.. ..	134
100.	Kuasa <sup>2</sup> dalam pērkara <sup>2</sup> lain .. ..	134

## DO'A

“Segala puji bagi Tuhan di-buka Majlis Dewan Ra‘ayat, dengan menyebut nama Tuhan, Yang Maha Murah, Yang Maha Kasehan, kepada-nya terpulang segala puji-pujian, kepada Rasul-Rasul-nya salawat salam kehormatan, kepada sakalian orang yang ta‘atkan Tuhan.

Ya Tuhan, yang bersifat maha hikmat, limpah ke‘adilan, yang menanggongkan kewajipan ka-atas Pemerintah dan Ahli Majlis Permeshuaratan, bagi mentadbir muslihat masharakah pergaulan, mudah-mudahan sentosa aman, ma‘amor limpah kebahgiaan, meliputi sakalian penduduk negara Persetuan.

Ya Tuhan, kami sakalian hamba-mu yang di-perkenan menjadi Ahli Dewan Ra‘ayat, menyempurnakan kewajipan yang diamanahkan, yang terutama bagi negara Persetuan, bagi ra‘ayat-nya sakalian.

Ya Tuhan, berkat-mu ka-atas kami berhimpun di-pohon anugrahkan, taufek-mu

hidayat-mu di-pohon menyuloh mandu-kan, pada kētika kami bērunding mēnim-bang bertukar fikiran, pada sēgala pērkara yang di-bēntangkan, dēngan saksama serta bērkēamanahan, mēnunjong pērentah dan kēbēsarān Tuhan, mudah-mudahan bērlēbeh-lēbeh keāamanan, kēma'amoran dan kēsējahtēraan, bagi nēgara Pērsēkutuan, serta pēndudok-nya sakalian.

Ya Tuhan, di-pohonkan do'a kami di-pērkēnan, Amin, Ya Tuhan sēru 'alam sakalian."

# PĚRATORAN<sup>2</sup> MĚSHUARAT

Majlis

## DEWAN RA'AYAT

### PĚRSEKUTUAN TANAH MĚLAYU

#### URUSAN MĚSHUARAT

1. Pada hari mula<sup>2</sup> di-adakan měshuarat Majlis sa-lěpas Pilehan Raya dan sa-tělah ahli<sup>2</sup> běrkumpul pada waktu dan di-těmpat yang di-tětapkan dan sa-tělah ahli<sup>2</sup> dudok di-kěrusi masing<sup>2</sup> měnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pěratoran Měshuarat 2, maka Sětia-Usaha Majlis hěndak-lah měmbachakan Pěmashhoran Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sěri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pěrtuan Agong měmanggil měshuarat dan kěmudian daripada itu urusan<sup>2</sup> yang hěndak di-jalankan pada hari itu ia-lah—

Pěratoran  
Měshuarat<sup>2</sup>  
pěrtama sa-  
lěpas Pilehan  
Raya.

- (a) Měmileh Yang di-Pěrtua;
- (b) Yang di-Pěrtua měngangkat sumpah měngikut sapěrti yang di-běntang-kan dalam Jadual Kěenam dalam Pěrlěmbagaan;

(c) Ahli<sup>2</sup> Mēshuarat mēngangkat sum-pah mēngikut saperti yang dibentangkan dalam Jadual Kēnam dalam Pērlēmbagaan;

dan sa-telah sēlesai urusan<sup>2</sup> ini, maka Majlis akan di-tanggohkan kapada apa-tarikh dan waktu yang di-tētapkan oleh Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sēri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pērtuan Agong bagi mēmashhorkan sēbab<sup>2</sup>-nya baginda bērtitah mēmanggil Parlimen.

Mēnētapkan  
Kērusi Ahli<sup>1</sup>.

**2.** (1) Pada hari yang pērtama di-adakan mēshuarat sa-lēpas Pilehan Raya dan kēmudian daripada itu sa-hingga kērusi bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli di-tētapkan, ahli<sup>2</sup> hēndak-lah dudok di-mana<sup>2</sup> jua tēmpat yang di-atorkan oleh Sētia-Usaha Majlis.

(2) Yang di-Pērtua, sa-baik<sup>2</sup> di-fikirkan-nya mēnasabah sa-sudah ia di-pileh jadi Yang di-Pērtua, maka boleh-lah di-tētapkan-nya kērusi bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> orang ahli dan boleh-lah di-ubah-nya kētētapan itu dari satu masa ka-satu masa sa-bagaimana yang baik pada timbangan-nya.

(3) Kērusi<sup>2</sup> akan di-untokkan mēngikut timbangan Yang di-Pērtua dan kēputusan-nya dalam pērkara ini ada-lah mu'tamad.

**3.** Bila<sup>2</sup> jawatan Yang di-Pertua itu kosong, baik dengan sebab di-bubarkan Parlimen atau dengan lain<sup>2</sup> sebab, maka Majlis, sa-baik<sup>2</sup> chukup-bilang ahli-nya, hendak-lah mémileh Yang di-Pertua.

**4.** Atoran mémileh Yang di-Pertua hendak-lah saperti yang tersebut di-bawah ini:

(1) Tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli yang hendak ménchadangkan nama ahli yang hendak di-pileh jadi Yang di-Pertua, hendak-lah mëmpëstikan terlebih dahulu ia-itu ahli itu suka bér-khidmat jika ia di-pileh, dan juga hendak-lah mëmbéri tahu kapada Sëtia-Usaha Majlis sa-bëlum mëshuarat.

(2) Sa-saorang ahli dengan béruchap kapada Sëtia-Usaha Majlis, hendak-lah ménchadangkan sa-orang ahli lain yang hadhir jadi Yang di-Pertua dan hendak-lah di-keluarkan-nya usul “Ia-itu.....  
.....(sebutkan nama ahli itu) di-pileh jadi Yang di-Pertua.” Chadangan ini hendak-lah di-sokong tetapi tidak di-bénarkan di-bahath.

(3) Jika hanya sa-orang ahli sahaja yang di-chadangkan dan di-sokong jadi Yang di-Pertua, maka Sëtia-Usaha Majlis hendak-lah memashhorkan ahli itu télah këna pileh,

dengan tidak di-kemuka bagi di-putuskan oleh meshuarat. Jika lebih dari pada sa-orang ahli di-chadangkan dan di-sokong jadi Yang di-Pertua, maka Majlis hendak-lah menjalankan pilehan dengan undi bersurat.

(4) Bagi maksud menjalankan undi bersurat, Setia-Usaha Majlis hendak-lah memberi kepada tiap<sup>2</sup> orang ahli yang hadhir sa-keping kertas undi dan ahli ini boleh-lah menuliskan pada kertas itu nama ahli yang hendak di-undi-nya. Kertas<sup>2</sup> undi hendak-lah di-lipat supaya nama ahli yang tertulis pada kertas itu tidak boleh nampak dan hendak-lah di-tanda tangan oleh ahli yang mengundi itu.

(5) Kertas<sup>2</sup> undi hendak-lah di-pungut oleh Setia-Usaha Majlis atau oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> pegawai Majlis yang di-wakilkan oleh-nya dan hendak-lah di-bilang oleh Setia-Usaha Majlis di-Meja Meshuarat. Keputusan undi itu hendak-lah di-mashhorkan oleh Setia-Usaha Majlis.

(6) (a) Jika lebih daripada dua orang chalun telah di-chadangkan dan dalam undi yang pertama, tidak ada chalun yang mendapat undi lebih daripada jumlah undi yang di-dapati oleh chalun<sup>2</sup> yang lain, maka

chalun yang mendapat rendah sa-kali undinya hendak-lah di-keluarkan daripada pilchan. Lepas itu hendak-lah di-jalankan undi sa-kali lagi, dan di-keluarkan chalun yang dapat rendah sa-kali undi. Demikian-lah hendak di-jalankan berturut<sup>2</sup> sa-hingga satu orang chalun mendapat undi lebeh daripada undi chalun atau jumlah undi chalun<sup>2</sup> yang tinggal.

(b) Dalam undi bersurat di-antara tiga atau lebeh daripada tiga orang chalun, jika dua orang atau lebh daripada dua orang chalun dapat sama banyak undi dan sa-orang daripada-nya di-kehendaki di-tinggalkan ménurut fasal (a) yang tersebut di atas tadi, maka menetapkan siapa di-antara chalun yang dapat sama banyak undi itu yang hendak di-tinggalkan itu hendak-lah dengan jalan membuang undi mengikut apa<sup>2</sup> juga chara yang ditetapkan oleh Setia-Usaha Majlis.

(c) Dalam undi bersurat antara dua orang chalun, jika di-dapati sama banyak undi, hendak-lah di-jalankan undi bersurat sa-kali lagi, dan jika di-dapati sama banyak juga undi maka hendak-lah di-putuskan dengan membuang undi ménurut apa<sup>2</sup> juga chara yang ditetapkan oleh Setia-Usaha Majlis.

(7) Kertas<sup>2</sup> undi itu apabila telah di-kira, hendak-lah di-masokkan ka-dalam sa-buah peti dan sa-saorang ahli apabila telah dimashhorkan di-pileh jadi Yang di-Pertua, maka peti itu hendak-lah di-lakrikan di-hadapan ahli<sup>2</sup> meshuarat dan di-simpan dalam jagaan Seta-Usaha Majlis sa-lama satu bulan takwim orang puteh dan lepas itu, dengan tertia'alok kapada apa<sup>2</sup> perentah yang di-tenerima daripada Majlis, maka Seta-Usaha hendak-lah membakar kertas<sup>2</sup> undi itu dan mengaku kapada Majlis mengatakan kertas<sup>2</sup> itu telah di-bakar.

Mengangkat sumpah.

5. (1) Sumpah yang hendak di-lafadzkan mengikut saperti yang di-sebutkan dalam Jadual Keenam dalam Perlumbagaan hendak-lah di-jalankan oleh Seta-Usaha Majlis dan tiap<sup>2</sup> orang ahli yang mengangkat sumpah itu hendak-lah menurunkan tanda tangan dalam sa-buah buku yang akan di-simpan kerana itu oleh Seta-Usaha Majlis.

(2) Dengan tertia'alok kapada sharat dalam perenggan (3), pada bila<sup>2</sup> jua hari-nya Majlis bersidang, sa-saorang ahli yang belum mengangkat sumpah boleh-lah hadir di-Meja Majlis pada waktu yang ditetapkan menurut Peraturan Meshuarat 14 dan

h ndak-lah ia m ngangkat sumpah dan m nurunkan tanda tangan dalam Buku Sumpah.

(3) Pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa Majlis M shuarat dalam tanggohan, k rana m mbolehkan sa-saorang ahli itu hadhir dan m ngambil bahagian dalam m shuarat Jawatan-Kuasa ia-itu di-antara masa ia jadi ahli m shuarat d ngan masa m shuarat sa-kali lagi di-adakan, ahli itu boleh-lah m ngangkat sumpah di-hadapan Yang di-P rtua; jika demikian Yang di-P rtua h ndak-lah m mb ri tahu Majlis M shuarat pada m shuarat akan datang m ngatakan ahli itu t lah m ngangkat sumpah di-hadapan-nya.

(4) B rt patan d ngan fasal (4) dalam P rkara 160 dalam P rl mbagaan, sa-saorang ahli, jika di-k h ndaki-nya, h ndak-lah di-b nar m nunaikan k h ndak m ngangkat sumpah itu d ngan m ngangkat ikrar.

**6.** (1) Majlis h ndak-lah m mileh sa-orang Timbalan Yang di-P rtua dalam m shuarat yang k lapangan yang mula<sup>2</sup> sa-kali di-adakan sa-lepas Pilehan Raya; atau pada permulaan urusan m shuarat

M mileh  
Timbalan Yang  
di-P rtua.

dalam mēshuarat yang mula<sup>2</sup> sa-kali di-adakan sa-lēpas daripada jawatan Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua itu kosong.

(2) Atoran mēmileh Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua itu hēndak-lah sa-bērappa bolch-nya sama saperti atoran mēmileh Yang di-Pērtua mēlainkan mēmileh-nya itu hēndak-lah di-jalankan oleh Yang di-Pērtua.

7. (1) Yang di-Pērtua tētap-lah jadi pēngērusi bagi mēshuarat<sup>2</sup> Majlis dan jika ia tiada hadhir atau jika Yang di-Pērtua bēlum di-pileh lagi atau jika jawatan Yang di-Pērtua itu kosong dēngan apa<sup>2</sup> jua sēbab, maka Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mēngētuakan mēshuarat sa-bagai pēngērusi, atau jika Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua bēlum di-pileh lagi atau jika jawatan Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua itu kosong dēngan apa<sup>2</sup> jua sēbab, apabila di-bēri tahu hal itu oleh Sētia-Usaha maka Majlis boleh-lah mēmanggil siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli mēmpēngērusikan mēshuarat satelah di-kēluarkan usul kērana itu oleh sa-orang Mēntēri. Usul ini hēndak-lah di-sokong tētapi tidak di-bēnarkan di-bahath.

(2) Manakala Sētia-Usaha Majlis mē-mashhorkan ia-itu Yang di-Pērtua tiada hadhir, maka ahli yang mēmpēngērusikan mēshuarat mēnurut pērēnggan (1), tētap-lah

terserah kapada-nya segala kuasa Yang di-Pertua sa-hingga Yang di-Pertua atau Timbalan Yang di-Pertua ada hadhir sa-mula.

(3) Pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa meshuarat bersidang, Yang di-Pertua boleh meminta sa-saorang ahli mempengarusikan meshuarat itu bagi sementara dengan tidak payah diberi tahu Majlis Meshuarat dengan sa-chara-nya dan ahli yang mempengarusikan ini tetap-lah terserah kapada-nya semua kuasa<sup>2</sup> Yang di-Pertua sa-hingga Yang di-Pertua balek sa-mula mengeluarkan meshuarat.

(4) Bila<sup>2</sup> Majlis Meshuarat bersidang sa-bagai Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Meshuarat, termasok Jawatan-Kuasa Perbekalan, maka Yang di-Pertua atau ahli yang jadi Pengurus ménurut perenggan (1) atau (3) hendak-lah jadi Pengurus Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Meshuarat.

(5) Dalam Peraturan<sup>2</sup> ini, kalimah "Yang di-Pertua" itu termasok-lah siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang jadi Pengurus ménurut sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam perenggan (1) sampai (3) kecuali jika disebutkan terang<sup>2</sup> ia-itu tidak termasok ahli lain; dan kalimah "Pengurus" maksud-nya ia-lah siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang jadi Pengurus ménurut sharat<sup>2</sup> perenggan (1) sampai (4)

kēchuali jika karinah ayat-nya mēnunjokkan pēngērtian yang lain.

Bahasa<sup>2</sup> rasmi.

**8.** Bahasa<sup>2</sup> rasmi Majlis ada-lah bahasa Mēlayu dan, mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Fasal (2) dan (3) dalam Pēkara 152 dalam Pēlēmbagaan, ada-lah juga bahasa Inggēris.

Kēwajipan<sup>3</sup>  
Sētia-Usaha  
Majlis.

**9.** (1) Sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya ēmpat bēlas hari sa-bēlum di-buka mēshuarat dalam Pēnggal baharu, Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah mēnghantar kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> orang ahli suatu pēmbēritahu bērsurat mēnarek pērhatian kapada pēmashhoran mēmanggil Parlimen. Sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya ēmpat bēlas hari sa-bēlum di-adakan sa-mula mēshuarat, sama ada mēnurut pērēnggan (2) dalam Pēratoran Mēshuarat 11 atau sa-telah di-tanggohkan mēshuarat lēbeh daripada lima hari, maka Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah mēnghantar kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> orang ahli suatu pēmbēritahu bērsurat mēnērangkan hari-nya yang tēlah di-tētapkan bagi mēshuarat akan datang.  
~~bērsertai dengan suatu nēnarai urusan mēshuarat dan pēmberi<sup>2</sup> tahu yang ada dalam Buku Meshuarat;~~

Tētapi di-sharatkan ia-itu jika kēgēmparan, pēmbēritahu sapērti yang tērsēbut

itu tidak di-kěhěndaki; jika děmikian halnya hěndak-lah di-kěluarkan pěmběritahu dengan sa-běrpa sěgěra-nya.

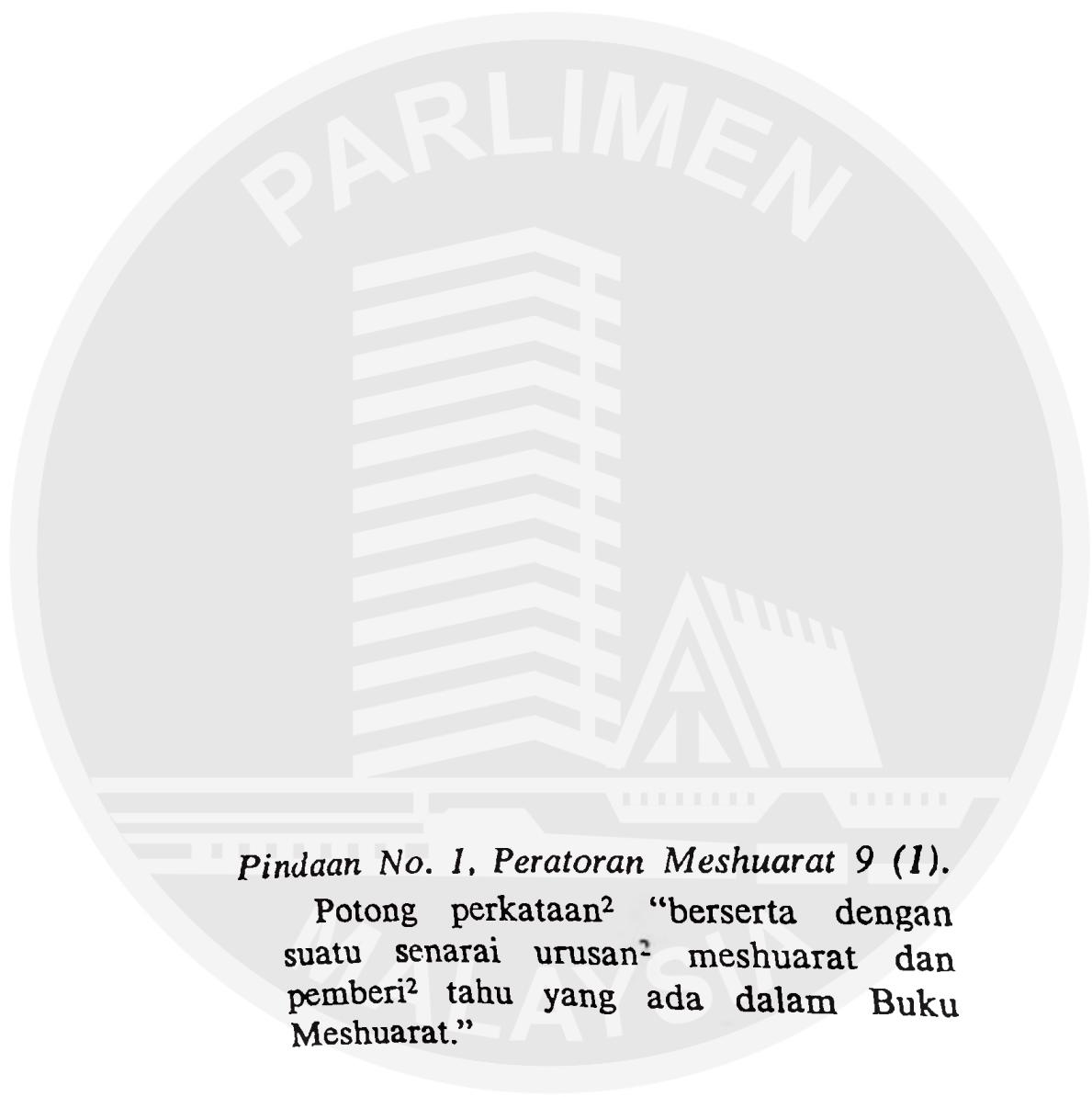
(2) Sětia-Usaha Majlis hěndak-lah měng-hantar kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli ia-itu satu Atoran Urusan Měshuarat bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> hari pěrsidangan měshuarat:

(a) bagi hari yang pěrtama dalam sa-suatu měshuarat, sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya tujoh hari sa-bělum měshuarat, kěchuali jika pada timbangan Yang di-Pěrtua ada hal-nya hěndak di-sěgerakan; dan

(b) bagi pěrsidangan hari yang lain, děngan sa-běrpa sěgěra-nya yang boleh.

(3) Sětia-Usaha Majlis hěndak-lah měnyimpan pěringatan<sup>2</sup> pěrjalanan měshuarat Majlis dan pěringatan pěrjalanan měshuarat Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis; dan hěndak-lah měnghantar satu salinan pěringatan<sup>2</sup> itu kapada ahli<sup>2</sup> měshuarat, pada hari esok-nya, atau děngan sa-běrpa sěgěra-nya sa-lěpas itu. Pěringatan<sup>2</sup> ini akan di-namakan Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pěrjalanan Měshuarat.

(4) Dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pěrjalanan Měshuarat ini hěndak-lah di-tuliskan nama



*Pindaan No. 1, Peratoran Meshuarat 9 (1).*

Potong perkataan<sup>2</sup> “berserta dengan suatu senarai urusan<sup>2</sup> meshuarat dan pemberi<sup>2</sup> tahu yang ada dalam Buku Meshuarat.”

ahli<sup>2</sup> yang hadhir dan sēmuā ketētapan Majlis dan, jika mēshuarat bērbēlah-bahagi, sama ada dalam Majlis atau dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis, hēndak-lah mēngandongi bilangan ahli<sup>2</sup> yang bersētuju dan ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tidak bersētuju, nama ahli<sup>2</sup> yang mēngundi dan bilangan sērta nama ahli<sup>2</sup> yang hadhir tētapi tidak mēngundi. Undi dan Pējalanan Mēshuarat hēndak-lah ditanda tangan oleh Yang di-Pērtua dan apakēsilapan di-dalam-nya boleh-lah di-bētulkan, dēngan di-kēluarkan usul, sa-tēlah mēndapat izin Majlis.

(5) Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah mēnyēdiakan dari sa-hari ka-sa-hari dan menyimpan di-Meja Mēshuarat atau dalam pējabat-nya, sa-buah Buku Mēshuarat mēnunjokkan sēmuā urusan<sup>2</sup> yang di-tētapkan bagi hari yang akan datang dan apa-pembēritahu bērkēnaan dēngan Pērtanyaan<sup>2</sup> atau Usul<sup>2</sup> yang tēlah di-tētapkan bagi hari akan datang, sama ada di-tēntukan hari-nya atau tidak di-tēntukan. Buku Mēshuarat ini hēndak-lah tērbuka boleh di-tengok oleh ahli<sup>2</sup> pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa yang mēnasabah.

(6) Sētia-Usaha Majlis tērtanggong-lah ka-atas-nya menyimpan buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pējalanan Mēshuarat, rekod<sup>2</sup>, Rang

Undang<sup>2</sup> dan lain<sup>2</sup> surat yang telah dibentangkan dalam Majlis Mēshuarat dan ini hendak-lah terbuka boleh di-tengok oleh ahli<sup>2</sup> mēshuarat dan orang<sup>2</sup> lain mengikut apa<sup>2</sup> atoran yang di-bénarkan oleh Yang di-Pertua.

**10.** (1) Sa-buah buku penyata rasmi mēshuarat mengandungi semua uchapan<sup>2</sup> yang di-keluarkan dalam Majlis Mēshuarat dan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mēshuarat, hendak-lah di-sediakan ia-itu dibawah jagaan Sétia-Usaha Majlis.

(2) Buku ini hendak-lah di-keluarkan menurut apa<sup>2</sup> rupa chara yang di-pérentahkan oleh Yang di-Pertua, dan satu salinan buku ini hendak-lah di-hantar kepada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli dengan sa-bérapa ségéra-nya sa-telah tamat mēshuarat.

(3) Salinan uchapan sa-saorang ahli hendak-lah di-hantar kepada ahli itu sebelum di-chap. Jika ahli itu tidak memulangkan uchapan itu dalam tempoh tujuh hari daripada tarikh di-hantar kepada-nya, maka uchapan itu akan di-chap dengan tidak bérsemak.

(4) Jika sa-saorang ahli mengatakan ia-itu salinan uchapan-nya itu tidak betul atau jika hendak di-ubah-nya uchapan itu pada

pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> yang bĕsar, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah mĕmberi keputusan dan uchapn itu hĕndak-lah di-chap mĕngikut sa-bagaimana yang di-putuskan-nya. Keputusan Yang di-Pĕrtua dalam pĕrkara ini ada-lah mu'tamad dan akan di-bĕri tahu kepada ahli itu.

**11. (1) Persidangan<sup>2</sup>** Majlis hĕndak-lah di-adakan di-mana<sup>2</sup> tĕmpat, dan mĕshuarat yang mula<sup>2</sup> bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> penggal Majlis, hĕndak-lah di-buka pada apa<sup>2</sup> hari dan waktu yang di-tĕtapkan oleh Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pĕrtuan Agong.

(2) Kĕchuali mĕshuarat yang pĕrtama dalam tiap<sup>2</sup> penggal Parlimen dan dengan tĕrta' alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan (3) dibawah ini mĕshuarat<sup>2</sup> Majlis hĕndak-lah di-mulakan pada apa<sup>2</sup> hari yang di-tĕtapkan oleh Majlis Mĕshuarat:

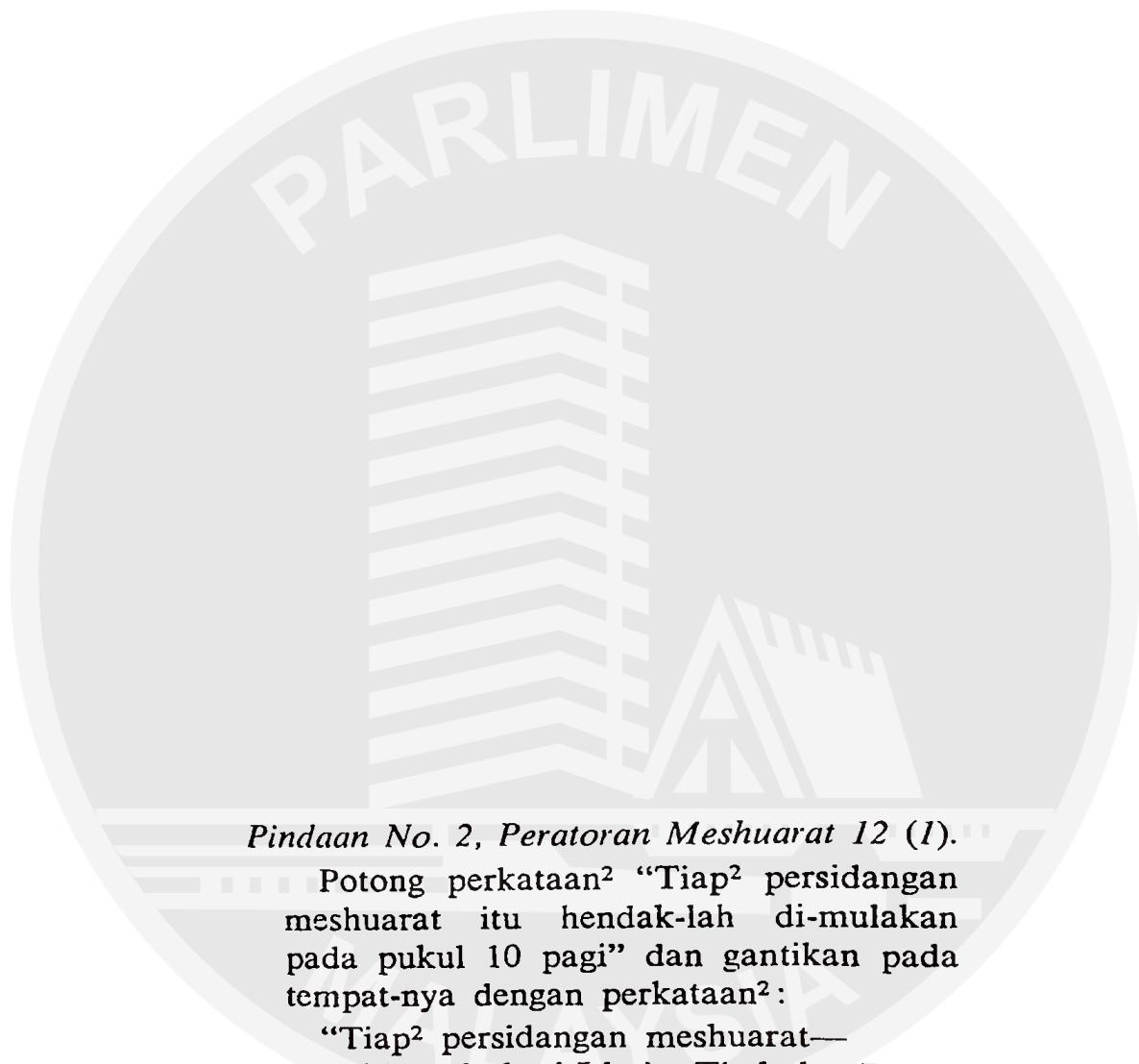
Tĕtapi di-sharatkan ia-itu jika Majlis Mĕshuarat telah di-tanggohkan dengan tidak di-tĕtapkan hari-nya hĕndak di-adakan mĕshuarat akan datang, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah mĕnetapkan hari mĕshuarat; dan jika dĕmikian Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis hĕndak-lah mĕnghantar kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli suatu pĕmbĕritahu bersurat mĕnyatakan

pērkara<sup>2</sup> yang bēsar, maka Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mēmberi kēputusan dan uchapan itu hēndak-lah di-chap mēngikut sa-bagai-mana yang di-putuskan-nya. Kēputusan Yang di-Pērtua dalam pērkara ini ada-lah mu'tamad dan akan di-bēri tahu kapada ahli itu.

**11.** (1) Pērsidangan<sup>2</sup> Majlis hēndak-lah di-adakan di-mana<sup>2</sup> tēmpat, dan mēshuarat yang mula<sup>2</sup> bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> penggal Majlis, hēndak-lah di-buka pada apa<sup>2</sup> hari dan waktu yang di-tētapkan oleh Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sēri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pērtuan Agong.

(2) Kēchuali mēshuarat yang pērtama dalam tiap<sup>2</sup> penggal Parlimēn dan dēngan tērta'alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> pērēnggan (3) dibawah ini mēshuarat<sup>2</sup> Majlis hēndak-lah di-mulakan pada apa<sup>2</sup> hari yang di-tētapkan oleh Majlis Mēshuarat:

Tētapi di-sharatkan ia-itu jika Majlis Mēshuarat tēlah di-tanggohkan dēngan tidak di-tētapkan hari-nya hēndak di-adakan mēshuarat akan datang, maka Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mēnetapkan hari mēshuarat; dan jika dēmikian Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah mēnghantar kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli suatu pēmbēritahu bersurat mēnyatakan



*Pindaan No. 2, Peratoran Meshuarat 12 (1).*

Potong perkataan<sup>2</sup> “Tiap<sup>2</sup> persidangan meshuarat itu hendak-lah di-mulakan pada pukul 10 pagi” dan gantikan pada tempat-nya dengan perkataan<sup>2</sup>:

“Tiap<sup>2</sup> persidangan meshuarat—

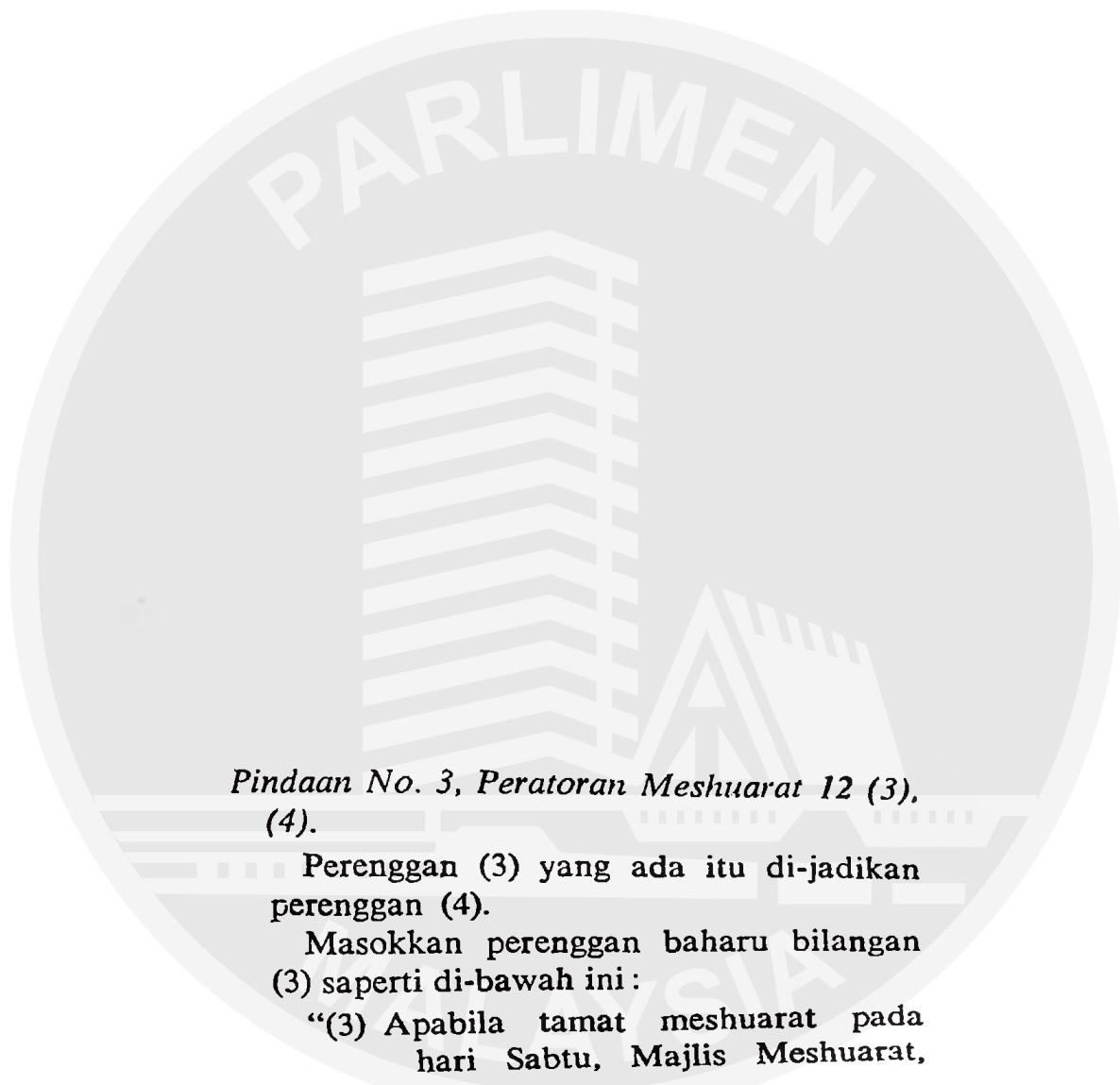
(a) pada hari Ithnin, Thalatha, Rabu, Khamis dan Sabtu hendak-lah di-mulakan pada pukul 10 pagi, dan

(b) pada hari Juma‘at pada pukul 9.30 pagi”,.

apa hari yang telah di-tetapkan, sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya empat belas hari daripada hari itu.

(3) Pada masa Majlis dalam tanggohan jika Perdana Menteri mema'alumkan kepada Yang di-Pertua ia-itu bagi fa'edah orang ramai mustahak Majlis mengadakan meshuarat dahulu daripada tarikh yang telah di-tetapkan, maka Yang di-Pertua hendak-lah dengan serta-merta mengeluarkan pemberitahu menyatakan berapa hari-bulan hendak di-adakan meshuarat itu dan Majlis hendak-lah mengadakan meshuarat pada masa yang disebutkan dalam pemberitahu itu. Urusan<sup>2</sup> bagi hari itu hendak-lah di-tetapkan oleh Perdana Menteri dan pemberitahu berkenaan dengan urusan itu hendak-lah di-hantar kepada ahli<sup>2</sup> tidak lewat daripada masa hendak di-adakan meshuarat itu.

12. (1) ~~Tiap kali sesebuah majlis~~ ~~meshuarat itu~~ Persidangan.  
~~budak bukan dilakukan pada pukul 10 pagi~~  
kechuali jika Majlis Meshuarat mengeluarkan perentah lain; dan hendak-lah di-jalankan sampai pukul 4.30 petang kechuali jika Majlis telah di-tanggohkan trellebeh dahulu daripada itu, atau sa-hingga pukul 5 petang ia-itu pada mana<sup>2</sup> hari usul menanggohkan



*Pindaan No. 3, Peratoran Meshuarat 12 (3),  
(4).*

Perenggan (3) yang ada itu di-jadikan perenggan (4).

Masokkan perenggan baharu bilangan (3) saperti di-bawah ini:

“(3) Apabila tamat meshuarat pada hari Sabtu, Majlis Meshuarat,

dengan tidak di-kemuka bagi di-putuskan, hendak-lah ditanggohkan sa-hingga hari Ithnin yang berikut kechuali jika Majlis ada mengeluarkan perentah lain.”

puloh ḫenam orang ahli dĕngan tidak tĕrmasok Pĕngĕrusi.

(2) Jika siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli mĕnarek pĕrhatian Pĕngĕrusi miĕngatakan tidak chukup-bilang, maka hĕndak-lah di-panggil ahli<sup>2</sup> di-luar Dewan Mĕshuarat sa-olah<sup>2</sup> mĕmanggil ahli kĕrana hĕndak di-adakan bĕlah-bahagian.

(3) Sa-tĕlah di-panggil ahli<sup>2</sup> itu, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua, sa-lĕpas gĕnap dua menet, hĕndak-lah mĕmbilang bĕrpa orang ahli dalam Majlis Mĕshuarat; jika tidak chukup-bilang juga maka hĕndak-lah di-tanggoh-kan-nya mĕshuarat itu dĕngan tidak di-kĕmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh mĕshuarat.

(4) Sa-tĕlah di-panggil ahli<sup>2</sup> masa Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mĕshuarat bĕrsidang, maka Pĕngĕrusi, sa-lĕpas dua menet, hĕndak-lah mĕmbilang bĕrpa ahli Jawatan-Kuasa itu yang hadhir. Jika tidak juga chukup-bilang, maka Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕninggalkan kĕrusi dan Majlis Mĕshuarat hĕndak-lah bĕredar balek saperti asal dan Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah mĕmbilang bĕrpa orang yang hadhir. Jika masa itu chukup-bilang, maka Majlis Mĕshuarat hĕndak-lah sa-kali lagi bĕrsidang sa-bagai Jawatan-Kuasa; tetapi jika tidak chukup-bilang juga maka Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah

mēnanggohkan mēshuarat dēngan tidak di-kēmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh mēshuarat.

(5) Jika, mēngikut bilangan ahli<sup>2</sup> yang mēngambil bahagian dalam sa-suatu bēlah-bahagian, termasok ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tidak mēngundi, nampak pada Pengērusi tidak chukup-bilang, maka bēlah-bahagian itu ada-lah tidak sah dan urusan yang sēdang dibinchangkan itu hēndak-lah di-tanggohkan kapada pērsidangan mēshuarat akan datang dan urusan satu lagi hēndak-lah di-jalankan.

**14.** (1) Urusan<sup>2</sup> bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> pērsidangan mēshuarat hēndak-lah mēngikut atoran saperti di-bawah ini kechuali jika Majlis Mēshuarat mēnētakpan atoran lain :

- (a) Yang di-Pērtua masok ka-dalam Dewan Mēshuarat dēngan sa-chara-nya.
- (b) Do'a.
- (c) Ahli<sup>2</sup> baharu, mēngangkat sumpah.
- (d) Titah daripada Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sēri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pērtuan Agong.
- (e) Pēmashhoran daripada Yang di-Pērtua.
- (f) Rayuan<sup>2</sup>.
- (g) Pērtanyaan<sup>2</sup> kapada Mēntēri<sup>2</sup>.

*Pindaan No. 4, Peratoran Meshuarat 14 (2).*

Masukkan sa-lepas perkataan “usul” perkataan<sup>2</sup> “(oleh sa-saorang Menteri) yang akan di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath, dan”.

- (h) Permintaan hendak ménanggohkan Majlis Meshuarat kerana perkara kepentingan kapada orang ramai yang berkéhendak di-ségérakan.
- (i) Penerangan daripada Menteri<sup>2</sup>.
- (j) Uchap pujian.
- (k) Uchapan<sup>2</sup> ta'ziah.
- (l) Membéri penerangan sendiri.
- (m) Membawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Kerajaan ka-dalam meshuarat.
- (n) Usul<sup>2</sup> berkénaan dengan Atoran Urusan Meshuarat (hendak-lah di-keluarkan oleh Menteri).
- (o) Usul<sup>2</sup> hendak mengemukakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>.
- (p) Urusan<sup>2</sup> 'am.

(2) Majlis Meshuarat dengan di-keluarkan usul yang tidak berkéhendak di-keluarkan pembéritahu těrlébeh dahulu boleh menutuskan hendak menjalankan mana<sup>2</sup> urusan dengan tidak mengikut atoran yang ělah di-tetapkan. Usul ini hendak-lah diahulukan daripada urusan<sup>2</sup> lain.

**15.** (1) Pada tiap<sup>2</sup> hari persidangan Susunan  
Urusan  
Meshuarat mēshuarat, urusan Kerajaan hendak-lah di-dahulukan daripada urusan<sup>2</sup> lain.

(2) Urusan Kerajaan hendak-lah di-ator-kan mengikut sa-bagaimana yang baik pada

*Pindaan No. 5, Peratoran Meshuarat 15.*

Masokkan perenggan (5) sa-lepas pe-renggan (4), saperti di-bawah ini:

“(5) Usul sa-saorang yang bukan ahli Kerajaan yang telah di-chadang-kan dalam sa-suatu meshuarat tetapi belum putus, apabila penchadang-nya memberi tahu hendak di-sambong dalam me-shuarat akan datang, hendak-lah di-dahulukan daripada usul<sup>2</sup> lain yang hendak di-bawa oleh ahli yang bukan ahli Kerajaan.”

dan měma‘alumkan kapada Majlis Měshuarat sa-banyak mana tělah di-jalankan urusan<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa.

(3) Sa-tělah tamat pějalanan měshuarat měnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> pěrènggan (2), atau sa-tělah sělesai atau di-tanggohkan urusan<sup>2</sup> dalam Atoran Urusan Měshuarat, maka Yang di-Pěrtua hěndak-lah měnanggohkan Majlis, atau jika tělah di-keluarkan usul hěndak měnanggohkan Majlis měnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pěratoran 17, maka hěndak-lah Yang di-Pěrtua měmanggil sa-orang ahli Kěrajaan měnchadangkan “*Ia-itu Majlis Měshuarat ini di-tanggohkan sěkarang*”.

17. (1) Sa-tělah di-chadangkan “*Ia-itu Majlis Měshuarat ini di-tanggohkan sěkarang*” měnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> pěrènggan (3) dalam Pěratoran Měshuarat 16, siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli (sa-lain daripada ahli Kěrajaan) yang tělah měndapat kěběnarán hěndak měmběri uchapan, boleh-lah měngěluarkan uchapan kepada Majlis Měshuarat běrkěnaan děngan apa<sup>2</sup> pěrkara tadbir yang dalam tanggongan Kěrajaan dan Ahli Kěrajaan yang běrtanggong jawab běrkěnaan děngan pěrkara yang di-keluarkan itu boleh-lah měnjawabnya.

Usul  
Měnanggohkan  
Měshuarat—  
Akhir  
persidangan.

(2) Siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang hēndak mēngēluarkan sa-suatu pērkara mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam pērēnggan (1) hēndak-lah mēmbēri tahu dēngan surat kapada Yang di-Pērtua, tidak kurang daripada tujoh hari sa-bēlum pērsidangan mēshuarat yang hēndak di-kēluarkan pērkara itu. Dēngan sharat tēlah di-bēri tahu sapērti yang di-kēhēndaki ini, maka Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mēm-bēnarkan tidak lēbeh daripada dua orang ahli mēngēluarkan pērkara dēmikian ini pada satu hari pērsidangan mēshuarat, dēngan di-adakan undi bērsurat jika mustahak. Dalam pērkara ini Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mēngutamakan siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli atau ahli<sup>2</sup> yang bēlum ada mēngēluarkan sa-suatu pērkara di-bawah Pēratoran ini dalam pēnggal Majlis sēkarang ini.

(3) Sa-lēpas di-kēluarkan usul “*Ia-itu Majlis Mēshuarat ini di-tanggohkan sēkarang*” lama masa-nya yang di-bēnarkan bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> sa-orang ahli mēngēluarkan uchapan dan bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli Kērajaan mēnjawab-nya ada-lah tujoh menet sa-tēngah kēchuali jika Yang di-Pērtua bēnarkan lēbeh daripada itu bila<sup>2</sup> patut.

(4) Sa-tēlah sēlēsai pērjalanan mēshuarat sapērti yang dēmikian, maka Yang di-Pērtua

hendak-lah mengemukakan masaalah bagi di-putuskan oleh meshuarat “*Ia-itu Majlis Meshuarat ini di-tanggohkan sekarang*”:

Tetapi di-sharatkan ia-itu Yang di-Pertua hendak-lah menanggohkan meshuarat pada pukul 5 petang dengan tidak di-kemuka bagi di-putuskan oleh meshuarat jika masaalah itu belum di-putuskan lagi terlebih dahulu.

18. (1) Siapa ahli, sa-lain daripada ahli Kerajaan, pada waktu yang ditetapkan menurut Peraturan Meshuarat 14, boleh-lah berdiri di-tempat-nya dan meminta kewenangan hendak menchadangkan supaya ditanggohkan Majlis Meshuarat dengan tujuan hendak merundingkan perkara tertentu berkenaan kepentingan orang ramai yang berkehendak disegarkan.

Menanggohkan  
Meshuarat—  
Perkara tertentu berkenaan  
kepentingan  
orang ramai  
yang berkehendak  
di-segarakan.

(2) Sa-saorang ahli yang hendak meminta izin menchadangkan supaya Majlis Meshuarat ditanggohkan, hendak-lah mengeluarkan pembertahu bersurat kapada Yang di-Pertua berkenaan dengan perkara yang hendak dirundingkan-nya itu ia-itu sebelum meshuarat mula bersidang. Yang di-Pertua hendak-lah menolak permintaan itu kechualan jika dia puas hati ia-itu perkara itu ia-lah perkara tertentu, berkehendak

di-sĕgĕrakan dan bĕrkĕnaan kĕpentingan orang ramai.

(3) Jika Yang di-Pertua puas hati yang dĕmikian dan sama ada

(a) Majlis Mĕshuarat mĕmberi izin dĕngan tidak ada siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang mĕmbangkang; atau

(b) jika Majlis Mĕshuarat tidak mĕmberi izin, tĕtapi sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya lima bĕlas orang ahli bĕrdiri di-tĕmpat-nya mĕnyokong pĕrmin-taan itu,

maka usul ini hĕndak-lah di-tempohkan sa-hingga pukul 2.30 pĕtang hari itu juga dan pada pukul 2.30 itu, apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkară yang sĕdang di-jalankan oleh Majlis Mĕshuarat, hĕndak-lah di-tanggohkan sa-hingga chadangan mĕnanggohkan itu tĕlah di-putuskan atau sa-tĕlah sampai pukul 4.30 pĕtang, ia-itu yang mana dahulu di-antara dua ini. Apabila sampai pukul 4.30 pĕtang, maka chadangan mĕnanggohkan mĕshuarat itu, jika bĕlum di-sĕlĕsaikan lagi, ada-lah luchut dan pĕrjalanan<sup>2</sup> yang di-tanggohkan tadi hĕndak-lah di-tĕruskan dan di-uruskan mĕnurut pĕrenggan (4).

(4) Apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrjalanan yang tĕlah di-tanggohkan mĕnurut Pĕratoran ini boleh

di-teruskan sa-lēpas pukul 4.30 petang sa-lama masa chadangan mēnurut Pēratoran ini di-binchangkan; dan apabila sēmua pērjalanan mēshuarat dalam pērēnggan (3) tadi tēlah sēlēsai, maka mēshuarat hēndak-lah di-tanggohkan dēngan tidak di-kēmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh mēshuarat.

(5) Tidak lēbeh daripada satu usul mēnanggohkan mēshuarat mēnurut Pēratoran ini, boleh di-bawa pada satu hari pērsidangan mēshuarat.

**19. (1) (a)** Tiap<sup>2</sup> pērmintaan kapada Rayuan<sup>1</sup>. Majlis Mēshuarat hēndak-lah dēngan chara rayuan dan tiap<sup>2</sup> rayuan itu hēndak-lah di-bawa oleh sa-orang ahli dan ahli yang mēmbawa-nya itu tertanggong-lah ka-atas-nya mēnjaga ia-itu rayuan itu di-karangkan dēngan bahasa bēradab.

**(b)** Sa-suatu rayuan yang bērtujuan hēndak mēndapat pēmbērian, sanggupan atau pērbelanjaan daripada wang nēgēri atau mēmbatalkan hutang kapada Kērajaan atau mēmbebaskan chukai<sup>2</sup> yang kēna di-bayar oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> atau mēmbebaskan bayaran ganti rugi kērana kēhilangan wang hasil nēgēri, atau kērana mēmbatalkan, mēngubah atau mēmansokhkan apa<sup>2</sup> chukai, tidak boleh di-terima oleh Majlis Mēshuarat,

kēchuali jika tēlah mendapat sokongan dari-pada Kērajaan mēlaluī Mēnteri yang ditanggongkan ka-atas-nya bērkēnaan dengan hal ehwal kēwangan.

(2) (a) Jika tanda<sup>2</sup> tangan di-buboh pada lēbeh daripada sa-hēlai kērtas, maka permohonan rayuan itu hēndak-lah di-tuliskan di-kēpala tiap<sup>2</sup> hēlai kērtas itu. Sa-saorang yang tidak boleh mēnulis boleh-lah mēlētakkan chap jari-nya di-hadapan dua orang saksi.

(b) Dalam sa-suatu rayuan, tidak boleh di-sēbutkan apa<sup>2</sup> pērbahathan dalam Majlis Mēshuarat atau dalam mēshuarat Dewan Nēgara atau apa<sup>2</sup> usul yang di-chadangkan hēndak di-bawa ka-dalam mēshuarat kēchuali jika pēmbēritahu usul yang tērsēbut itu tēlah di-masokkan dalam Buku Mēshuarat.

(c) Sa-saorang ahli itu tidak boleh mēmbawa rayuan daripada diri-nya sēndiri atau rayuan yang di-sērtaï-nya tētapi rayuan dēmikian boleh-lah di-bawa oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli lain.

(d) Tiap<sup>2</sup> rayuan, sa-bēlum di-bawa ka-dalam mēshuarat, hēndak-lah di-tanda tangani pada pērmulaan-nya oleh ahli yang mēnjaga rayuan itu dan hēndak-lah di-sērah-kan sa-kurang<sup>2</sup> satu hari tērlēbeh dahulu

kapada Setia-Usaha Majlis. Setia-Usaha, sa-telah di-semak-nya surat rayuan itu, hendak-lah menyerahkan-nya kapada Yang di-Pertua minta di-perkenankan. Surat rayuan tidak boleh di-bawa ka-dalam mēshuarat sa-hingga telah di-sahkan dengan di-tulis perkataan<sup>2</sup>, “*Telah di-luluskan oleh Yang di-Pertua*”.

(e) Tiap- ahli, sa-bĕlum mĕmbawa sa-suatu rayuan, hendak-lah mĕmpĕsti dan mĕnuliskan di-kĕpala surat rayuan itu, berapa banyak bilangan tanda tangan kapada rayuan itu, dan hendak-lah puas hati ia-itu surat rayuan itu tidak mĕngandongi bahasa yang kurang adab kapada Majlis Mĕshuarat atau kapada Dewan Nĕgara.

(3) Sa-saorang ahli yang mĕmbawa sa-suatu rayuan ka-dalam Majlis Mĕshuarat boleh-lah menyĕbutkan dengan rengkas dan tĕpat akan maksud rayuan itu.

(4) (a) Boleh bagi siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli mĕnchadangkan supaya rayuan itu di-bachakan. Masa ia mĕngĕmukakan usul-nya hendak-lah di-terangkan-nya dengan rengkas dan tĕpat akan sĕbab<sup>2</sup>-nya ia mĕminta rayuan itu di-bachakan.

(b) Usul děmikian ini tidak di-benarkan di-bahath dan tidak di-benarkan siapa- ahli lain běrchakap berkěnaan dengan rayuan itu mělainkan jika hěndak menyokong dengan sa-chara-nya.

(c) Sa-tělah usul ini di-sokong maka hěndak-lah di-kěmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh měshuarat ada-kah rayuan itu hěndak di-bachakan.

(d) Sa-suatu rayuan, sa-tělah di-bawa ka-dalam Majlis měnurut pěrènggan 3 hěndak-lah di-edarkan kepada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilchan.

**20.** (1) Risalat<sup>2</sup> měshuarat hěndak-lah di-bawa ka-dalam měshuarat hanya oleh Yang di-Pěrtua atau oleh sa-orang Měntěri atau pěngěrusi Jawatan-Kuasa dan hěndak-lah di-hantar kepada Sětia-Usaha Majlis.

(2) Tiap<sup>2</sup> risalat měshuarat yang tělah di-těrima salinan-nya oleh Sětia-Usaha Majlis, hěndak-lah di-sifatkan tělah di-bawa ka-dalam Majlis Měshuarat dan di-pěrentahkan supaya těrběntang di atas Meja Měshuarat.

(3) Sa-tělah risalat<sup>2</sup> měshuarat di-bawa ka-dalam měshuarat maka hal itu hěndak-lah di-masokkan dalam buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pěrjalanan Měshuarat bagi hari risalat itu

di-bawa atau bagi hari mēshuarat yang akan datang, jika Majlis Mēshuarat tidak bē-sidang.

**21.** (1) Pērtanyaan<sup>2</sup> boleh-lah di-arahkan Pērtanyaan<sup>1</sup>, kapada Mēntēri<sup>2</sup> bērkēnaan dēngan:

- (a) hal<sup>2</sup> yang dalam urusan jawatan mēreka; atau
- (b) Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau usul atau lain<sup>2</sup> pērkara orang ramai yang bēr-kaitan dēngan urusan Majlis Mēshuarat yang dalam tang-gongan Mēntēri itu.

(2) Pērtanyaan<sup>2</sup> boleh juga di-arahkan kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, sa-lain daripada Mēntēri<sup>2</sup>, bērkēnaan dēngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, usul atau lain<sup>2</sup> pērkara orang ramai yang bēr-kaitan dēngan urusan Majlis Mēshuarat yang dalam tanggongan ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tērsēbut itu.

(3) Tujuan yang sa-bēnar-nya mēngēluar-kañ sa-suatu pērtanyaan ia-lah kērana mēndapat pēnērangan bērkēnaan dēngan sa-suatu pērkara hakikat yang dalam pēngē-tahuan istimewa ahli yang di-arahkan pērtanyaan itu.

**22.** (1) Sa-suatu pērtanyaan itu tidak boleh di-kēluarkan dēngan tidak di-kēluar-kan pēmbēritahu tērlēbeh dahulu kēchuali

Pēmbēritahu  
bērkēnaan  
dēngan  
Pērtanyaan<sup>1</sup>.

jika pada timbangan Yang di-Pertua pertanyaan itu hendak di-segerakan dan ada kena-mengena dengan perkara kepentingan orang ramai atau dengan Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat dan ahli itu telah mendapat kebenaran daripada Yang di-Pertua hendak mengeluarkan pertanyaan itu.

(2) Pēmbēritahu berkēnaan dengan tiap-pertanyaan hendak-lah di-kēluarkan oleh sa-saorang ahli itu dengan bertulis tidak kurang daripada empat belas hari daripada hari yang di-kēhendaki jawab-nya :

(a) masa mēshuarat bērsidang, dengan di-sērahkan kepada Sētia-Usaha Majlis;

(b) masa mēshuarat tidak bērsidang, dengan di-sērahkan kepada pejabat Sētia-Usaha dalam masa kērja.

(3) Jika sa-saorang ahli itu bērkēhendakan pertanyaan-nya di-bēri jawab mulut maka hendak-lah di-tandakan-nya pēmbēritahu-nya itu dengan perkataan “*Jawab Mulut*”. Tidak lēbeh daripada tiga pertanyaan boleh di-tandakan “*Jawab Mulut*” oleh sa-saorang ahli bagi satu hari mēshuarat. Yang di-Pertua, jika baik pada timbangan-nya, boleh memerentahkan apa<sup>2</sup>



*Pindaan No. 6, Peratoran Meshuarat 23 (1)*  
*(c).*

- Potong perkataan “menggiat” dan gantikan pada tempat-nya dengan perkataan “mengelirukan”.

pertanyaan yang bertanda “*Jawab Mulut*” itu di-jawab dengan bersurat.

23. (1) Tiap<sup>2</sup> pertanyaan itu hendak-lah Isi<sup>2</sup> pertanyaan n ménepati pératoran<sup>2</sup> yang tersébut di-bawah ini :

- (a) dalam sa-suatu pertanyaan itu tidak boleh di-masukkan nama sa-saorang atau kata<sup>2</sup> yang sa-benar-nya tidak mustahak bagi ménérangkan maksud pertanyaan itu;
- (b) jika sa-suatu pertanyaan itu mengandungi sa-suatu kata<sup>2</sup>, maka ahli yang bertanya itu hendak-lah bertanggong jawab bétul atau tidak kata<sup>2</sup> itu;
- (c) sa-suatu pertanyaan itu tidak boleh mengandungi apa<sup>2</sup> hujah, sangkaan, fikiran, tohmah, puji atau kěji atau mengandungi kalimah<sup>2</sup> ~~.....~~, menyindir atau ményakitkan hati;
- (d) sa-suatu pertanyaan itu tidak boleh menyebutkan pérbahathan<sup>2</sup> atau jawapan<sup>2</sup> pertanyaan<sup>2</sup> yang telah di-keluarkan dalam penggal Majlis sěkarang ini;

- (e) sa-suatu pertanyaan itu tidak boleh menyebutkan perjalanan Jawatan-Kuasa yang belum di-ma'alumkan kepada Majlis;
- (f) sa-suatu pertanyaan itu tidak boleh meminta keterangan berkaitan dengan apa<sup>2</sup> perkara rahsia;
- (g) sa-suatu pertanyaan itu tidak bolch di-karangkan chakapnya sa-kira-harus menggelenchongkan perkara yang sedang di-bicharakan oleh Mahkamah dan tidak boleh ditanya berkaitan dengan apa<sup>2</sup> perkara yang dalam timbangan Mahkamah;
- (h) sa-suatu pertanyaan tidak bolch di-keluarkan dengan tujuan hendak mendapat buah fikiran atau hendak mendapat penyeliasian berkaitan dengan perkara undang<sup>2</sup> yang belum menjadi masaalah atau kerana hendak mendapat jawab dalam perkara yang dimithal<sup>2</sup>kan sahaja;
- (i) sa-suatu pertanyaan tidak boleh di-keluarkan berkaitan dengan betul atau tidaknya penyelesaian<sup>2</sup>

*Pindaan No. 7, Peratoran Meshuarat 23 (1).*

Perenggan (k) sampai (n) jadikan perenggan (m) sampai (p) dan masukkan perenggan<sup>2</sup> baharu saperti di-bawah ini:

“(k) sa-suatu pertanyaan tidak boleh mengandungi apa<sup>2</sup> sebutan kurang adab berkenaan dengan sa-sabuah negeri asing yang baik perhubungan-nya dengan Persekutuan Tanah Melayu;

(l) sa-suatu pertanyaan tidak boleh mengandungi perkara<sup>2</sup> yang berkehendakkan penerangan berkenaan dengan hal ehwal dalam sa-sabuah negeri asing.”

dalam surat<sup>2</sup> khabar atau pĕnĕ-rangan<sup>2</sup> yang di-kĕluarkan oleh sa-saorang bagi diri-nya sĕndiri atau pĕnĕrangan badan<sup>2</sup> kĕ-wangan;

- (j) sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan tidak boleh di-kĕluarkan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan sifat atau kĕlakuan siapa<sup>2</sup> mĕlain-kan sifat dan kĕlakuan-nya dalam mĕnjalankn urusan<sup>2</sup> jawatan-nya atau urusan<sup>2</sup> pĕkĕrjaan bĕkhid-mat kapada nĕgĕri;
- (k) sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan tidak boleh
- (l) di-kĕluarkan, mĕmbayangkan sifat atau kĕlakuan sa-saorang jika kĕlakuan-nya itu hanya boleh di-soal dĕngan mĕngĕluarkan satu usul bersĕndiri dalam mĕshuarat;
- (m) sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan tidak boleh
- (n) di-kĕluarkan, mĕminta kĕtĕrangan yang ada dalam surat<sup>2</sup> yang boleh di-dapati atau yang ada dalam buku<sup>2</sup> hurai-an;
- (o) sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan yang mĕnudoh atau yang mĕmbayangkan tudohan terhadap sifat diri sa-saorang itu tidak di-bĕnarkan;

(p) (n) sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan yang tĕlah di bĕri jawapan pĕnloh tidak bole di-kĕluarkan sa-kali lagi dalam pĕnggal majlis sĕkarang ini.

(2) Apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrtanyaan yang tĕlah di-bĕ be tahu kapada Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis atau yang tĕlah di-minta kĕbĕnaran hĕndak di-kĕluakan dĕngan tidak di-dahulukan dĕng pĕmbĕritahu, jika pada timbangan Yang di-Pĕrtua mĕnyalahi hak boleh mĕngĕluark pĕrtanyaan atau tĕlah di-kĕluarkan dĕng sĕngaja hĕndak mĕnghalang atau mĕrosakan atoran pĕrjalanan Majlis Mĕshua! atau mĕlanggar apa<sup>2</sup> sharat Pĕratoran maka boleh-lah Yang di-Pĕrtua mĕngĕlu kan pĕrentah:

(a) bĕrkĕhĕndakkan pĕrtanyaan itu chap atau di-kĕluarkan dĕng apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan yang di-pĕrentah oleh Yang di-Pĕrtua; atau

(b) bĕrkĕhĕndakkan ahli yang nĕ luarkan pĕrtanyaan itu tahu ia-itu pĕrtanyaan-nya di-bĕnarkan.

(3) Jika sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan itu di-bĕnarkan oleh Yang di-Pĕrtua, mĕ

PARLIMEN



“atau menaikkan perasaan bersakit<sup>2</sup> hati  
atau bermusoh<sup>2</sup>an di-antara satu kaum  
dengan satu kaum dalam Persekutuan  
Tanah Melayu.”.

(Di-luluskan pada 22/11/62 dan berjalan kuatkuasa-nya  
pada 23/12/62)

MALAYSIA

yang mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan itu hĕndak-lah di-bĕri tahu dĕngan surat oleh Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis dĕngan di-tĕrangkan sĕbab-nya tidak di-bĕnarkan itu.

(4) Walau apa juu sharat yang di-sĕbutkan dahulu daripada ini, sa-saorang Mĕntĕri yang di-arahkan sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan ka-pada-nya, dĕngan di-pĕrkĕnankan oleh Yang di-Pĕrtua, boleh ēnggan mĕnjawab pĕrtanyaan itu oleh sĕbab hĕndak mĕmĕ-lihara fa'edah orang ramai, dan keĕngganan-nya mĕnjawab itu tidak boleh di-bahathkan atau di-soal.

24. (1) Jika sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan itu bĕr-kĕhĕndakkan jawab mulut dan Yang di-Pĕrtua tidak mĕmĕrentah supaya di-kĕluarkan jawab bĕrtulis, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua, apabila sampai kapada pĕrtanya-an itu dalam Atoran Urusan Mĕshuarat, hĕndak-lah mĕmanggil ahli yang tertulis nama-nya pada pĕrtanyaan itu. Ahli yang di-panggil itu hĕndak-lah bĕrdiri pada tĕmpat-nya, dan mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan itu dĕngan mĕnyebutkan bilangan pĕr-tanyaan-nya dalam Atoran Urusan Mĕ-shuarat. Mĕntĕri yang di-arahkan pĕr-tanyaan itu hĕndak-lah mĕnjawab-nya.

Chara  
mĕngĕluarkan  
pĕrtanyaan dan  
mĕnjawab  
pĕrtanyaan.

(2) Jika sa-saorang ahli yang hĕndak mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan mĕminta jawab mulut itu tidak bangun mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan-nya, maka siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli lain boleh-lah mĕngambil pĕrtanyaan itu di-jadikan pĕrtanyaan-nya sĕndiri dan boleh-lah ia bĕrdiri di-tĕmpat-nya dan mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan itu mĕngikut saperti yang di-tĕtapkan di atas tadi; tĕtapi jika tiada siapa yang bĕrdiri di-tĕmpat-nya mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan itu, maka Mĕnteri yang di-arahkan pĕrtanyaan itu boleh-lah mĕnhantar salinan jawapan pĕrtanyaan itu kapada ahli yang bĕrtanya itu dan kapada Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis dan Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis hĕndak-lah mĕnguruskan supaya jawapan itu di-masokkan dalam Pĕnyata Rasmi Mĕshuarat.

Tĕtapi di-sharatkan, ia-itu pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa jua sa-bĕlum Yang di-Pĕrtua mĕ-manggil ahli, ahli itu boleh menyatakan maksud-nya hĕndak mĕnanggohkan pĕrtanyaan-nya itu kapada pĕrsidangan hari lain dan boleh juga di-tarek-nya balek pĕrtanyaan-nya itu.

(3) Yang di-Pĕrtua boleh mĕmbĕnarkan ahli<sup>2</sup> mĕngĕluarkan pĕrtanyaan<sup>2</sup> tambahan, bagi maksud mĕnĕrangkan apa<sup>2</sup> butir pĕr-kara yang tĕlah di-bĕri jawab mulut tĕtapi

boleh-lah di-tahan-nya apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrtanyaan dĕmikian jika pada timbangan-nya pĕrtanyaan itu mĕndatangkan pĕrkara yang tidak bĕrkait dĕngan pĕrtanyaan asal atau yang mĕlanggar apa<sup>2</sup> sharat Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 23.

(4) Sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan itu tidak boleh di-jadikan hĕlah hĕndak bĕrbahath.

(5) Pĕrtanyaan<sup>2</sup> itu, sa-lain daripada pĕrtanyaan<sup>2</sup> tambahan yang terbit daripada pĕrtanyaan yang telah di-keluarkan dan yang di-bĕnarkan oleh Yang di-Pĕrtua, tidak boleh di-keluarkan lagi lĕpas daripada satu jam daripada pĕrmulaan Waktu Pĕrtanyaan<sup>2</sup>.

(6) Jika sa-suatu pĕrtanyaan itu tidak bĕrkĕhĕndakkan jawab mulut atau jika jawab bĕrtulis sudah di-pĕrentah di-keluarkan mĕnurut pĕrĕnggan (3) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 22, maka Mĕnteri yang di-arahkan pĕrtanyaan itu hĕndak-lah mĕnghantar salinan jawapan itu kapada ahli yang bĕrtanya dan kapada Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis dan Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis hĕndak-lah mĕnguruskan supaya jawapan itu di-masokkan dalam Pĕnyata Rasmi Mĕshuarat.

**25. Dĕngan ihsan Majlis Mĕshuarat dan dĕngan izin Yang di-Pĕrtua, sa-saorang ahli boleh-lah mĕngĕluarkan pĕnĕrangan sĕndiri.**

pada waktu yang di-tetapkan ménurut Pératoran Měshuarat 14 sunggoh pun pada masa itu tidak ada pěrtanyaan dalam Majlis Měshuarat; tetapi tidak boleh di-keluarkan pěrkara<sup>2</sup> yang akan měmbangkitkan pěrtelingkahan dan tidak di-benarkan pěrbahathan berkčaan děngan pěněrangan itu. Isi pěněrangan yang di-chadangkan itu hěndak-lah di-hantar děngan sa-pěnoh-nya kepada Yang di-Pěrtua pada masa měminta izin hěndak měmběri pěněrangan itu.

**26.** Kěchuali jika ada sharat<sup>2</sup> lain dalam n Pératoran<sup>2</sup> Měshuarat ini, usul<sup>2</sup> yang hěndak di-bawa ka-dalam měshuarat hěndak-lah di-dahulukan děngan pemběritahu kěchuali usul<sup>2</sup> yang tersěbut di-bawah ini:

- (a) usul hěndak měminda chadangan yang tělah di-kěmukakan kapada měshuarat oleh Pěngěrusi;
- (b) usul yang di-bawa dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Měshuarat;
- (c) usul hěndak měnanggohkan Majlis Měshuarat atau apa<sup>2</sup> pěrbahathan;
- (d) usul hěndak měngambil apa<sup>2</sup> pěrkara dahulu daripada pěrkara lain děngan tidak měngikut susunan biasa;

- (e) usul daripada sa-orang Mĕntĕri mĕ-nurut sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan (1) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 7;
- (f) usul mĕnchadangkan supaya pĕr-jalan mĕshuarat bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan apa<sup>2</sup> urusan yang tĕrtĕntu di-bebaskan daripada sharat<sup>2</sup> Pĕr-atoran Mĕshuarat 12;
- (g) usul hĕndak mĕlantek Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan mĕnurut pĕrĕnggan (4) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 19;
- (h) usul hĕndak mĕnggantong kĕrja sa-saorang sa-bagai ahli;
- (i) usul hĕndak mĕmbatalkan undi sa-saorang ahli mĕnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> di-dalam pĕrĕnggan (5) dalam Pĕr-atoran Mĕshuarat 47;
- (j) usul hĕndak mĕngedarkan sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan mĕnurut Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 54;
- (k) usul hĕndak mĕnghantarkan balek sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang tĕlah di-ma' alumkan kapada Majlis oleh Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mĕshuarat;

- (l) usul hĕndak mĕnarek balek sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> mĕnurut Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 62;
- (m) usul hĕndak mĕnggantong kuat-kuasa sa-suatu Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat yang di-chadangkan mĕnurut Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 90 sa-tĕlah mendapat izin daripada Yang di-Pĕrtua;
- (n) usul hĕndak mĕngĕluarkan orang<sup>2</sup> luar;
- (o) usul hĕndak mĕnutup pĕrbahathan mĕngikut Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 40;
- (p) usul bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan hak dan kĕbebasan;
- (q) usul supaya sa-suatu rayuan itu di-bachakan, di-chapkan atau di-edarkan kepada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan;
- (r) usul supaya sa-suatu pĕnyata Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan di-edarkan kepada Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mĕshuarat.
- (2) Sa-suatu usul yang bĕrtujuan hĕndak—  
(a) mendapat pĕmbĕrian, sanggupan atau pĕrbĕlanjaan daripada wang nĕgara, atau

(b) mĕmbatalkan hutang kapada Kĕra-jaan, atau  
(c) mĕnibebaskan chukai<sup>2</sup> yang kĕna di-bayar oleh siapa<sup>2</sup>, atau  
(d) mĕnibebaskan ganti rugi kĕrana kĕhilangan wang hasil nĕgĕri, atau  
(e) mĕminta di-batalkan, di-ubah atau di-mansokhkan apa<sup>2</sup> chukai,  
tidak boleh di-jalankan kĕchuali jika tĕlah mĕndapat sokongan Kĕrajaan di-nyatakan oleh Mĕnteri yang bĕrtanggong-jawab bĕr-kĕnaan dĕngan hal ehwal kĕwangan.

**27.** (1) Dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat (atau mĕnurut kĕlaziman Majlis Mĕshuarat) jika sa-suatu pĕrkara itu bĕrkĕhĕndakkan pĕmbĕritahu, maka pĕmbĕritahu itu hĕndak-lah di-kĕluarkan :

- (a) pada masa Majlis bĕrsidang, dĕngan di-sĕrahkan pĕmbĕritahu itu di-Meja Mĕshuarat; atau  
(b) jika Majlis tidak bĕrsidang, dĕngan di-sĕrahkan pĕmbĕritahu itu di-Pĕjabat Sĕtia-Usaha dalam masa kĕrja.
- (2) Tiap<sup>2</sup> pĕmbĕritahu itu hĕndak-lah ditanda tangan.

Chara<sup>3</sup>  
mĕngĕluarkan  
pĕmbĕritahu.

(3) Kechualan sa-bagaimana yang di-sharatkan dalam Peraturan Mesyuarat 43 dan perenggan (5) dalam Peraturan Mesyuarat 86, apabila usul hendak-lah dikeluarkan pemberitahu tidak kurang daripada empat belas hari terlebih dahulu tetapi jika usul itu dengan nama Menteri, maka memudahkan dengan di-keluarkan pemberitahu tujuh hari sahaja terlebih dahulu, dan pula jika Yang di-Pertua puas hati saatelah diterangkan kepada-nya oleh sa-saorang Menteri ia-itu bagi fa'edah orang ramai sa-suatu usul itu mustahak dibahathkan dengan sa-bberapa segera-nya maka memudahkan di-keluarkan pemberitahu itu satu hari sahaja terlebih dahulu.

(4) Semua pemberitahu, sa-kira-nya dapat, hendak-lah di-chap, saiklostail (*cyclostyle*) atau di-taip dan di-hantar kepada ahli<sup>2</sup> tidak lewat daripada hari sa-belum hari persidangan mesyuarat yang hendak dibawa perkara<sup>2</sup> yang telah di-keluarkan pemberitahu itu.

(5) Jika pada fikiran Yang di-Pertua, sa-suatu pemberitahu yang ditenerima oleh Setia-Usaha Majlis itu melanggar apa<sup>2</sup> sharat Peraturan<sup>2</sup> Mesyuarat ini atau dengan

chara mana juu mĕnyalahi pĕratoran maka boleh-lah Yang di-Pertua mĕmĕrentahkan:

- (a) pĕmberitahu itu di-chapkan dengan apa- pindaan yang di-pĕrentahkan-nya; atau
- (b) pĕmberitahu itu di-kĕmbalikan kepada ahli yang mĕnanda tangani-nya dengan kĕrana pada fikiran Yang di-Pertua pĕmberi-  
tahu itu mĕnyalahi pĕratoran.

(6) Dĕngan tĕrta'lok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam pĕrenggan (5), usul<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang di-hantar kapada Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis, hĕndak-lah di-chap dan di-hantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>; dan berkenaan dengan pindaan ka-  
pada Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, hĕndak-lah di-ator, sa-bĕrpa yang boleh-nya, mĕnurut susunan hĕndak di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> itu.

**28.** Jika sa-saorang ahli hĕndak mĕngu-  
bah isi<sup>2</sup> sa-suatu usul yang terdiri dengan  
nama-nya, maka boleh-lah di-ubah-nya  
dĕngan mĕnghantarkan kapada Sĕtia-Usaha  
Majlis, satu pĕmbĕritahu mĕminda usul-nya  
itu tĕtapi di-sharatkan ia-itu pindaan itu,  
pada timbangan Yang di-Pertua, tidak  
mĕngubah asas atau tujuan yang tĕrkandong  
dalam usul itu pada perkara bĕsar<sup>2</sup>. Pĕm-  
beritahu mĕminda usul itu ada-lah mula

Mĕngubah isi<sup>2</sup>  
sa-suatu usul.

bĕrjalan daripada masa pĕmbĕritahu usul mula<sup>2</sup>.

Mĕnarek balek  
pĕmbĕritahu  
usul.

**29.** (1) Sa-saorang ahli, dĕngan mĕng-hantar pĕmbĕritahu bĕrsurat kapada Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis, boleh-lah mĕnarek balek pĕmbĕritahu usul yang tĕlah di-kĕluarkannya terlĕbeh dahulu.

(2) Apabila pĕmbĕritahu usul di-tarek balek saperti yang di-sharaikan itu sa-lĕpas usul itu di-masokkan dalam Atoran Urusan Mĕshuarat, maka Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis dĕngan sa-bĕrpa sĕgĕra-nya, hĕndak-lah mĕmbĕri tahu tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli mĕngatakan pĕmbĕritahu itu tĕlah di-tarek balek dan kĕmudian itu usul itu tidak boleh di-chadangkan tĕtapi hĕndak-lah di-biarkan dalam Atoran Urusan Mĕshuarat dan, apabila sampai masa-nya, Yang di-Pĕrtua atau ahli yang mĕmpĕngĕrusikan mĕshuarat, hĕndak-lah mĕmashhorkan ia-itu usul itu ada-lah di-sifatkan tĕlah di-tarek balek dan pĕrkara ini hĕndak-lah di-masokkan dalam buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pĕrjalanan Mĕshuarat.

Mĕminda  
usul<sup>3</sup>.

**30.** (1) Pada masa sa-suatu usul itu dalam timbangan Majlis Mĕshuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa Majlis Mĕshuarat, boleh-lah di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> jika pindaan itu bĕrkaitan dĕngan usul itu.

(2) Pindaan ini pula boleh di-chadangkan di-pinda jika berkaitan dengan pindaan asal.

(3) Sa-suatu pindaan itu tidak boleh mengeluarkan apa<sup>2</sup> perkara yang di-sharaskan oleh Pératoran<sup>2</sup> Majlis hanya boleh di-keluarkan dengan usul bersendiri sa-telah di-keluarkan pembēritahu.

(4) Sa-suatu masaalah, apabila di-kemukakan oleh Pengurus boleh-lah di-pinda ménurut semua atau mana<sup>2</sup> juu chara yang tersebut di-bawah ini:

- (a) dengan di-potong apa<sup>2</sup> perkataan supaya dapat di-masukkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> lain;
- (b) dengan di-potong apa<sup>2</sup> perkataan;
- (c) dengan di-masukkan atau ditambah perkataan<sup>2</sup> lain.

**31.** (1) Dalam Persidangan Majlis Mēshuarat, sa-suatu usul atau pindaan itu tidak akan di-kemukakan oleh Yang di-Pertua kēchuali jika usul atau pindaan itu telah di-sokong. Menyokong usul<sup>1</sup> dan pindaan<sup>2</sup>.

(2) Dalam Persidangan Jawatan-Kuasa, tidak di-kēhendaki penyokong.

**32.** Sa-suatu pindaan usul yang telah dikemukakan dalam Persidangan Majlis Mēshuarat atau dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sebuah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mēshuarat, hēndak-lah di-buat Pindaan<sup>1</sup> usul hēndak-lah dengan surat.

dengan surat oleh penchadang-nya, dan hendak-lah di-serahkan kepada Setia-Usaha Majlis, kecuali jika Pengurus mewenarkan tidak dengan bersurat.

Chara mewenarkan usul  
dan pindaan usul.

33. (1) Apabila sa-suatu usul itu telah di-chadangkan dan di-sokong, jika berkemendakkan di-sokong, maka Pengurus hendak-lah mengemukakan masaalah itu kepada Majlis Mesyuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa Majlis Mesyuarat sa-bagaimana tersusun chakap-nya dalam usul itu; sa-telah itu masaalah ini boleh-lah di-bahathkan dan, dengan terata'lok kepada sharat<sup>2</sup> Peratoran Mesyuarat ini, perbahathan ini boleh-lah di-jalankan sa-lagi ada ahli yang berhak boleh berchakap hendak berchakap.

(2) Apabila tidak ada lagi ahli yang hendak berchakap, maka Pengurus hendak-lah meminta keputusan Majlis Mesyuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa Majlis Mesyuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa Majlis Mesyuarat hendak-lah menyatakan keputusan-nya menurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Peratoran Mesyuarat 45.

(3) Apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan usul yang hendak di-chadangkan oleh sa-saorang ahli menurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Peratoran Mesyuarat 30, boleh-lah di-chadangkan dan di-sokong jika berkemendakkan di-sokong, pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa

sa-lēpas masaalah di-kēmukakan oleh Pēngērusi dan sa-bĕlum Pēngērusi mĕminta kĕputusan mĕshuarat sa-tĕlah habis pĕrbahathan. Apabila tiap<sup>2</sup> pindaan dĕmikian itu tĕlah di-putuskan, maka Pēngērusi hĕndak-lah sa-kali lagi mĕngĕmukakan masaalah bĕrkĕnaan dengan usul tadi atau masaalah bĕrkĕnaan dengan usul yang tĕlah di-pinda, ikut mana yang di-kĕhĕndaki, dan sa-tĕlah di-jalankan lagi apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrbahathan yang bĕrbangkitan, maka Pēngērusi hĕndak-lah mĕngĕmukakan masaalah itu kepada Majlis Mĕshuarat atau kepada Jawatan-Kuasa bagi di-putuskan.

(4) (a) Jika sa-suatu pindaan itu mĕnchadangkan di-potong apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkataan dalam usul itu, maka masaalah yang akan di-kēmukakan hĕndak-lah “*Ia-itu pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang di-chadang hĕndak di-potong itu hĕndak-lah di-potong daripada masaalah itu.*”

(b) Jika sa-suatu pindaan itu mĕnchadang di-masukkan pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> atau di-tambah pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> di-hujong sa-suatu usul, maka masaalah yang akan di-kēmukakan hĕndak-lah “*Ia-itu pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> itu di-masukkan di-situ*” atau “*di-tambah*”—ikut mana yang di-kĕhĕndaki.

(c) Jika sa-suatu pindaan itu mĕncha-dangkan di-potong pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> dan di-masokkan atau di-tambah pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> lain ganti-nya, maka mula<sup>2</sup> sa-kali hĕndak-lah di-kĕmukakan masaalah “*Ia-itu pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang di-chadang hĕndak di-potong itu hĕndak-lah di-potong daripada masaalah itu,*” dan jika masaalah itu di-sĕtujukan oleh mĕshuarat, maka hĕndak-lah di-kĕmukakan pula masaalah “*Ia-itu pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> itu di-masokkan di-situ*” atau “*di-tambah*”,—ikut mana yang di-kĕhĕndaki. Jika masaalah yang pĕrtama itu tidak di-sĕtujukan, maka tidak-lah boleh di-chadangkan apa- pindaan lain kapada pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang tĕlah di-putuskan oleh Majlis Meshuarat atau oleh Jawatan-Kuasa tidak akan di-potong.

(d) Jika sa-bĕlum di-minta kĕputusan mĕshuarat hĕndak mĕmotong apa<sup>2</sup> pĕr-kataan, Pĕngĕrusi di-bĕri tahu bahawa sa-orang ahli hĕndak mĕnchadangkan suatu pindaan mĕmotong sa-bahagian sahaja daripada pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> tadi, dan jika pada fikiran Pĕngĕrusi pindaan ini sa-bahagian bĕsar daripada-nya ia-lah pindaan baharu, maka Pĕngĕrusi, jika boleh, hĕndak-lah mĕminta kĕputusan mĕshuarat mĕmotong

sa-banyak mana perkataan daripada pindaan asal yang tidak di-kēnai oleh pindaan yang kedua; tetapi jika pindaan asal itu di-setujukan oleh meshuarat, maka semua sa-kali perkataan yang di-chadangkan dipotong dalam pindaan asal itu ada-lah di-sifatkan di-pérentah telah terpotong.

(e) Apabila dua atau lebih daripada dua pindaan di-chadangkan berkénaan dengan sa-suatu usul, maka Pengrusi hendak-lah memanggil penchadang<sup>2</sup> pindaan itu menurut dahulu kemudian-nya kalimah usul itu di-sebutkan dalam pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang di-chadangkan oleh mereka itu, atau jika tiada tentu siapa yang hendak di-dahulu atau siapa yang hendak di-kemudiankan, maka terpulang-lah kepada Pengrusi memutuskan: tetapi di-sharatkan ia-itu tiada boleh di-chadangkan apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan yang mengenai apa<sup>2</sup> perkataan yang telah di-putuskan oleh Majlis Meshuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa Majlis Meshuarat tidak akan di-potong daripada usul itu.

(5) (a) Apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan ka atas sa-suatu pindaan boleh di-chadangkan dan di-sokong jika berkéhendakkan di-sokong pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa sa-lpas pindaan asal itu telah



*Pindaan No. 8, Perakatan Meshuarat 34 (1).*

Potong perkataan<sup>2</sup> “tetapi di-sharatkan  
ia-itu tidak ada ahli yang tidak bersetuju.”

atau pindaan yang hēndak di-pinda itu tidak boleh di-tarek balek sa-hingga pindaan ka-pada usul atau pindaan ka-atas pindaan itu tēlah di-putuskan.

## PĒRATORAN<sup>2</sup> BĒRBHATH

35. (1) Sa-saorang ahli yang hēndak bērchakap hēndak-lah bangun di-tēmpat-nya dan apabila di-panggil oleh Pēngērusi maka hēndak-lah ia berdiri mēngarahkan uchapan-nya kapada Pēngērusi. Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh bērchakap mēlainkan satēlah di-panggil olch Pēngērusi.

(2) Jika dua atau lēbeh daripada dua orang ahli bangun sa-rēmpak, maka Pēngērusi hēndak-lah mēmanggil ahli yang dahulu sa-kali terpandang oleh-nya.

(3) Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh bērchakap lēbeh daripada sa-kali dalam sa-suatu masaalah kēchuali—

(a) dalam pērsidangan Jawatan-Kuasa; atau

(b) bagi mēnērangkan sa-suatu hal saperti yang di-tētapkan dalam pērēnggan (4); atau

(c) kērana mēnjawab kapada hujah<sup>1</sup> yang di-kēluarkan dalam pēbahathan ia-itu bagi pēnchadang sa-suatu usul bērsēndiri.

Masa dan  
chara  
bērchakap.

di-kemukakan dan sa-bĕlum di-minta ke-putusan mĕshuarat sa-telah habis pĕr-bahathan bĕrkĕnaan pindaan asal.

(b) Sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan (4) hĕndak-lah di-pakaikan kapada pĕrbahathan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan pindaan atas pindaan sa-kadarkan pĕrkataan “masalah” di-gantikan dĕngan pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> “pindaan asal” di-tĕmpat<sup>2</sup> yang patut di-gantikan.

(c) Apabila tiap<sup>2</sup> pindaan ka-atas pindaan itu tĕlah di-putuskan, maka Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕngĕmukakan pindaan asal atau pindaan asal yang tĕlah di-pinda itu, ikut mana yang di-kĕhĕndaki.

Mĕnarek  
balek usul<sup>2</sup>  
dan pindaan<sup>2</sup>.

34. (1) Sa-suatu usul atau pindaan jika di-minta oleh pĕnchadang-nya dan di-izinkan oleh Majlis Mĕshuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa boleh di-tarek balek sa-bĕlum dikemuka bagi di-putuskan oleh mĕshuarat, ~~tĕtapi di-sharatkan~~, ~~sesuai dengan ahli yang tidak bersatuju~~. Usul atau pindaan yang di-tarek balek demikian itu boleh di-chadangkan sa-mula tĕtapi di-sharatkan, jika usul, hĕndak-lah di-kĕluarkan pĕmbĕri-tahu mĕnurut Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> ini.

(2) Apabila pindaan ka-atas sa-suatu usul atau pindaan ka-atas pindaan tĕlah dikemukakan kapada mĕshuarat maka usul

Tetapi di-sharatkan ia-itu, dengan tidak hilang hak-nya boleh b̄erchakap kemudian siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli boleh menyokong sa-suatu usul atau pindaan dengan bangun di-t̄empat-nya dan menyatakan ia-itu ia b̄erchadang h̄endak menyokong usul atau pindaan itu.

(4) Sa-saorang ahli yang t̄elah b̄erchakap dalam satu<sup>2</sup> masaalah itu boleh b̄erchakap ménérangkan apa<sup>2</sup> p̄erkara besar dalam uchapan-nya yang t̄elah ménérbitkan k̄esamaran faham; tetapi tidak boleh dikeluarkan-nya p̄erkara<sup>2</sup> baharu.

(5) Sa-saorang ahli yang t̄elah b̄erchakap boleh b̄erchakap sa-kali lagi apabila suatu masaalah baharu di-k̄emukakan oleh Yang di-Pertua, umpama-nya chadangan h̄endak mendatangkan pindaan atau usul h̄endak ménanggohkan p̄erbahathian.

(6) Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh mém-bacha uchapan-nya tetapi boleh di-bachanya chabutan<sup>2</sup> daripada buku<sup>2</sup> atau surat<sup>2</sup> k̄erana h̄endak menyokong hujah-nya dan boleh di-tengok-nya p̄eringatan<sup>2</sup> bagi méningatkan balek apa yang h̄endak di-chakapkan-nya.

(7) Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh b̄erchakap b̄erkénaan dengan apa<sup>2</sup> p̄erkara yang ada dalam-nya fa'edah k̄ewangan yang t̄epat

bagi diri-nya, (sa-lain daripada pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> gaji mĕnurut apa<sup>2</sup> sharat dalam Pĕrlĕm-bagaan), jika tidak di-tĕrangkan-nya sa-banyak mana fa'edah bagi diri-nya dalam pĕrkara itu.

36. (1) Sa-saorang ahli hĕndak-lah mĕng-hadkan pĕrchangkapan-nya kapada pĕrkara yang di-binchangkan sahaja dan tidak boleh mĕngĕluarkan apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkara yang tidak bĕr-kait dĕngan pĕrkara yang di-binchangkan itu.

(2) Tidak bolch di-sĕbutkan apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkara yang sĕdang dalam timbangan mahkamah sa-kira<sup>2</sup> pada timbangan Pengĕrusi harus mĕrosakkan kĕpentingan<sup>2</sup> pehak yang bĕrbichara itu.

(3) Ada-lah salah pada pĕratoran mĕ-shuarat jika di-chuba mĕnimbangkan sa-mula apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkara tertĕntu yang tĕlah di-putuskan oleh Majlis Mĕshuarat dalam pĕnggal majlis yang ada sĕkarang, kechuali dĕngan di-kĕluarkan usul bĕrsĕndiri bagi mĕmbatalkan kĕputusan Majlis Mĕshuarat bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan pĕrkara itu.

(4) Ada-lah salah pada pĕratoran mĕ-shuarat bagi sa-saorang ahli mĕnggunakan bahasa biadab.

(5) Sa-saorang ahli tidak di-bĕnar mĕnyĕbutkan nama ahli lain.

(6) Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh mĕngĕluarkan sangkaan jahat ka-atas siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli lain.

(7) Nama Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sĕri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pĕrtuan Agong atau nama Duli<sup>2</sup> Yang Maha Mulia Raja<sup>2</sup> Mĕlayu atau Yang Tĕrutama Gubĕnor Pulau Pinang dan Mĕlaka tidak boleh di-gunakan bagi mĕmpĕngaroh Majlis Mĕshuarat.

(8) Kĕlakuan atau sifat Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sĕri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pĕrtuan Agong atau Duli<sup>2</sup> Yang Maha Mulia Raja<sup>2</sup> Mĕlayu atau Yang Tĕrutama Gubĕnor Pulau Pinang dan Mĕlaka atau Hakim<sup>2</sup> dan lain<sup>2</sup> orang yang mĕnjalankan kĕ'adilan mahkamah atau ahli<sup>2</sup> Majlis Pasokan Bĕrsĕnjata atau mana<sup>2</sup> Surohanjaya Jawatan Kĕrajaan yang di-tubohkan mĕnurut Bahagian X dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan atau ahli<sup>2</sup> Surohanjaya Pilehan Raya atau siapa<sup>2</sup> jua Ketua Nĕgara nĕgĕri<sup>2</sup> yang bĕrsahabat dĕngan Pĕrsĕkutuan Tanah Mĕlayu, tidak boleh di-sĕbutkan kĕchuali dĕngan di-kĕluarkan usul bĕrsĕndiri bagi maksud<sup>2</sup> itu.

A large, semi-transparent watermark of the Parliament of Malaysia logo is centered on the page. The logo features a circular design with the word "PARLIMEN" at the top and "MALAYSIA" at the bottom. In the center is a stylized building facade with horizontal lines and a central entrance.

¶ (11) Jika pada timbangan Yang di-Pertua bahawa apa<sup>2</sup> usul atau pindaan atau perbahatan yang akan di-jalankan lagi di atas usul atau pindaan itu tujuannya melanggar Peratoran ini, maka Yang di-Pertua berkuasa boleh menolak usul atau pindaan itu ikut mana yang dikehendaki, atau memberhentikan perbahatan itu dan memerentahkan supaya usul atau pindaan itu tidak boleh dibahathkan lagi.”

(9) Dalam apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrbahathan, tidak boleh di-sĕbutkan kĕlakuan atau sifat siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli<sup>2</sup> Parlimen atau siapa<sup>2</sup> pĕgawai Kĕrajaan salain daripada kĕlakuan pada mĕnjalankan urusan-nya sa-bagai ahli Parlimen atau pĕgawai Kĕrajaan.

(10) Ada-lah salah pada pĕratoran mĕnggunakan—

- (a) pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> dĕrhaka kapada nĕgĕri;
- (b) pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> mĕmbangkitkan pĕrasaan mĕlawan kuasa Kĕrajaan;
- (c) pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang harus mĕnaikkan pĕrasaan bĕrsakit<sup>2</sup> hati atau bĕrmusoh<sup>2</sup>an di-antara satu kaum dĕngan satu kaum dalam Pĕrsĕkutuan Tanah Mĕlayu.

37. Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh mĕngganggu ahli yang sĕdang bĕrchakap kĕchuali—

- (a) jika hĕndak mĕngĕluarkan tĕgoran bĕrkĕnaan pĕrkara tĕrtib mĕshuarat. Kĕtika itu ahli yang sĕdang bĕrchakap itu hĕndak-lah dudok dan ahli yang mĕngganggu itu hĕndak-lah mĕnarek pĕrhatian kapada pĕrkara yang hĕndak di-kĕluarkan-nya buat

pěngětahuan měshuarat dan di-serahkan-nya pěrkara itu kapada Pěngěrusi měmutuskan-nya; atau

(b) jika hěndak měněrangkan apa<sup>2</sup> pěrkara yang di-kěluarkan oleh ahli yang sědang běrchangkap itu dalam uchapan-nya děngan sharat ahli yang sědang běrchangkap itu mahu běralah dan dudok dan ahli yang hěndak měngganggu itu di-panggil oleh Pěngěrusi.

**38.** (1) Perbahathan atas apa<sup>2</sup> usul, sa-lain daripada usul hěndak měnanggohkan Majlis Měshuarat, dan perbahathan atas apa<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan, hěndak-lah běrkaitan děngan usul atau Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan itu.

(2) Perbahathan atas usul hěndak měnanggohkan Majlis Měshuarat hěndak-lah běrkaitan děngan pěrkara yang hěndak di-kěluarkan měnurut Pěratoran 17 atau 18.

(3) Dalam sa-suatu pindaan měnchadangkan hěndak di-potong apa<sup>2</sup> pěrkataan dan di-masokkan pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> lain ganti-nya, maka perbahathan atas masaalah “*Ia-itu pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang di-chadang hěndak di-potong itu hěndak-lah di-potong*” boleh těrmasok

pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang di-chadang hěndak di-potong dan juga pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> yang hěndak di-tambah atau di-masokkan.

(4) Dalam sa-suatu pindaan měnchadang-kan hěndak hanya di-potong apa<sup>2</sup> pěrkataan atau di-tambah pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> atau di-masok-kan pěrkataan<sup>2</sup>, pěrbahathan běrkěnaan děngan-nya hěndak-lah di-hadkan kapada pěrkara měmotong pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> itu sahaja, atau měnambah pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> sahaja atau měmasokkan pěrkataan<sup>2</sup> sahaja.

(5) Pěrbahathan atas apa<sup>2</sup> usul “*Ia-itu pěrbahathan di-tanggohkan sekarang*” atau usul dalam Jawatan-Kuasa “*Ia-itu Pengěrusi hěndak-lah měma’alumkan sa-banyak mana tělah di-jalankan pěrbahathan dan měminta izin hěndak bersidang sa-kali lagi*” hěndak-lah di-hadkan kapada pěrkara usul itu; dan sa-saorang ahli yang měngěluarkan usul itu atau yang měnyokong-nya tidak boleh lagi měnchadangkan atau měnyokong apa<sup>2</sup> usul yang sapěrti itu dalam pěrbahathan itu juga.

39. (1) Ada-lah salah pada pěratoran měshuarat měndahuluï pěrbahathan atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang ada dalam Atoran Urusan Měshuarat děngan měmbahathkan :sa-suatu usul běrsěndiri atau pindaan yang esama pěrkara-nya děngan isi Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>

Měndahuluï  
pěrbahathan.

itu atau dengan mengeluarkan perkara isi Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu masa di-chadangkan usul menanggohkan Majlis Meshuarat.

(2) Ada-lah salah pada pératoran meshuarat mendahului pérbahathan atas sa-suatu usul yang telah di-keluarkan pembertahu dengan membahathkan sa-suatu pindaan atau dengan mengeluarkan perkara yang sama isi-nya dengan perkara usul itu masa di-chadangkan usul menanggohkan Majlis Meshuarat.

(3) Bagi memutuskan ada-kah sa-suatu pérbahathan itu salah atau tidak pada pératoran meshuarat kerana mendahului pérbahathan meshuarat, maka Pengerusi hendak-lah menimbangkan ada-kah perkara itu harus akan dibawa dalam Majlis Meshuarat dalam tempoh yang menasabah.

Menutup  
pérbahathan.

**40.** (1) Sa-telah sa-suatu masaalah dikemukakan kepada meshuarat maka sa-saorang ahli boleh bangun di-tempat-nya dan menuntut menchadangkan usul “*Ia-itu masaalah ini di-putuskan-sekarang*” dan, jika pada fikiran Pengerusi usul itu tidak akan membawa pératoran<sup>2</sup> Majlis Meshuarat digunakan pada jalan yang salah atau melanggar hak<sup>2</sup> puak kecil maka masaalah

*“Ia-itu masaalah ini di-putuskan sekarang”* h ndak-lah di-k muka bagi di-putuskan dengan s rta-m rta dan di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath walau pun p nchadang usul yang mula itu atau p nchadang pindaan ka atas usul itu tidak ada p luang m njawab.

(2) Apabila usul *“Ia-itu masaalah ini di-putuskan sekarang”* t lah di-s tujukan dan masaalah asal t lah di-putuskan, maka siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli boleh m nuntut supaya apa masaalah lain yang t lah di-k mukakan oleh P ng rusi itu di-putuskan sekarang dan jika P ng rusi b rs tuju, masaalah<sup>2</sup> itu h ndak-lah di-minta m shuarat m mutuskan-nya dengan s rta-m rta dan di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath.

(3) Masaalah h ndak m nutup p rbathahan tidak boleh di-putuskan dengan di-s tujukan oleh m shuarat walau pun dalam b lah-bahagian Majlis yang di-adakan b rk naan dengan-nya ramai pehak yang b rs tuju daripada pehak yang tidak b rs tuju, k chuali jika nampak daripada bilangan p ngundi<sup>2</sup> yang di-mashhorkan oleh P ng rusi, tidak kurang daripada dua puloh orang l beh ahli yang b rs tuju daripada ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tidak b rs tuju.

Adab Ahli<sup>2</sup>  
yang tidak  
běrchakap.

**41. Masa měshuarat běrsidang:**

- (a) sěmua ahli<sup>2</sup> hěndak-lah masok ka-Dewan atau kěluar daripada Dewan atau membawa diri dalam Dewan děngan těrtib adab;
- (b) sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh mělintas ruangan di-tengah Dewan děngan tidak ada hal;
- (c) ahli<sup>2</sup> tidak boleh měmbacha surat<sup>2</sup> khabar, buku<sup>2</sup>, surat<sup>2</sup> atau lain<sup>2</sup>-nya kěchuali apa<sup>2</sup> yang ada kěnaměngěna těpat děngan urusan yang di-bahathkan;
- (d) sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh měrokok di-dalam Dewan Měshuarat;
- (e) masa sa-saorang ahli itu běrchakap, sěmua ahli<sup>2</sup> lain hěndak-lah diam dan tidak boleh měnganggu děngan chara kurang adab.

Měshuarat  
hěndak-lah  
diam bila  
Pěngěrusi  
běrchakap.

**42. Bila<sup>2</sup> ahli<sup>2</sup> di-těgor oleh Pěngěrusi běrkěnaan děngan pěratoran měshuarat atau bila<sup>2</sup> Pěngěrusi bangun masa di-jalankan pěrbahathan, maka siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang sědang běrchakap atau yang hěndak běrchakap, hěndak-lah dudok dan Majlis Měshuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa hěndak-lah diam supaya chakap Pěngěrusi boleh di-děngar děngan tidak těrganggu.**

**43.** Yang di-Pĕrtua dalam Majlis Mĕshuarat atau Pĕngĕrusi dalam Jawatan-Kuasa ada-lah tĕrtanggong ka-atas-nya mĕnjaga supaya pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mĕshuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa di-endahkan, dan kĕputusan-nya bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkara pĕratoran mĕshuarat tidak boleh diminta timbangkan sa-mula dan tidak boleh di-ulang kaji oleh Majlis Mĕshuarat kĕchuali dĕngan di-kĕluarkan usul bĕrsĕndiri kĕrana itu. Usul dĕmikian ini tidak bĕrkĕhĕndak di-kĕluarkan pĕmbĕritahu lĕbeh daripada dua hari tĕrlĕbeh dahulu.

Kĕputusan  
Pĕngĕrusi ada-  
lah mu'tamad.

**44.** (1) Pĕngĕrusi sa-tĕlah mĕnarek pĕrhatian Majlis Mĕshuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa kapada kĕlakuan sa-saorang ahli yang bĕrdĕgil<sup>2</sup> mĕnyĕbutkan pĕrkara yang tidak ada kĕna-mĕngĕna dĕngan pĕrkara mĕshuarat atau bĕrulang<sup>2</sup> mĕnyĕbutkan hujah-nya sĕndiri atau hujah<sup>2</sup> ahli lain dalam sa-suatu pĕrbahathan, boleh mĕmĕrentahkan ahli itu suroh bĕrhĕnti bĕrchakap.

Tĕrtib dalam  
Mĕshuarat.

(2) Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕmĕrentahkan siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang bĕrkĕlakuan haru-biru, kĕluar dĕngan sĕrta-mĕrta daripada Majlis Mĕshuarat hingga habis pĕrsidangan pada hari itu, dan Bĕntara Mĕshuarat hĕndak-lah

m&enjalankan apa<sup>2</sup> p&erentah yang di-t&erima-nya daripada Peng&erusi m&enurut P&eratoran ini; tetapi jika ada masa-nya, di-fikirkan oleh Peng&erusi kuasa<sup>2</sup>-nya m&enurut sharat<sup>2</sup> tadi dalam P&eratoran ini tiada chukup, maka boleh di-s&ebutkan-nya nama ahli atau ahli<sup>2</sup> yang b&erkelakuan haru-biru itu. K&emudian atoran yang di-tetapkan dalam p&ereng-gan (3), (4), (5) dan (6) h&endak-lah di-ikut.

(3) Bila<sup>2</sup> sa-saorang ahli itu t&elah di-s&ebutkan nama-nya oleh Peng&erusi sa-baik- t&elah di-lakukan-nya k&esalahan tidak m&eng-endahkan kuasa Peng&erusi atau k&esalahan b&erd&egil<sup>2</sup> dan d&engan s&engaja m&engganggu urusan m&eshuarat d&engan m&enggunakan P&eratoran<sup>2</sup> Majlis M&eshuarat pada jalan yang salah atau d&engan apa<sup>2</sup> jalan lain, maka, jika k&esalahan itu di-lakukan oleh ahli itu dalam Majlis M&eshuarat, suatu usul “*Ia-itu &Enche’ atau Tuan.....*  
*di-gantong kerja sa-bagai ahli Majlis*” h&endak-lah di-chadangkan d&engan s&erta-merta dan di-sokong oleh dua orang M&ent&eri yang hadhir. Yang di-P&ertua h&endak-lah d&engan s&erta-merta m&eng&emuka-kan usul itu bagi di-putuskan oleh m&eshuarat d&engan tidak di-b&enarkan di-pinda atau di-tanggohkan m&eshuarat atau di-bahath;

jika kēsalahan itu di-lakukan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mēshuarat, maka Pengērusi hēndak-lah dēngan sērta-mērta mēnempohkan pējalanan mēshuarat dan mēma'alumkan pērkara itu kapada Majlis Mēshuarat; Yang di-Pērtua sa-tēlah di-kēluarkan usul dēngan sērta-mērta, hēndak-lah mēngēkēmukakan masaalah itu kapada Majlis Mēshuarat bagi di-putuskan dēngan tidak di-bēnarkan di-pinda, di-tanggohkan mēshuarat atau di-bahath, sa-olah<sup>2</sup> kēsalahan itu tēlah di-lakukan dalam Majlis Mēshuarat sēndiri.

(4) Tidak lēbeh daripada sa-orang ahli yang boleh di-sēbutkan nama-nya sērēmpak, kēchuali jika dua atau lēbeh daripada dua orang ahli yang hadhir tēlah bērsama<sup>2</sup> tidak mēngendahkan kuasa Pengērusi.

(5) Jika sa-saorang ahli itu di-gantong kērja sa-bagai ahli Majlis mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pēratoran ini, maka ahli itu hēndak-lah di-pērentahkan oleh Yang di-Pērtua kēluar daripada Majlis Mēshuarat dan tidak di-bēnarkan masok hingga tamat mēshuarat.

(6) Jika sa-saorang atau dua atau lēbeh daripada dua orang ahli yang sama<sup>2</sup> mēlakukan kēsalahan dan yang tēlah di-gantong kērja mēnurut Pēratoran ini, engkar

měngikut pěrentah Yang di-Pěrtua mě-nyuroh kěluar, apabila tiap<sup>2</sup> sa-orang-nya di-suroh kěluar oleh Běntara Měshuarat měnurut pěrentah Yang di-Pěrtua, maka Yang di-Pěrtua hěndak-lah měnarek pěr-hatian Majlis Měshuarat ia-itu mustahak di-jalankan langkah kěras bagi měmaksa ahli<sup>2</sup> itu měngikut pěrentah-nya. Apabila ahli atau ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tělah di-sěbutkan nama-nya oleh Yang di-Pěrtua ia-itu engkar měnurut pěrentah-nya tělah di-kěluarkan daripada Majlis Měshuarat, maka děngan tidak di-kěmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh měshuarat, ahli<sup>2</sup> itu hěndak-lah těrgantong kěrja sa-bagai ahli Majlis sa-hingga habis pěnggal Majlis.

(7) Ahli<sup>2</sup> yang di-pěrentahkan kěluar měnurut pěrěnggan (2) atau yang tělah di-gantong kěrja sa-bagai ahli Majlis mě-nurut pěrěnggan (3) dan (6), děngan sěrta-měrta hěndak-lah kěluar daripada kawasan Dewan Měshuarat dan tidak di-běnarkan masok sa-hingga habis pěrsidangan mě-shuarat atau sa-lama tempoh měreka di-gantong kěrja sa-bagai ahli Majlis, ikut mana<sup>2</sup> yang di-kěhěndaki.

(8) Jika sa-kira-nya běrlaku haru-biru yang běsar dalam Majlis Měshuarat maka

Yang di-Pěrtua boleh di-tanggohkan-nya měshuarat jika pada fikiran-nya mustahak di-tanggohkan, děngan tidak měminta kě-putusan měshuarat; atau di-tempohkan pěrsidangan měshuarat sa-lama yang di-tetapkan-nya; jika sa-kira-nya běrlaku haru-biru yang běsar dalam pěrsidangan Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Měshuarat maka Pěngěrusi boleh měnempohkan pěr-jalanan měshuarat dan měma'alumkan hal itu kapada Majlis Měshuarat dan sa-tělah itu Yang di-Pěrtua boleh měnjalankan apa<sup>2</sup> langkah sa-olah<sup>2</sup> haru-biru itu tělah běrlaku dalam Majlis Měshuarat.

(9) Tiada apa pun dalam Pěratoran ini yang di-faham měnghilangkan kuasa Majlis Měshuarat boleh měnjalankan apa<sup>2</sup> langkah ka-atas siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli měnurut kětětapan Majlis Měshuarat.

**45. (1)** Děngan těrta' alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> Fasal (1) Pěrkara 89 dalam Pěrlěmbagaan dan Fasal (3) Pěrkara 159 dalam Pěrlěmbagaan dan děngan těrta' alok kapada Pěratoran<sup>2</sup> ini, Majlis Měshuarat, měnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> fasal (3) Pěrkara 62 dalam Pěrlěmbagaan, hěndak-lah měngambil kěputusan atas sa-suatu pěrkara itu měngikut pehak mana yang měndapat undi lěbeh; dan jika

Měmutuskan n  
masaalah".

sama banyak undi, maka Yang di-Pertua atau siapa<sup>2</sup> yang mēmpēngērusikan mēshuarat hēndak-lah mēngēluarkan undi pēmutus, tētapi ia tiada boleh mēngundi jika tidak sama banyak undi.

(2) Mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Fasal (5) Pērkara 62 dalam Perlēmbagaan, sa-saorang ahli yang tiada hadhir dalam mēshuarat tidak dibēnarkan mēngundi.

Undi dēngan suara.

**46.** (1) Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh bēchakap lagi atas sa-suatu masaalah yang tēlah sēlēsai di-kēmukakan oleh Pēngērusi bagi di-putuskan.

(2) Sa-suatu masaalah itu ada-lah sēlēsai di-kēmuka bagi di-putuskan apabila Pēngērusi tēlah mēngambil undi<sup>2</sup> yang bērsētuju dan yang tidak bērsētuju.

(3) Apabila masaalah itu tēlah di-kēmukakan oleh Pēngērusi kapada mēshuarat bagi di-putuskan sa-tēlah tamat pērbahathān, maka kēputusan hēndak-lah di-ambil dēngan mēnurut suara *Ya* dan *Dak* dan (dēngan sharat tidak ada ahli yang mēminta di-adakan bēlah-bahagian) kēputusan itu hēndak-lah di-mashhorkan oleh Pēngērusi.

(4) Jika timbangan Tuan Pēngērusi bēkēnaan dēngan kēputusan atas sa-suatu

masaalah itu di-lawan oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang měminta di-adakan bělah-bahagian, maka Pěngěrusi hěndak-lah měminta ahli<sup>2</sup> yang hěndakkan bělah-bahagian itu bangun di-těmpat masing<sup>2</sup>. Jika kurang daripada lima bělas orang ahli yang bangun maka Pěngěrusi hěndak-lah měmashhorkan kě-putusan itu děngan sěrta-měrta atau mě-měrentah di-adakan bělah-bahagian. Jika lima bělas atau lěbeh daripada lima bělas orang bangun kěrana itu maka Pěngěrusi hěndak-lah měměrentah di-adakan bělah-bahagian dan, sa-tělah di-kěluarkan-nya apa<sup>2</sup> amaran sa-bagaimana yang mustahak pada timbangan-nya, maka hěndak-lah di-lantek-nya Pěnghetong undi.

47. (1) Apabila bělah-bahagian tělah di-pěrentahkan, maka Pěnghetong undi hěndak-lah běrtanya pada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli pehak mana hěndak di-undi-nya. Sětia-Usaha Majlis hěndak-lah měmasokkan undi masing<sup>2</sup> ahli itu dan nama ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tidak měngundi dalam buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pěrjalanan Mě-shuarat.

Bělah-  
bahagian.

(2) Apabila sa-saorang ahli itu di-tanya pehak mana hěndak di-undi-nya dalam sa-suatu bělah-bahagian, boleh-lah di-jawab-nya měngatakan ia měngundi bagi pehak

*Bersetuju* atau bagi pehak *Tidak* atau dengan menyatakan *terang*<sup>2</sup> ia-itu ia tidak hendak mengundi. Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh memberi jawab yang berlawan dengan apa<sup>2</sup> ketetapan-nya yang di-keluarkan-nya pada masa di-adakan undi dengan suara bermuai<sup>2</sup>.

(3) Apabila tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli yang hadhir telah ditanya pehak mana hendak di-undi-nya, maka Pengurus hendak-lah menyebutkan berapa bilangan yang bersetuju dan berapa bilangan yang tidak bersetuju dan sa-telah itu hendak-lah di-mashhorkan-nya keputusan undi itu dan, jika di-kehendaki, Pengurus hendak-lah mengeluarkan undi pemutus.

(4) Jika sa-saorang ahli mengatakan ia telah mengundi dengan tersilap atau undinya tiada betul di-bilang, maka boleh-lah dituntut-nya minta di-ubah undi-nya itu dengan sharat permintaan itu di-keluarkan sa-baik<sup>2</sup> lepas Pengurus telah memashhorkan berapa bilangan undi bagi masing<sup>2</sup> pehak dan sa-belum Pengurus memashhorkan keputusan belah-bahagian itu.

(5) Sa-saorang ahli tidak boleh mengundi dalam sa-barang apa perkara yang ada dalam-nya fa'edah kewangan tepat bagi diri-

nya (sa-lain daripada perkara gaji ménurut apa<sup>2</sup> sharat dalam Perlēmbagaan) tetapi sa-suatu usul hēndak membatalkan undi sa-saorang ahli itu kerana ini hanya boleh di-keluarkan dengan serta-merta sa-baik<sup>2</sup> telah di-mashhorkan bilangan undi ahli<sup>2</sup> yang mēngundi. Jika di-setujukan usul ini oleh mēshuarat, maka Pengērusi hēndak-lah mēmērentahkan Sētia-Usaha Majlis mēm-betulkan bilangan undi<sup>2</sup> itu.

**48. Sa-saorang Mēntéri, sa-tēlah mēngē-luarkan pēmbēritahu, boleh mēmbawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dalam mēshuarat dēngan tidak bērkēhēndakkan mēndapat pērentah Majlis dan apabila di-bawa sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dēmikian ini, maka nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-bachakan oleh Sētia-Usaha di-Meja Mēshuarat dan sa-tēlah itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ada-lah di-sifatkan tēlah di-bachakan kali yang pērtama serta di-pērentahkan di-chap, dan di-tērima bagi di-bachakan kali yang kēdua pada hari pērsidangan mēshuarat akan datang atau pērsidangan mēshuarat kēmudian daripada itu:**

Tētapi di-sharatkan ia-itu bērkēnaan dēngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Pērbēkalan, pēmbēritahu hēndak di-bachakan kali yang kēdua

Pēratoran  
bērkēnaan  
dēngan Rang  
Undang<sup>2</sup>.

boleh di-keluarkan pada hari di-bawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ka-dalam mēshuarat.

49. (1) Dengan tērta‘alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Pērkara 67 dalam Pērlēmbagaan siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang bukan ahli Kērajaan yang hēndak mēmbawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, boleh mēminta izin Majlis hēndak bērbuat dēmikian, sērta mēnyatakan tujuan dan pērkara<sup>2</sup> bēsar dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu pada masa mēmbawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

(2) Tiap<sup>2</sup> pērmohonan dēmikian itu hēndak-lah dēngan chara di-keluarkan usul, dan ahli yang mēngēluarkan pērmohonan itu hēndak-lah juga mēnyampaikan kapada Sētia-Usaha Majlis suatu salinan usul-nya mēngandongi nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang di-chadangkan-nya itu.

(3) Apabila di-pērkēnankan pērmohonan itu sa-tēlah di-kēmukakan kapada mēshuarat dan di-sētujukan usul itu, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-sifatkan tēlah di-bachakan kali yang pērtama dan di-pērentahkan- di-chap; dan satu salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hēndak-lah di-sampaikan kapada Sētia-Usaha Majlis.

(4) Dengan tērta‘alok kapada Pēratoran Mēshuarat 51, Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hēndak-lah di-chap dan di-hantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup> dan,

dengan tidak di-bahathkan, terserah-lah Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini kepada Menteri yang berkenaan dengan perkara<sup>2</sup> atau tugas<sup>2</sup> yang terkandong dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu atau, jika tiada Menteri yang berkenaan, maka terserah-lah Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kepada Menteri atau ahli yang di-lantek oleh Yang di-Pertua; tidak boleh di-jalankan apa<sup>2</sup> langkah ka atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini sahingga Majlis menerima peryata daripada Menteri atau ahli itu.

(5) Sa-telah di-tenerima peryata yang disebutkan dalam perenggan yang lalu itu, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-tetapkan bagi di-bachakan kali yang kedua pada hari yang di-kehendaki oleh ahli yang menjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

50. (1) Manakala sa-siapa ahli ber-chadang hendak membawa sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang bertujuan menyentoh, atau yang mendatangkan keuntongan kapada sa-saorang, atau sa-suatu perselikutan, atau sa-suatu perbadanan yang tertentu (Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> demikian ini disebutkan dalam Peratoran<sup>2</sup> ini sa-bagai Undang<sup>2</sup> *Private*), pembéritahu berkenaan dengan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-keluarkan dengan jalan mengishtiharkan dalam Warta

Rang  
Undang<sup>2</sup>  
*Private*  
dan Rang  
Undang<sup>2</sup>  
Champoran.

Kĕrajaan suatu kĕnyataan mĕngandongi isi sa-chara ‘am dan tujuan<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan di-ishtiharkan juga kĕnyataan itu sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya dalam sa-buah akhbar di-Pĕrsekutuan, dan pĕrishtiharan<sup>2</sup> ini hĕndak-lah di-kĕluarkan sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya sa-bulan tĕrlĕbeh dahulu daripada hari hĕndak di-chadangkan usul mĕminta izin hĕndak mĕngĕmukakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu. Apabila di-pĕrkĕnankan pĕrmohonan hĕndak mĕmbawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu sa-tĕlah di-minta kĕputusan mĕshuarat dan di-sĕtujukan usul itu, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-sifat-kan tĕlah di-bachakan kali yang pĕrtama dan di-pĕrentahkan di-chap, dan suatu salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hĕndak-lah di-sampaikan kapada Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis; dan kĕmudian-nya, dĕngan tĕrta‘alok kepada Pĕratoran 51, Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-chap dan di-hantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>.

(2) Tiap<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> *Private* hĕndak-lah mĕngandongi suatu bahagian yang mĕmĕlihara hak<sup>2</sup> Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sĕri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pĕrtuan Agong, Duli<sup>2</sup> Yang Maha Mulia Raja<sup>2</sup> dan Yang Tĕrutama Gubĕnor<sup>2</sup> Pulau Pinang dan Mĕlaka, hak<sup>2</sup> sĕmua badan<sup>2</sup> siasah dan pĕrbadanan<sup>2</sup> dan hak<sup>2</sup> yang lain<sup>2</sup>,

kēchuali yang tersbut dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan badan<sup>2</sup> yang mēnuntut hak mēnērusi-nya atau daripada-nya atau dēngan nama-nya.

(3) Tiap<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> *Private*, dan apa<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> lain yang di-fikir-kan oleh Yang di-Pērtua ada mēnyēntoh hak<sup>2</sup> atau kēpēntingan<sup>2</sup> sa-saorang (di-sēbutkan dalam Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> ini sa-bagai “Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Champoran”), sa-tēlah di-bachakan kali yang kedua, hēndak-lah di-sērahkan kapada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan dan mana<sup>2</sup> pehak yang bērkēnaan yang tēlah tērlēbeh dahulu mēnghantar rayuan kapada Majlis mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pēratoran Mēshuarat 19, boleh-lah mēmbēri kētērangan kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan ini, sama ada dēngan sēndiri atau dēngan di-wakili oleh pēnasehat-nya.

(4) Sa-saorang ahli tidak di-bēnarkan jadi ahli Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan dēmikian ini sa-hingga ia tēlah mēmbēri akuan dan mē-nurunkan tanda tangan pada surat akuan itu mēnyatakan ia-itu—

(a) ia tidak ada fa’edah kēwangan bagi diri-nya bērkēnaan dēngān Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu; dan

(b) atas sa-barang masaalah yang harus akan timbul dan di-béri kĕtĕrangan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan-nya, ia tidak akan mĕngundi sa-bĕlum mĕndĕngar dan mĕnimbangkan kĕtĕrangan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan masaalah itu.

(5) Tiap<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan yang akan mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> *Private* atau Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Champoran ada-lah bĕrkĕhĕndakkan kĕtĕrangan haki-kat<sup>2</sup> dan lain<sup>2</sup> hujah yang di-sĕbutkan dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu mĕnunjokkan baik di-luluskan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan Jawatan-Kuasa itu boleh-lah mĕnrima apa<sup>2</sup> kĕtĕrangan mulut atau kĕtĕrangan lain<sup>2</sup> yang di-fikirkan-nya pĕrlu dan kĕmudian daripada itu jika di-dapati kĕtĕrangan<sup>2</sup> dan hujah<sup>2</sup> itu tidak tĕrbokti bĕnar-nya, Jawatan-Kuasa itu akan mĕma'alumkan pĕndapat-nya ini kapada Majlis.

(6) Jika Jawatan-Kuasa ini dapati kĕtĕrangan<sup>2</sup> dan hujah<sup>2</sup> itu tĕrbokti bĕnar-nya maka Jawatan-Kuasa itu hĕndak-lah mĕnĕruskan urusan-nya sapĕrti yang di-sharat-kan dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 58, dan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan sĕmuia pindaan yang di-pĕrbuat-nya Jawatan-Kuasa itu hĕndak-

lah mĕnĕrangkan tujuan-nya dalam sa-buah pĕnyata khas kapada Majlis.

(7) Bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> *Private* Jawatan-Kuasa itu tidak boleh mĕmbĕnarkan di-tambah apa<sup>2</sup> fasal baharu yang tĕrkĕluar daripada isi kĕnyataan yang di-kĕluarkan dalam Warta Kĕrajaan.

(8) Ahli yang mĕnjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan tĕrtanggong jawab ka-atas-nya mĕmbayar sĕmuă pĕrbĕlanjaan mĕmajukan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

**51. (1)** Sa-bĕlum di-chap sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis hĕndak-lah puas hati ia-itu— Susunan isi  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>.

- (a) Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ada tĕrbahagi kapada fasal<sup>2</sup> yang di-bĕri nombor bĕrturut<sup>2</sup>;
- (b) pada tĕpi tiap<sup>2</sup> fasal itu ada pĕr-kataan rengkas mĕnunjokkan isi fasal<sup>2</sup> itu;
- (c) Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tidak mĕngan-dongi pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> yang tidak bĕr-kaitan dĕngan apa yang di-maksudkan oleh nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu;
- (d) Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu mĕnĕpati sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat.

(2) Jika Sětia-Usaha Majlis tidak puas hati ia-itu sharat<sup>2</sup> pěrěnggan (1) tidak di-těpati dalam apa<sup>2</sup> jua pěrkara, maka ia hěndak-lah měmběri tahu Yang di-Pěrtua akan hal itu; dan jika Yang di-Pěrtua pun běrpěndapat děmikian maka ia hěndak-lah měměrentahkan Sětia-Usaha Majlis měmběri tahu ahli yang měnjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu měngatakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tidak boleh di-chap sa-hingga sharat<sup>2</sup> těrsěbut tělah di-těpati.

(3) Děngan sa-běrpa sěgěra-nya sa-tělah di-chap sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, Sětia-Usaha Majlis hěndak-lah měnghantar satu salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli di-sěrtakan děngan suatu pěněrangan rengkas běrkěnaan děngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

(4) Jika Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu měnyěbabkan wang něgéri di-bělanjakan, maka pěněrangan běrkěnaan děngan hal ini běrsěrtा děngan anggaran pěrbělanjaan itu hěndak-lah, jika boleh, di-hantarkan běrsama<sup>2</sup> děngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

Pehak<sup>2</sup> yang  
di-kěnai oleh  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>.

52. Bila<sup>2</sup> hak atau kěpěntingan<sup>2</sup> sa-saorang di-sěntoh oleh sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, maka sěmua pehak yang kěna itu, jika měreka měmbuat rayuan, boleh di-děngar rayuan-nya oleh Jawatan-Kuasa

yang mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan mĕreka ini boleh hadhir sama ada dĕngan sĕndiri atau di-wakili oleh pĕnasehat-nya.

53. (1) Jika hĕndak di-binchangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dalam pĕrsidangan atau mĕshuarat yang akan datang, maka pĕmbĕri-tahu hĕndak di-bachakan kali yang kĕdua mĕsti-lah di-kĕluarkan sa-baik<sup>2</sup> sahaja sa-lĕpas bachaan kali yang pĕrtama.

Bachaan kali  
yang kĕdua.

(2) Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> tidak boleh di-bachakan kali yang kĕdua sa-hingga tĕlah di-hantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>.

(3) Apabila sampai kapada pĕrkara mĕmbachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> kali yang kĕdua dalam Atoran Urusan Mĕshuarat, maka suatu usul “*Ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini di-bachakan kali yang kĕdua sĕkarang*”, akan di-kĕluarkan dan boleh-lah di-adakan pĕbahathan mĕliputi asas dan burok baiknya Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu pada ‘am-nya.

(4) Apabila sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-bachakan kali yang kĕdua, maka boleh di-chadangkan pindaan kapada masaalah, “*Ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini di-bachakan kali yang kĕdua sĕkarang*” itu dĕngan di-tinggal-kan pĕrkataan “sĕkarang” dan tambah di-hujong masaalah itu, “*ĕnam bulan dari*

*Pindaan No. 9, Peratoran Meshuarat 53 (4).*

Masukkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> “ganti daripada itu” sa-lepas perkataan<sup>2</sup> “enam bulan dari hari ini, atau”.

**55.** (1) Sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa yang tĕlah di-sĕrahkan kapada-nya satu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> tidak boleh mĕmbahathkan asas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tĕtapi hanya butir<sup>2</sup>-nya sahaja.

(2) Dĕngan tĕrta‘alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> Pĕrkara 67 dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan, Jawatan-Kuasa dĕmikian ini bĕruasa mĕmbuat apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan kapada Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu yang di-fikirkan-nya patut, tĕtapi di-sharatkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> itu (tĕrmasok fasal<sup>2</sup> baharu dan jadual<sup>2</sup> baharu) kĕna-mĕngĕna dĕngan pĕrkara isi Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu; tĕtapi jika apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan itu tidak sa-turut dĕngan nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, Jawatan-Kuasa itu hĕndak-lah mĕminda nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu bagi mĕnsesuaikan-nya, dan hĕndak-lah mĕma‘alumkan hal itu kapada Majlis.

**56.** Jika, sa-bĕlum tamat pĕrbinchangan atas sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis, sa-saorang ahli mĕngĕluarkan usul hĕndak mĕma‘alumkan kapada Majlis sa-banyak mana urusan tĕlah di-jalankan dan usul dĕmikian di-sĕtujukan, atau jika pĕrjalanan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis bĕlum tamat lagi pada pukul 4.30 pĕtang, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah mĕma‘alumkan kapada

Tugas<sup>3</sup>  
Jawatan-  
Kuasa yang  
mĕnimbangkan  
Rang Undang<sup>4</sup>.

Jawatan-Kuasa  
sa-buah<sup>5</sup>  
Majlis.

*hari ini*", atau boleh di-chadangkan suatu pindaan mēninggalkan sēmua pērkataan<sup>2</sup> sa-lēpas pērkataan "*Ia-itu*" kērana hēndak di-tambah pērkataan<sup>2</sup> bagi mēnyatakan tujuan dan sēbab<sup>2</sup> di-bangkang Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, tētapi pērkataan<sup>2</sup> yang hēndak di-tambah itu mēsti-lah bērkaitan bētul<sup>2</sup> dēngan asas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan tidak mēngēnai butir<sup>2</sup>-nya. Jika Majlis bērsētuju dēngan salah satu pindaan dēmikian ini, maka bachaan kali yang kedua Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan di-sifatkan tidak di-sētujukan.

Mēnyērahkan  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>  
kapada  
Jawatan-Kuasa.

54. Sa-tēlah di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> kali yang kedua, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan tērsērah kapada Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis kēchualи jika Majlis, dēngan di-kēluarkan suatu usul mēnyērahkan-nya kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan. Usul ini tidak bērkēhēndak di-kēluarkan pēmbēri-tahu tētapi mēsti-lah di-kēluarkan sa-baik<sup>2</sup> sahaja di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kedua, dan boleh di-chadangkan oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli; masaalah atas usul ini hēndak-lah di-kēmukakan sērta-mērta kapada mēshuarat bagi di-putuskan dan hēndak-lah di-putuskan dēngan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath.



*Pindaan No. 10, Peratoran Meshuarat 57 (2).*  
Masokkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> di-bawah ini  
di-pangkal perenggan (2):  
“Jika boleh, sa-barang pindaan yang  
akan di-chadangkan hendak-lah di-beri  
tahu satu hari terlebeh dahulu, dan”.

masa dalam pĕrbahathan atas sa-suatu pindaan yang di-chadangkan, Pĕngĕrusi boleh mĕnarek balek sĕmua pindaan itu daripada di-timbangkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa, jika pada fikiran-nya pĕrbinchangan itu tĕlah mĕnunjokkan ia-itu pindaan itu mĕlanggar sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan ini.

(4) Pĕngĕrusi boleh ēnggan mĕngĕmuka-kan sa-suatu pindaan itu kapada mĕshuarat jika pada fikiran-nya pindaan itu—

- (a) akan mĕnjadikan fasal atau jadual yang hĕndak di-pinda itu tidak tĕrang ma'ana-nya atau salah jalan bahasa-nya; atau
- (b) sia<sup>2</sup>; atau
- (c) jadi sa-akan<sup>2</sup> suatu chadangan hĕndak mĕninggalkan sĕmua sa-kali isi sa-suatu fasal dĕngan tujuan hĕndak mĕmasokkan sharat<sup>2</sup> lain.

(5) Sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan (4) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 33 hĕndak-lah di-pakaikan dalam pĕrbahathan atas pindaan<sup>2</sup> kapada Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, dan di-mana<sup>2</sup> jua di-kĕhĕndaki, pĕrkataan “usul” atau “masaalah” di-tukar-kan jadi “fasal”; dan apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan yang di-chadangkan atas pindaan dĕmikian itu

h ndak-lah di-s l saikan sa-b lum di-ambil k putusan atas pindaan asal itu.

(6) Sa-suatu fasal itu boleh di-tanggohkan k chuali jika apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan ka-atas-nya t lah di-putuskan. Fasal<sup>2</sup> yang di-tanggohkan itu h ndak-lah di-timbangkan sa-t lah s lesai di-timbangkan s mua fasal<sup>2</sup> yang tinggal lagi dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan sa-b lum di-bawa fasal<sup>2</sup> baharu.

(7) Apa<sup>2</sup> fasal baharu yang di-chadangkan h ndak-lah di-timbangkan sa-t lah s lesai fasal<sup>2</sup> dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan sa-b lum di-timbangkan apa<sup>2</sup> jadual Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu:

T tapi di-sharatkan ia-itu sa-suatu fasal baharu yang di-chadangkan untuk m ng-ganti sa-suatu fasal yang tidak di-s tujuhan itu boleh di-timbangkan sa-baik<sup>2</sup> sahaja di-tolak fasal yang s dia ada itu.

(8) Apabila di-bachakan nama fasal baharu itu oleh S tia-Usaha Majlis, maka fasal itu ada-lah di-sifatkan t lah di-bachakan kali yang p rtama. K mudian h ndak-lah di-k mukakan kepada m shuarat masaalah “Ia-itu fasal ini di-bachakan kali yang kedua”; jika di-s tujuhan masaalah ini, maka boleh-lah di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> ka-atas fasal baharu itu. Masaalah akhir

yang hĕndak di-kĕmukakan kapada mĕshuarat ia-lah masaalah “*Ia-itu fasal ini (sapĕrti yang tĕlah di-pinda) di-masokkan dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini*”.

(9) Jadual<sup>2</sup> hĕndak-lah di-sĕlĕsaikan sama sapĕrti mĕnimbangkan fasal<sup>2</sup> dan apa<sup>2</sup> jadual baharu yang di-chadangkan hĕndak-lah di-timbangkan sa-tĕlah sĕlĕsai jadual<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan chara mĕnimbangkan jadual baharu itu hĕndak-lah sama sapĕrti mĕnimbangkan sa-suatu fasal baharu.

(10) Sa-suatu pindaan boleh di-tarek balek dĕngan pĕrmintaan pĕnchadang-nya dan dĕngan izin Jawatan-Kuasa tĕtapi sharat-nya tidak ada ahli yang tidak bĕrsĕtuju dan juga pindaan itu bĕlum sĕlĕsai di-kĕmukakan kapada mĕshuarat bagi di-putuskan.

(11) Sa-tĕlah sĕlĕsai di-timbangkan tiap<sup>2</sup> fasal dan jadual dan tiap<sup>2</sup> fasal baharu dan jadual baharu, maka hĕndak-lah di-timbangkan pula pĕndahuluan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, jika ada, dan di-minta kĕputusan mĕshuarat atas masaalah “*Ia-itu pĕndahuluan ini (sapĕrti yang tĕlah di-pinda) jadi pĕndahuluan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu*”. Apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan atas pĕndahuluan itu, tidak boleh di-timbangkan jika

tidak p̄erlu di-adakan oleh s̄ebab pindaan ka-atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

(12) Jika p̄erlu di-pinda nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu oleh s̄ebab Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-pinda, maka h̄endak-lah di-buat pindaan itu sa-telah s̄el̄sai p̄erbinchangan<sup>2</sup> yang di-nyatakan di-atas, t̄etapi masaalah ia-itu nama Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu (saperti yang telah di-pinda) jadi sa-bahagian Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tidak boleh di-k̄emukakan bagi di-putuskan; dan ayat m̄engundang<sup>2</sup>kan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tidak boleh juga di-k̄emuka bagi di-putuskan.

(13) Apabila tamat p̄erbinchangan atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, maka h̄endak-lah ahli yang m̄enjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu m̄enchadangkan “*Ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini (saperti yang telah di-pinda) di-ma’alumkan kepada Majlis*” dan masaalah b̄erk̄enaan d̄engan-nya h̄endak-lah di-putuskan d̄engan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath.

(14) Sa-baik<sup>2</sup> sahaja Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis itu b̄ers̄tuju supaya Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-ma’alumkan kapada Majlis, maka P̄enḡrusi akan m̄eninggalkan K̄erusi Jawatan-Kuasa dan m̄eshuarat h̄endak-lah b̄ersidang sa-bagai Majlis, dan ahli yang

mĕnjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan mĕ-ma' alumkan kapada Majlis dan Majlis boleh-lah mĕmbachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kĕtiga.

**58.** (1) Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan yang mĕ-nimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> akan tĕrta'alok kapada sĕmua sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat 83 dan 84, tĕtapi sa-bĕlum mĕ-ma' alumkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kapada Majlis, Jawatan-Kuasa itu hĕndak-lah mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu sa-bagaimana yang di-sharatkan dalam pĕrĕnggan<sup>2</sup> (1) hingga (4) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 57.

(2) Apabila sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tĕlah di-pinda dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, maka sĕmua sa-kali Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, jika boleh, hĕndak-lah di-chap jadi sa-bahagian daripada pĕnyata Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu; tĕtapi jika tidak dapat di-buat dĕmikian, maka tiap<sup>2</sup> fasal atau jadual yang tĕlah di-pinda dan tiap<sup>2</sup> fasal baharu atau jadual baharu yang tĕlah ditambah itu hĕndak-lah di-chap.

**59.** (1) Jika sa-saorang ahli hĕndak mĕ-motong atau mĕminda apa<sup>2</sup> sharat yang terkandong dalam sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>

Atoran  
dalam  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan yang  
mĕnimbangkan  
Rang Undang".

Mĕnyĕrahkan  
sa-kali lagi  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>  
yang tĕlah  
di-ma'alum-  
kan oleh  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
sa-bush<sup>2</sup>  
Majlis.

yang di-ma'alumkan kapada Majlis oleh Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis atau hĕndak mĕnambah apa<sup>2</sup> sharat baharu kapada Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, maka boleh-lah ahli itu, bila<sup>2</sup> masa sa-bĕlum sa-orang ahli bangun mĕnchadangkan supaya Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-bachakan kali yang kĕtiga, mĕnchadangkan ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-sĕrahkan sa-kali lagi kapada Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis sama ada sĕmuia sa-kali atau pun bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan bahagian atau bahagian<sup>2</sup> yang tĕrtĕntu sahaja atau bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan jadual atau fasal baharu yang di-chadangkan; chadangan dĕmikian itu tidak di-kĕhĕndaki pĕmbĕritahu, dan jika di-sĕtujuhan usul ini maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan tĕrsĕrah sa-kali lagi kapada Jawatan-Kuasa. Maka Majlis pun akan bersidang sa-bagai Jawatan-Kuasa mĕnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 54, bagi mĕnimbangkan pĕrkara yang tĕlah di-sĕrahkan balek kapada-nya itu.

(2) Apabila sĕmuia sa-kali Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-sĕrahkan balek kapada Jawatan-Kuasa, maka Jawatan-Kuasa hĕndak-lah mĕnimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu sa-bagaimana yang di-sharatkan dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 57.

(3) Apabila sa-bahagian atau bahagian<sup>2</sup> yang tertienu sahaja dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-serahkan balek kapada Jawatan-Kuasa, atau pun berkenaan dengan fasal baharu atau jadual baharu, maka Jawatan-Kuasa itu hendak-lah ménimbangkan perkara<sup>2</sup> yang di-serahkan balek itu sahaja dan juga apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan, jika ada, yang di-chadangkan.

(4) Sa-telah slesai Jawatan-Kuasa ménimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang di-serahkan balek ménurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Peratoran ini, ahli yang ménjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hendak-lah ménchadangkan “*Ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini (saperti yang telah di-pinda saatelah di-serahkan balek) di-ma'alumkan kepada Majlis*” dan masaalah berkenaan dengan usul ini hendak-lah di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath.

**60.** (1) Sa-telah sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-ma'alumkan oleh sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, maka Majlis hendak-lah ménimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu sa-bagaimana yang di-ma'alumkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan sa-telah di-keluarkan usul “*Ia-itu penyata Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu di-perkenankan*”.

(2) Jika usul itu di-sĕtujukan dĕngan tidak ada pindaan maka Majlis boleh-lah mĕnĕruskan bachaan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kĕtiga sa-bagaimana yang di-ma' alumkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu.

(3) Apabila tĕlah di-kĕluarkan usul hĕndak mĕmpĕrkĕnankan pĕnyata sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli boleh mĕnchadangkan suatu pindaan hĕndak mĕnambah pada hujong usul itu pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> “dĕngan tĕrta'alok kapada sharat boleh di-sĕrahkan balek (sama ada sĕmuă sa-kali atau pun sa-bahagian atau bahagian<sup>2</sup> yang tĕrtĕntu sahaja atau apa<sup>2</sup> fasal baharu atau jadual baharu yang di-chadangkan) kapada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis”, dan jika usul itu di-sĕtujukan dĕngan pin-daan tersĕbut, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan tĕrsĕrah sa-kali lagi kapada Jawatan-Kuasa. Kĕmudian daripada itu, dĕngan di-kĕluar-kan suatu usul mĕnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 54, maka mĕshuarat boleh-lah bĕrsidang sa-bagai Jawatan-Kuasa bagi mĕnimbangkan urusan yang tĕlah di-sĕrahkan balek kapada-nya itu.

(4) Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis mē-nimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang di-sěrah-kan balek mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pěratoran ini hěndak-lah mēnimbangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu mēnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> pěrènggan (2) atau (3) dalam Pěratoran Měshuarat 59, dan atoran mēnamatkan pěrbinchangan Jawatan-Kuasa ini dan apa<sup>2</sup> pěrbinchangan lagi atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hěndak-lah těrta'lok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> pěrènggan (4) dalam Pěratoran 59.

**61.** (1) Waktu hěndak di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kětiga, maka boleh-lah di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> kapada masa-alah “*Ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini di-bachakan kali yang kětiga sěkarang*”, sama saperti yang boleh di-chadangkan pada masa hěndak di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kědua; tětapi hěndak-lah di-hadkan pěrbinchangan itu kapada isi Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan yang běrasas yang měnimbulkan pěrkara<sup>2</sup> yang tidak těrmasok dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ada-lah salah pada pěratoran.

Bacbaan kali  
yang kětiga.

(2) Děngan kěběnaran Yang di-Pěrtua, pindaan<sup>2</sup> kěrana měmbětulkan kěsilapan<sup>2</sup> atau pěrkara<sup>2</sup> yang těrtinggal, boleh-lah di-adakan sa-bělum masaalah hěndak di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kětiga-nya



*Pindaan No. 11, Peratoran Meshuarat 62.*

Masukkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> “yang tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath” sa-lepas perkataan “usul”.

boleh di-timbangkan tētapi di-sharatkan ia-  
itu ada salinan<sup>2</sup> yang bĕrsaiklostail atau bĕr-  
taip yang boleh di-bĕrikan bagi kĕgunaan  
ahli<sup>2</sup>. Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu boleh di-timbang-  
kan dalam sĕmua pĕrengkat dĕngan kĕ-  
adaan dĕmikian itu.

**65.** Anggaran Pĕrbĕlanjaan Kĕrajaan Pĕ-  
sĕkutuan bagi tahun akan datang hĕndak-lah  
di-bĕntangkan di-Meja Mĕshuarat sa-bĕlum  
di-bawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Pĕrbĕkalan tahunan  
ka-dalam Mĕshuarat.

Anggaran<sup>1</sup>  
Pĕrbĕlanjaan  
Tahunan.

**66.** (1) Pada tiap<sup>2</sup> tahun hĕndak-lah di-  
bawa dalam Majlis suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>  
Pĕrbĕkalan yang mĕngandongi anggaran  
bĕlanja bagi sĕmua kĕpala pĕrbĕlanjaan  
yang di-kĕhĕndaki di-masokkan dalam Rang  
Undang<sup>2</sup> Pĕrbĕkalan mĕnurut Pĕrkara 100  
dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan, bagi tahun kĕwangan  
yang akan datang. Butir pĕrbĕlanjaan<sup>2</sup> itu  
hĕndak-lah di-masokkan dalam Anggaran<sup>2</sup>  
Pĕrbĕlanjaan yang tĕrsĕbut dalam Pĕratoran  
Mĕshuarat 65.

Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pĕrbĕkalan.

(2) Sa-tĕlah usul hĕndak di-bachakan  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Pĕrbĕkalan itu kali yang  
kedua di-chadangkan dan di-sokong, maka  
pĕrbahathan atas-nya hĕndak-lah di-tang-  
gohkan sa-lama tidak kurang daripada dua

di-kémukakan oleh Pěngěrusi bagi di-putuskan, tětapi pindaan<sup>2</sup> atas pěrkara běsar<sup>2</sup> tidak boleh di-chadangkan.

Měnarek  
balek Rang  
Undang<sup>3</sup>

Rang Undang<sup>1</sup>  
yang měngan-  
dongi sharat<sup>2</sup>  
yang hampir<sup>2</sup>  
sama maksud-  
nya.

Mělonggarkan  
sharat<sup>1</sup> běr-  
kěhendakkan  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>  
itu di-chap.

**62.** Ahli yang měnjaga sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> děngan tidak di-kěhěndaki měngěluarkan pěmběritahu boleh měngěluarkan usuh~~h~~endak měnarek balek Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, sama ada sa-bělum di-mulakan urusan měshuarat atau apabila sampai pada pěrkara Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dalam Atoran Urusan Měshuarat.

**63.** Sa-tělah sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-sětujukan di-bacha kali yang kědua atau tidak di-sětujukan maka masaalah hěndak di-bachakan kali yang kědua atas apa<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> lain yang měngandongi sharat<sup>2</sup> yang hampir<sup>2</sup> sama maksud-nya, tidak boleh di-chadangkan dalam pěnggal Majlis sěkarang itu juga.

**64.** Walau apa pun sharat dalam Pěratoran<sup>2</sup> Měshuarat ini, bila<sup>2</sup> jua Yang di-Pěrtua puas hati ia-itu tidak dapat sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> di-chap oleh kěrana kěsuntokan masa, maka boleh-lah Yang di-Pěrtua měngěsahkan děmikian dan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu sunggoh pun tidak běrchap,

hari, dan apabila di-sambong sa-mula pĕr-bahathan itu, maka hĕndak-lah di-hadkan kepada asas<sup>2</sup> ‘am bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan dasar dan pĕntadbiran Kĕrajaan sa-bagaimana yang di-tĕrangkan dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dan Anggaran Pĕrbĕlanjaan itu. Maka hĕndak-lah di-untokkan tidak lĕbeh dari-pada tiga hari bagi sambongan pĕrbahathan atas bachaan kali yang kĕdua Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan pada pukul 4 pĕtang atau sa-bĕlum daripada itu pada hari pĕnghabi-san yang di-untokkan bagi pĕrbahathan itu sa-bagaimana yang di-tĕtapkan oleh Yang di-Pĕrtua, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah mĕngĕmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh mĕshuarat apa<sup>2</sup> jua masaalah yang di-kĕhĕndaki bagi mĕnamatkan pĕrbinchangan atas bachaan kali yang kĕdua itu.

(3) Sa-tĕlah di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kĕdua, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan tĕrsĕrah kepada Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis, yang di-namakan Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕrbĕkalan dan kepada Jawatan-Kuasa ini-lah akan tĕrsĕrah Anggaran<sup>2</sup> Pĕrbĕlanjaan itu; pĕrbinchangan<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah tĕrbuka boleh di-dĕngar oleh orang ramai.

(4) H  ndak-lah di-untokkan   mpat b  las hari sa-l  beh<sup>2</sup>-nya bagi m  mbinchangkan Anggaran<sup>2</sup> P  rb  lanjaan dan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dalam Jawatan-Kuasa P  rb  kalan. Yang di-P  rtua boleh menguntokkan masa sa-habis<sup>2</sup> lama yang boleh di-b  narkan bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> jadual dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan bagi fasal<sup>2</sup> dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu. Jika t  lah habis masa yang di-untokkan bagi apa<sup>2</sup> jadual atau fasal sa-b  lum tamat p  rbin-changan atas jadual atau fasal itu, maka Peng  rusi akan meng  mukakan dengan s  rta-m  rta apa<sup>2</sup> masalah yang di-k  h  ndaki bagi m  namatkan p  rbinchangan atas jadual atau fasal itu; t  tapi di-sharatkan ia-itu Yang di-P  rtua atau Peng  rusi, jika baik pada timbangan-nya, boleh m  manjangkan masa yang di-untokkan bagi sa-suatu jadual atau fasal, t  tapi p  rbinchangan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa itu h  ndak-lah tidak l  beh daripada   mpat b  las hari dan h  ndak-lah jangan mengurangkan pula masa yang di-untokkan bagi jadual atau fasal yang k  mudian. Jika Yang di-P  rtua tidak meng-untokkan masa bagi s  mua atau apa<sup>2</sup> jadual atau fasal itu, maka Peng  rusi boleh-lah menguntokkan masa sa-habis lama yang di-b  narkan-nya.

(5) Jadual<sup>2</sup> dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu h ndak-lah di-s l saikan dahulu sa-b lum fasal<sup>2</sup>.

(6) Masa m nimbangkan sa-suatu jadual, P ng rusi h ndak-lah m mbachakan nama tiap<sup>2</sup> k pala p rb lanjaan itu m ngikut giliran, dan, k chuali jika ada chadangan m minda-nya dalam Atoran Urusan M shuarat, P ng rusi h ndak-lah m ng mukakan kapada m shuarat masaalah “*iaitu wang sa-jumlah.....untok k pala.....jadi sa-bahagian daripada Jadual*”.

(7) Siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli boleh m ng luarkan usul h ndak m minda jadual itu d engan m ngurangkan sa-banyak \$.....daripada b lanja yang di-untokkan bagi apa<sup>2</sup> k pala k chil atau butir di-bawah k pala itu, t tapi h ndak-lah di-k luarkan p mb ritahu sa-kurang<sup>2</sup> dua hari t rl beh dahulu.

(8) Jika ada banyak chadangan h ndak m ngurangkan p runtokan daripada satu k pala k chil atau butir, maka h ndak-lah mula<sup>2</sup> sa-kali di-chadangkan pindaan b rk naan d engan b lanja yang sa-habis sadikit sa-kali h ndak di-kurangkan itu dan pindaan h ndak m ninggalkan k pala k chil atau

butir itu boleh di-chadangkan hanya apabila usul<sup>2</sup> hĕndak mĕngurangkan pĕruntukan itu tĕlah sĕlĕsai di-putuskan.

(9) Pĕmbĕritahu usul atau pindaan hĕndak mĕnambah pĕruntukan bĕlanja bagi apa<sup>2</sup> kĕpala, tidak boleh di-kĕluarkan, kĕchuali oleh sa-orang Mĕntĕri.

(10) Sa-tĕlah sĕlĕsai di-putuskan sĕmua pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang ada dalam Atoran Urusan Mĕshuarat bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan apa<sup>2</sup> kĕpala pĕrbĕlanjaan, maka Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕngĕmukakan kapada mĕshuarat masaalah “*Ia-itu wang sa-jumlah \$....., untuk kĕpala.....jadi sa-bahagian daripada Jadual*”.

(11) Bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan masaalah “*Ia-itu wang sa-jumlah \$.....untok kĕpala.....jadi sa-bahagian dari-pada Jadual*” pĕrbahathan hĕndak-lah di-hadkan kapada dasar khidmatan yang hĕndak di-untokkan wang itu dan tidak boleh mĕngĕnai butir<sup>2</sup> pĕrbĕlanjaan, tĕtapi boleh mĕnyĕbutkan butir<sup>2</sup> hasil atau kum-pulan<sup>2</sup> wang yang dalam tanggong jawab khidmatan itu.

(12) Sa-tĕlah Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-lulus-kan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕrbĕkalan maka

Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hĕndak-lah dĕngan sĕrta-mĕrta di-ma'alumkan kapada Majlis dan suatu usul ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-bachakan kali yang kĕtiga hĕndak-lah di-kĕluarkan oleh sa-orang Mĕnteri. Usul dĕmikian hĕndak-lah di-putuskan dĕngan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath.

**67. (1)** Tiap<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Pĕrbĕkalan yang di-bawa ka-dalam mĕshuarat kĕrana mĕnĕpati pĕrbĕlanjaan<sup>2</sup> tambahan dan pĕrbĕlanjaan lĕbeh daripada yang tĕlah di-bĕnarkan sa-bagaimana yang tĕrsĕbut dalam Pĕrkara 101 dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan, hĕndak-lah di-sertakan dĕngan suatu anggaran bĕlanja tambahan bagi tiap<sup>2</sup> satu kĕpala yang hĕndak di-minta kĕbĕnaran mĕngĕluarkan bĕlanja, dĕngan di-tĕrangkan—

- (a) bĕrapa jumlah bĕlanja yang di-bĕnarkan di-bawah kĕpala itu;
- (b) bĕrapa bĕlanja tambahan yang di-kĕhĕndaki dalam apa<sup>2</sup> kĕpala kĕchil;
- (c) bĕrapa bĕlanja yang dapat di-sĕlamatkan daripada lain<sup>2</sup> kĕpala kĕchil di-bawah sa-suatu kĕpala itu yang boleh di-guna bagi

mēngurangkan pĕruntokan tam-bahan bagi mĕnĕpati pĕrbĕlanjaan tambahan itu;

(d) bĕrapa jumlah pĕruntokan tam-bahan yang di-minta bagi kĕpala itu.

(2) Tiap<sup>2</sup> anggaran bĕlanja tambahan hĕndak-lah di-bĕntangkan di-atas Meja Mĕshuarat sa-kurang<sup>2</sup> tiga hari bĕtul sa-bĕlum mĕshuarat hĕndak di-kĕluarkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Pĕrbĕkalan tambahan itu.

(3) Sa-tĕlah di-chadangkan usul hĕndak di-bachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini kali yang kĕdua dan di-sokong, maka boleh-lah di-jalankan pĕrbahathan dĕngan sĕrtamĕrta tĕtapi hĕndak-lah di-hadkan kapada asas<sup>2</sup> ‘am dasar dan tadbiran Kĕrajaan sapĕrti yang di-nyatakan dalam pĕruntokan<sup>2</sup> tambahan yang di-masokkaū dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dan dalam anggaran bĕlanja tam-bahan itu.

(4) Apabila Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tĕlah di-bachakan kali yang kĕdua maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu akan tĕrsĕrah kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕrbĕkalan mĕnurut chara yang di-sĕbutkan dalam pĕrĕnggan (3), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) dan (11) dalam Pĕratoran

Məshuarat 66: tətapi di-sharatkan ia-itu tempoh yang sa-habis<sup>2</sup> lama-nya boleh di-untokkan bagi məmbahathkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, həndak-lah tidak ləbeh daripada dua hari kəchuali jika Pəngərusi məmbənarkan ləbeh daripada dua hari.

(5) Pərbahathan atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Pərbəkalan Tambahan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pərbəkalan həndak-lah tərhad kapada butir<sup>2</sup> yang tərkandong dalam anggaran bəlanja yang di-minta di-untokkan bəlanja tambahan; pərbahathan ini tidak boleh mənyəntoh dasar atau pərbəlanjaan dalam anggaran məngandongi pəruntokan mula<sup>2</sup> yang təlah di-bənarkan, kəchuali jika dasar atau pərbəlanjaan dəmikian itu dzahir kapada Jawatan-Kuasa itu dəngan məmandang kapada butir<sup>2</sup> yang tərkandong dalam anggaran bəlanja tambahan itu.

(6) Apabila Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu təlah di-luluskan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pərbəkalan, maka Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu həndak-lah di-mə'alumkan dəngan sərta-mərta kapada Majlis dan sa-təlah itu suatu usul supaya Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu di-bachakan kali yang

kētiga hēndak-lah di-kēluarkan oleh sa-orang Mēntēri. Usul dēmikian itu hēndak-lah di-putuskan dēngan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath.

**68.** (1) Pada tiap<sup>2</sup> kali mēshuarat Majlis hēndak-lah di-kēluarkan oleh sa-orang Mēntēri suatu pēnyataan mēnērangkan apa<sup>2</sup> butir pērbēlanjaan sēgēra dan yang tidak dapat di-agakkan, yang tēlah di-kēluarkan wang daripada Kumpulan Wang Pendahuluan kērana mēnēpati pērbēlanjaan itu mēnurut sub-seksen (3) sekseen 11 dalam Undang<sup>2</sup> Pēratoran Kēwangan, tahun 1957, bagi tempoh sa-bēlum mēshuarat itu.

(2) Jika siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli hēndak mēminta pēnjēlasan bērkēnaan dēngan apa<sup>2</sup> butir pērbēlanjaan yang tērkandong dalam pēnyataan yang di-kēluarkan mēnurut Pēratoran ini, maka hēndak-lah ia mēmbēri tahu Sētia-Usaha Majlis akan maksud-nya itu sakurang<sup>2</sup>-nya dua puloh ēmpat jam tērlēbeh dahulu.

**69.** Jika pada timbangan Yang di-Pērtua, sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> hanya mēngandongi sharat<sup>2</sup> mēngēnai sēmuā atau apa<sup>2</sup> pērkara yang tērsēbut dalam pērēnggan<sup>2</sup> (a), (b) dan (c) Fasal (6) Pērkara 68 dalam

Pérlémbagaan, maka apabila di-hantarkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kapada Dewan Négara ménurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Fasal (3) Pérkara 66 dalam Pérlémbagaan hendak-lah Yang di-Pértua mengesahkan-nya dengan ménurunkan tanda tangan kapada suatu surat akuan yang akan di-hantarkan bersama<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, menyatakan ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ia-lah suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Wang, ménurut maksud Pérkara 68 dalam Pérlémbagaan.

## Peratusan<sup>3</sup> kapada Dewan Negara.

70. (1) Sa-telah Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> di-bachakan kali yang ketiga dan di-luluskan oleh Majlis, maka Yang di-Pertua hendak-lah menghantar kapada Yang di-Pertua Dewan Negera satu perutusan niema' alumkan kapada-nya ia-itu—

(a) Majlis telah meluluskan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, atau

(b) jika Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu telah dibawa daripada Dewan Négara, Majlis telah setujukan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dengan ada pindaan atau dengan tidak ada pindaan, dan meminta Dewan Négara mempersetujukan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu atau pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang telah dibuat oleh Dewan Ra'ayat ka atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, ikut mana yang berkënaan.

(2) Sëtia-Usaha Majlis hëndak-lah mënyampaikan përatusan tersëbut itu kapada Dewan Nëgara bersama<sup>2</sup> dëngan satu salinan bërseh Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu yang tëlah ditanda tangan-nya, atau salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> sa-bagaimana yang di-bawa daripada Dewan Nëgara dëngan di-tandakan tèrang<sup>2</sup> pindaan<sup>2</sup> (jika ada) yang di-buat oleh Majlis. Salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini hëndak-lah di-tanda tangan oleh Sëtia-Usaha Majlis.

(3) Tidak ada apa<sup>2</sup> pun dalam Përatoran ini yang mëngënaï sharat<sup>2</sup> Përkara 68 dalam Përlëmbagaan.

71. (1) Sa-suatu Përatusan daripada Dewan Nëgara hëndak-lah di-térima oleh Bëntara Mëshuarat pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa Majlis bersidang.

Përatusan,  
daripada  
Dewan Nëgara.

(2) Bëntara Mëshuarat hëndak-lah dëngan sërta-mërti mënguruskan supaya Përatusan itu di-sampaikan kapada Yang di-Përtua.

(3) Dëngan sa-bërapa sëgëra-nya tetapi dëngan tidak mëngganggu ahli yang sëdang bëruchap, Yang di-Përtua hëndak-lah mënyuroh Sëtia-Usaha Majlis mëmbachakan Përatusan itu.

72. (1) Sëmua Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang dibawa daripada Dewan Nëgara hëndak-lah

Bachaan kali  
yang përtama  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>,  
yang di-bawa  
daripada  
Dewan Nëgara.

Pĕrlĕmbagaan, maka apabila di-hantarkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kapada Dewan Nĕgara mĕnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Fasal (3) Pĕrkara 66 dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan hĕndak-lah Yang di-Pĕrtua mĕngĕsahkan-nya dĕngan mĕnurunkan tanda tangan kapada suatu surat akuan yang akan di-hantarkan bĕrsama<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, menyatakan ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ia-lah suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Wang, mĕnurut maksud Pĕrkara 68 dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan.

70. (1) Sa-tĕlah Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> di-bachakan kali yang kĕtiga dan di-luluskan oleh Majlis, maka Yang di-Pĕrtua hĕndak-lah mĕnghantar kapada Yang di-Pĕrtua Dewan Nĕgara satu pĕrutusan mĕma‘alumkan kapada-nya ia-itu—

- (a) Majlis tĕlah mĕluiuskan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, atau
- (b) jika Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tĕlah di-bawa daripada Dewan Nĕgara, Majlis tĕlah sĕtujuhan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dĕngan ada pindaan atau dĕngan tidak ada pindaan, dan mĕminta Dewan Nĕgara mĕmpĕrsĕtujuhan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu atau pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang tĕlah di-buat oleh Dewan Ra’ayat ka-atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, ikut mana yang bĕrkĕnaan.

(2) Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah mē-nyampaikan pērutusan tērsēbut itu kapada Dewan Nēgara bersama<sup>2</sup> dēngan satu salinan bērseh Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu yang tēlah di-tanda tangan-nya, atau salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> sa-bagaimana yang di-bawa dari-pada Dewan Nēgara dēngan di-tandakan tērang<sup>2</sup> pindaan<sup>2</sup> (jika ada) yang di-buat oleh Majlis. Salinan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini hēndak-lah di-tanda tangan oleh Sētia-Usaha Majlis.

(3) Tidak ada apa<sup>2</sup> pun dalam Pēratoran ini yang mēngēnai sharat<sup>2</sup> Pērkara 68 dalam Pērlēmbagaan.

71. (1) Sa-suatu Pērutusan daripada De-wan Nēgara hēndak-lah di-tērima oleh Bēntara Mēshuarat pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa Majlis bērsidang.

Pērutusan,  
daripada  
Dewan Nēgara.

(2) Bēntara Mēshuarat hēndak-lah dēngan sērta-mērta mēnguruskan supaya Pērutusan itu di-sampaikan kapada Yang di-Pērtua.

(3) Dēngan sa-bērapa sēgēra-nya tētapi dēngan tidak mēnganggu ahli yang sēdang bēruchap, Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mē-nyuroh Sētia-Usaha Majlis mēmbachakan Pērutusan itu.

72. (1) Sēmua Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang di-bawa daripada Dewan Nēgara hēndak-lah

Bachaan kali  
yang pērtama  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>,  
yang di-bawa  
daripada  
Dewan Nēgara.

di-bentangkan di atas Meja Mesuarat hingga telah ditetapkan hari bagi dibachakan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu kali yang kedua.

(2) Pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa jua sa-lēpas dibachakan Perutusan daripada Dewan Negara menyatakan suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> telah dibawa daripada Dewan Negara, maka saorang ahli bolehlah membéri tahu Sétia-Usaha di-Meja Mesuarat ia-itu ia akan menjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan ménētapkan satu hari untok bachaan kali yang kedua (tidak kurang daripada lima hari pēnōh sa-lēpas dikeluarkan pembēritahu).

(3) Sa-lēpas itu Sétia-Usaha Majlis, hendah-lah ménuliskan dibelakang Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu nama ahli itu, dan memasukkan dalam buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Perjalanan Mesuarat bahawa Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu telah dibachakan kali yang pertama dan dipertahankan dibacha kali yang kedua pada hari yang ditetapkan itu dan di-chap.

73. (1) Pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa jua sa-lēpas dibachakan Perutusan daripada Dewan Negara menyatakan persetujuan-nya atas sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dengan ada satu atau lebih daripada satu pindaan, ahli yang menjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dalam Majlis itu, dengan membéri tahu kepada Sétia-Usaha Majlis,

Menimbangkan  
pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang  
di-buat oleh  
Dewan Negara  
ka-atas Rang  
Undang<sup>2</sup> dan  
lain<sup>2</sup>-nya.

boleh-lah mĕnĕtapkan satu hari (tidak kurang daripada lima hari pĕnoh sa-lĕpas di-kĕluarkan pĕmbĕritahu) bagi mĕnimbangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> Dewan Nĕgara itu: tĕtapi di-sharatkan ia-itu jika Yang di-Pĕrtua puas hati mĕngatakan apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan yang di-buat oleh Dewan Nĕgara ka-atas sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ia-lah pindaan<sup>2</sup> mĕmbĕtulkan ayat atau mĕnĕpati tujuan Majlis, dan tidak banyak, maka hĕndak-lah Yang di-Pĕrtua mĕma' alumkan kapada Majlis akan hal itu, dan boleh-lah Majlis mĕmĕrentahkan supaya pindaan<sup>2</sup> itu tĕrus di-timbangkan.

(2) Apabila di-tĕtapkan satu hari bagi mĕnimbangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> Dewan Nĕgara itu, maka pĕrentah mĕngĕchap pindaan<sup>2</sup> itu ada-lah di-sifatkan tĕlah di-kĕluarkan, dan pĕrkara ini hĕndak-lah di-masokkan dalam buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pĕrjalanan Mĕshuarat.

(3) Atoran sapĕrti ini juga hĕndak-lah di-ikut bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan apa<sup>2</sup> Pĕratusan dari-pada Dewan Nĕgara tĕrhadap pĕrengkat<sup>2</sup> kĕmudian bagi sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>.

**74. (1)** Usul hĕndak mĕmbahagi<sup>2</sup>kan sa-suatu pindaan yang di-buat oleh Dewan Nĕgara boleh di-kĕluarkan dan boleh di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> ka-atas pindaan yang

Atoran  
mĕnimbangkan  
pindaan  
Dewan Nĕgara  
ka-atas Rang  
Undang<sup>2</sup>,  
Pindaan<sup>2</sup> dan  
lain'-nya.

di-buat oleh Dewan Negera dengan sharat ia-itu—

(a) telah di-keluarkan pemberitahu berkenaan dengan usul atau pindaan itu, dan

(b) masaalah "*Ia-itu Majlis ini bersetuju (atau tidak bersetuju) dengan pindaan Dewan Negera*" belum di-kemukakan oleh Pengurus.

(2) Apabila sa-suatu usul dan/atau pindaan itu telah di-selesaikan maka ahli yang menjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hendak-lah mendarangkan "*Ia-itu Majlis ini bersetuju (atau tidak bersetuju) dengan pindaan Dewan Negera itu (seperti yang di-pinda)*".

(3) Pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang boleh di-chadangkan ka-atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu ia-lah hanya pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang terjadi dengan sebab pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang di-buat oleh Dewan Negera atau yang terjadi dengan sebab pindaan yang di-buat oleh Majlis ka-atas pindaan Dewan Negera atau pindaan sa-bagai ganti pindaan yang telah di-buat oleh Dewan Negera tetapi tidak di-setujukan oleh Majlis.

(4) Apabila satu atau lebih daripada satu pindaan Dewan Negera ka-atas sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> tidak di-setujukan, maka

sa-baik<sup>2</sup> sahaja sēlēsai di-timbangkan pin-daan<sup>2</sup> Dewan Nēgara ka-atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, Yang di-Pērtua hēndak-lah mēlantek tiga orang ahli (sa-orang daripada-nya hēndak-lah ahli yang mēnjaga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu) jadi sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa kērana mēngarangkan apa yang hēndak di-mā'alumkan kapada Dewan Nēgara akan Sēbab (atau Sēbab<sup>2</sup>nya) di-tolak pindaan (atau pindaan<sup>2</sup>) itu; chukup-bilang Jawatan-Kuasa itu ia-lah dua orang. Mēreka hēndak-lah kēluar dari Majlis dan mēmbuat pēnyata-nya dēngan sa-bērappa sēgēra-nya. Sētia-Usaha Pēnolong atau pēgawai lain yang tēlah di-bēri kuasa oleh Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah jadi Sētia-Usaha Jawatan-Kuasa itu, dan pēnyata Jawatan-Kuasa itu hēndak-lah di-bawa kapada Majlis dēngan di-bēri-kan kapada Sētia-Usaha di-Meja Mēshuarat dan sa-tēlah di-bawa ka-dalam mēshuarat, maka pēnyata itu ada-lah di-sifatkan tēlah di-sētujuhan oleh Majlis, dan pērkara ini hēndak-lah di-masokkan dēngan pēnoh dalam buku Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat dan di-tuliskan pērsētujuhan itu dalam buku itu. Sēbab atau Sēbab<sup>2</sup> di-tolak pindaan Dewan Nēgara hēndak-lah di-masokkan oleh Sētia-Usaha Majlis dalam suatu Pērutusan

kapada Dewan Nēgara dan hēndak-lah di-hantar kepada Dewan Nēgara bersama dēngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hēndak-lah di-tanda tangan oleh Sētia-Usaha.

(5) Atoran dēmikian ini hēndak-lah di-ikut bērkēnaan dēngan apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan Dewan Nēgara ka-atas pindaan<sup>2</sup> yang di-buat oleh Majlis.

(6) Tidak ada apa<sup>2</sup> pun dalam Pēratoran ini atau dalam Pēratoran 75 yang akan di-sifatkan akan mēngēnai kuasa<sup>2</sup> Majlis ini dibawah Pērkara 68 dalam Pērlēmbagaan.

Atoran  
mēnimbangkan  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>  
dalam  
pērengkat<sup>2</sup>-nya  
kēmudian.

75. (1) Masa mēnimbangkan Sēbab yang di-bēri oleh Dewan Nēgara bagi mēnolak pindaan yang di-buat oleh Majlis, boleh di-keluarkan usul “*Ia-itu Majlis ini bēruat hēndakkan di-tērima pindaan yang tidak di-sētujukan oleh Dewan Nēgara*” atau “*Ia-itu Majlis ini tidak bēruat hēndakkan di-tērima pindaan yang tidak di-sētujukan oleh Dewan Nēgara*,” dan jika usul yang kēdua itu di-sētujukan maka boleh di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> ka-atas pindaan yang di-sētujukan oleh Dewan Nēgara itu, atau pun di-chadangkan suatu pindaan ka-atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu; dan apabila sēlēsai pērjalanan mēshuarat

démikian, maka Sëtia-Usaha Majlis hëndak-lah mënanda tangan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan mënghantarkan-nya kapada Dewan Nëgara bërsama dëngan Përputusan yang bërkënaan.

(2) Jika Majlis bërkuat hëndakkan pindaan yang tidak di-sëtujuhan oleh Dewan Nëgara, maka hëndak-lah di-ikut atoran yang tërsëbut dalam përënggan (4) dalam Përatoran Mëshuarat 74.

(3) Dëngan tërtä' alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> Përkara 68 dalam Përlëmbagaan, masa mënimbangkan pindaan yang tidak di-sëtujuhan oleh Majlis tëtapi Dewan Nëgara bërkuat hëndakkan di-tërima pindaan itu, maka boleh di-këluarkan usul "*Ia-itu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> ini di-këtëpikan*" dan jika usul ini di-sëtujuhan maka tidak boleh di-adakan përbinchangan lagi atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, dan tidak akan di-hantar apa<sup>2</sup> Përputusan kapada Dewan Nëgara; atau di-këluarkan usul "*Ia-itu Majlis ini tidak bërkuat hëndakkan di-tërima këputusan-nya tidak bërsëtuju dëngan Dewan Nëgara bërkaitan dëngan pindaan yang Dewan Nëgara hëndakkan di-tërima*" dan, jika usul yang kedua ini di-sëtujuhan maka boleh di-chadangkan pindaan<sup>2</sup> ka-atas pindaan Dewan Nëgara itu,

atau pun di-chadangkan suatu pindaan atas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan apabila selsai perjalanan mēshuarat dēmikian Sētia-Usaha Majlis hēndak-lah mēnanda tangan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan mēnghantarkan kapada Dewan Nēgara bersama dēngan Pērutusan yang bērkēnaan.

**JAWATAN<sup>2</sup>-KUASA PILEHAN  
JAWATAN<sup>2</sup>-KUASA PENGALAN  
PARLIMEN**

**76.** (1) Hēndak-lah ada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa yang akan di-namakan Jawatan-Kuasa Pemileh, di-lantek awal tiap<sup>2</sup> penggal Parlimen kērana mēnjalankan kēwajipan<sup>2</sup> yang di-untokkan bagi-nya oleh Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> Mēshuarat ini, dan kērana mēnjalankan apa<sup>2</sup> pērkara lain yang di-sērahkan kapada-nya oleh Majlis dari satu masa ka-satu masa.

(2) Jawatan-Kuasa Pemileh itu hēndak-lah mengandungi Yang di-Pērtua sa-bagai Pengērusi, dan ēnam orang ahli Majlis yang di-pileh oleh Majlis. Jawatan-Kuasa ini hēndak-lah mēma‘alumkan kapada Majlis dēngan mēngēluarkan satu pēnyata apabila sa-saorang ahli Majlis tēlah di-lantek jadi

ahli sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa. Jawatan-Kuasa Pēnileh tidak bēruasa mēmanggil orang hadhir di-hadapan-nya atau mēminta di-kēluarkan surat<sup>2</sup> kēchuali jika Majlis mēmbuat kētētapan mēmbēri kuasa bērkēnaan dēngan ini.

77. (1) Hēndak-lah ada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa yang akan di-namakan Jawatan-Kuasa Kira<sup>2</sup> Wang Nēgara di-lantek pada awal tiap<sup>2</sup> pēnggal Parlimen kērana mēmēreksa :

- (a) Kira<sup>2</sup> Kērajaan Pērsēkutuan dan pēruntokan wang yang di-bēnar-kan oleh Parlimen kērana mēnē-pati pērbēlanjaan nēgēri;
- (b) apa<sup>2</sup> kira<sup>2</sup> badan<sup>2</sup> pēntadbiran raya dan pērtubohan<sup>2</sup> lain yang mēnguruskan wang nēgēri yang di-bēntangkan dalam Majlis;
- (c) pēnyata<sup>2</sup> Pēmēreksa Kira<sup>2</sup> Nēgara yang di-bēntangkan dalam Majlis Mēshuarat mēnurut Pērkara 107 dalam Pērlēmbagaan;
- (d) apa<sup>2</sup> pērkara lain yang di-fikirkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa itu patut di-pēreksa, atau apa<sup>2</sup> pērkara yang di-sērahkan oleh Majlis kapada Jawatan-Kuasa itu.

(2) Jawatan-Kuasa ini hēndak-lah mēngandongi sa-orang Pēngērusi yang akan di-lantek oleh Majlis dan tidak lēbeh daripada ēnam orang ahli yang akan di-lantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pēmileh dēngan sa-bērapa sēgēra-nya sa-lēpas di-mulakan tiap<sup>2</sup> pēnggal Parlimen.

(3) Sa-saorang ahli Majlis tidak boleh di-angkat atau di-lantek mēmēgang atau mēmangku jawatan Pēngērusi atau jadi Ahli Jawatan-Kuasa Kira<sup>2</sup> Wang Nēgara sa-masa ia jadi sa-orang Mēntéri.

(4) Jawatan-Kuasa ini bērkuasa mēmang-gil orang hadhir di-hadapan-nya atau mē-minta di-kēluarkan surat<sup>2</sup> dan rekod<sup>2</sup> dan mēngēluarkan pēnyata kapada Majlis dari satu masa ka-satu masa.

Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pēratoran<sup>2</sup>  
Mēshuarat.

78. (1) Hēndak-lah ada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa yang akan di-namakan Jawatan-Kuasa Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> Mēshuarat mēngandongi Yang di-Pērtua sa-bagai Pēngērusi dan ēnam orang ahli lain yang akan di-lantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pēmileh dēngan sa-bērapa sēgēra-nya yang boleh sa-lēpas di-mulakan tiap<sup>2</sup> pēnggal Parlimen. Ada-lah kēwajipan Jawatan-Kuasa ini mēnimbangkan dari satu masa ka-satu masa dan mēngēluarkan

pĕnyata kapada Majlis bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> bĕrkaitan dĕngan Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat yang di-sĕrahkan oleh Majlis kapada-nya bagi di-timbangkan. Jawatan-Kuasa ini tidak bĕruasa mĕmanggil orang hadhir di-hadapan-nya atau mĕninta di-kĕluarkan surat<sup>2</sup> kĕchuali Majlis mĕmbuat kĕtĕtapan mĕmbĕri kuasa bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan ini.

(2) Jika pĕmbĕritahu usul mĕngandongi apa<sup>2</sup> chadangan hĕndak mĕminda Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat, maka pĕmbĕritahu itu hĕndak-lah di-sĕrtakan dĕngan satu rang pindaan yang di-chadangkan itu, dan usul itu apa-bila di-chadangkan dan di-sokong, ada-lah di-sifatkan tĕlah di-sĕrahkan kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat dĕngan tidak di-kĕmukakan masa'alah kapada mĕshuarat, dan tidak boleh di-binchangkan lagi usul ini sa-hingga Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat tĕlah mĕngĕluarkan pĕnyata kapada Majlis bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan chadangan itu.

79. (1) Hĕndak-lah ada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa yang akan di-namakan Jawatan-Kuasa Dewan mĕngandongi Yang di-Pĕrtua sa-bagai Pĕngĕrusi dan ĕnam orang ahli, dilantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmileh dĕngan

sa-bĕrpa sĕgĕra-nya yang boleh sa-lĕpas di-mulakan tiap<sup>2</sup> pĕnggal Parlimen kĕrana mĕnimbangkan dan mĕnasehatkan Yang di-Pĕrtua atas sĕgala pĕrkara bĕrkaitan dĕngan kĕsĕnangan dan kĕmudahan bagi ahli<sup>2</sup> Majlis. Jawatan-Kuasa ini tidak bĕruasa mĕmanggil orang hadhir di-hadapan-nya atau mĕminta di-kĕluarkan surat<sup>2</sup> kĕchuali jika Majlis mĕmbuat kĕtĕtapan mĕmbĕri kuasa bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan ini.

(2) Menet<sup>2</sup> mĕshuarat Jawatan-Kuasa Dewan hĕndak-lah di-hantar kapada sĕmuia ahli Majlis.

**80. (1)** Hĕndak-lah ada sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa yang akan di-namakan Jawatan-Kuasa Hak dan Kĕbebasan, mĕngandongi Yang di-Pĕrtua sa-bagai Pĕngĕrusi dan ĕnam orang ahli yang di-lantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmileh dĕngan sa-bĕrpa sĕgĕra-nya yang boleh sa-lĕpas di-mulakan tiap<sup>2</sup> pĕnggal Parlimen. Kapada Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah di-sĕrahkan apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkara yang nampak-nya mĕnyĕntoh kuasa<sup>2</sup>, hak<sup>2</sup> dan kĕbebasan Majlis. Ada-lah jadi kĕwajipan atas Jawatan-Kuasa ini mĕnimbangkan apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkara dĕmikian itu yang di-sĕrahkan pada-nya, dan mĕngĕluarkan pĕnyata di-atas pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> itu kapada Majlis.

(2) Bila<sup>2</sup> Majlis tidak bĕrsidang, sa-sa-orang ahli boleh mĕmbĕri tahu Yang di-Pĕrtua jika ada di-katakan tĕlah bĕrlaku kĕsalahan mĕlanggar pĕratoran hak<sup>2</sup> dan kĕbebasan Majlis. Yang di-Pĕrtua, jika puas hati ia-itu pada dzahir-nya tĕlah di-lakukan kĕsalahan itu, boleh-lah di-sĕrahkan-nya pĕrkara itu kapada Jawatan-Kuasa ini dan Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah mĕngĕluarkan pĕnyata kapada Majlis bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan ini.

(3) Jawatan-Kuasa ini bĕrkuasa boleh mĕmanggil orang hadhir di-hadapan-nya dan mĕminta di-kĕluarkan surat<sup>2</sup> dan boleh mĕngĕluarkan pĕnyata kapada Majlis dari satu masa ka-satu masa.

**81.** (1) Sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan yang lain daripada Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕnggalan Parlimen akan di-kĕnal dĕngan nama Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Khas. Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah di-lantek dĕngan pĕrentah Majlis dan, dĕngan tĕrta'lok kapada pĕrentah Majlis, Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah mĕngandongi siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang di-lantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmileh.

Jawatan-Kuasa sa  
Pilehan Khas.

(2) Dĕngan tĕrta'lok kapada pĕrentah Majlis, sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan

Khas bĕrkuasa mĕmileh Pĕngĕrusi-nya sĕn-diri. Jika ahli yang di-pileh jadi Pĕngĕrusi itu tidak dapat hadhir dalam sa-suatu mĕshuarat, Jawatan-Kuasa itu hĕndak-lah mĕmileh sa-orang Pĕngĕrusi yang akan mĕ-mĕgang jawatan-nya hanya pada hari ia di-pileh itu sahaja.

Mĕnubohkan  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan.

82. (1) Sa-bĕrapa boleh-nya tiap<sup>2</sup> Jawa-tan-Kuasa Pilehan hĕndak-lah di-tubohkan supaya tĕrbayang di-dalam-nya kadar parti masing<sup>2</sup> dalam Majlis.

(2) Jika sa-saorang ahli Jawatan-Kuasa itu mati, atau jika jawatan-nya sa-bagai ahli itu tĕlah mĕnjadi kosong oleh kĕrana apa<sup>2</sup> sĕbab yang lain, maka Majlis atau Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmileh—ikut mana yang di-kĕhĕndaki, hĕndak-lah mĕlantek sa-orang ahli lain jadi ganti-nya dan lantekan ini hĕndak-lah mĕnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam pĕrĕnggan (1).

Atoran dalam  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan.

83. (1) Atoran ini ada-lah di-pakaikan kapada sĕmuा Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, kĕ-chuali yang di-sharatkan dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 76 sampai 80 (bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕnggalan Parlimen).

(2) Sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan bĕrkuasa mĕmanggil orang hadir di-hada-pan-nya atau mĕminta di-kĕluarkan surat<sup>2</sup>,

dan boleh mēngēluarkan pēnyata kapada Majlis mēngandongi fikiran dan pandangan-nya sērta dēngan butir<sup>2</sup> kētērangan yang tēlah di-bēri di-hadapan-nya.

(3) Chukup-bilang sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu hēndak-lah tiga orang ahli kēchuali jika Majlis mēmērentahkan boleh lēbeh atau kurang daripada itu.

(4) Pērbinchangan Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu hēndak-lah di-hadkan kapada pērkara yang di-sērahkan oleh Majlis kapada-nya dan juga kapada apa<sup>2</sup> yang bērkēnaan dēngan pērkara itu sapērti yang di-tambah atau di-hadkan oleh Majlis. Bērkēnaan dēngan Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan yang mēnim-bangkan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, pērbinchangan Jawatan-Kuasa itu hēndak-lah di-hadkan kapada Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu dan kapada pin-daan<sup>2</sup> yang bērkaitan dēngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu.

(5) Mēshuarat pērtama Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan hēndak-lah di-adakan pada masa dan di-tēmpat yang di-tētapkan oleh Pengē-rusi, jika Jawatan-Kuasa Pēnggalan Parli-men, atau oleh Yang di-Pērtua jika Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Khas. Mēshuarat<sup>2</sup> yang kēmudian hēndak-lah di-adakan pada masa

dan di-tĕmpat mĕnurut sa-bagaimana yang di-tĕtapkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa itu:

Tĕtapi di-sharatkan jika Jawatan-Kuasa ini tidak mĕnĕtapkan masa dan tĕmpat-nya, maka Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕnĕtapkan-nya sa-tĕlah bĕrunding dĕngan Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis.

(6) Sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan tidak boleh mĕngadakan mĕshuarat pada masa Majlis bersidang kĕchualи jika tĕlah mĕndapat izin daripada Majlis.

(7) Sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan boleh mĕnĕruskan pĕnyiasatan<sup>2</sup>-nya sunggoh pun Majlis tĕlah di-tanggohkan; dan Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmileh jika ada di-antara ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya mati atau tidak dapat hadhir oleh kĕrana sĕbab<sup>2</sup> yang ta' dapat di-elakkan, maka Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕmileh boleh mĕlan-tek sa-orang ahli Majlis bagi mĕnggantikan ahli Jawatan-Kuasa yang mati atau tidak dapat hadhir itu. Tiap<sup>2</sup> lantekan mĕnurut Pĕratoran ini hĕndak-lah di-ma'alumkan kapada Majlis dalam mĕshuarat-nya yang akan datang.

(8) Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis atau Sĕtia-Usaha yang di-tĕtapkan oleh-nya hĕndak-lah jadi Sĕtia-Usaha kapada tiap<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan.

PARLIMEN



*Pindaan No. 12, Peratoran Meshuarat  
83 (10).*

Masukkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> di-bawah ini di-pangkal perenggan (10):

“Kechualи jika Pengurus mengeluarkan perentah lain, maka”

MALAYSIA

(9) Apabila h ndak di-soal siapa<sup>2</sup> saksi, maka ahli Majlis yang h ndakkan saksi<sup>2</sup> itu h ndak-lah m nghantar kapada S tia-Usaha Majlis suatu s narai m ngandungi nama, alamat dan p k rjaan tiap<sup>2</sup> saksi itu sakurang<sup>2</sup>-nya dua hari sa-b lum hari yang di-t tapkan h ndak di-soal saksi<sup>2</sup> itu. Jika yang b rk naan itu ia-lah Jawatan-Kuasa yang m nimbangkan sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> *Private* atau Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> champion, maka yang di-k h ndakkan m nghantar s narai ini ia-lah orang yang m nghantar rayuan yang h ndakkan saksi<sup>2</sup> itu. Sa-t lah itu S tia-Usaha, bagi pehak Majlis, h ndak-lah m manggil saksi<sup>2</sup> itu hadhir.

(10) Butir<sup>2</sup> k terangan tiap<sup>2</sup> saksi itu h ndak-lah di-tuliskan sa-bagaimana yang di-chakapkan-nya dan k terangan itu h ndak-lah di-hantar kapada saksi itu supaya di-semak-nya. Dalam tempoh tujoh hari dari pada hari S tia-Usaha Majlis m nghantar k terangan itu, maka boleh saksi itu m ng shorkan supaya di-b tulkan apa<sup>2</sup> yang tidak b tul di-tuliskan dan k terangan ini h ndak-lah di-chap dengan apa<sup>2</sup> pindaan yang dib narkan oleh P ng rusi.

(11) Jawatan-Kuasa itu, jika baik pada timbangan-nya, boleh čnggan měndēngar apa<sup>2</sup> kětérangan yang tidak berkaitan atau měndēngar chakap saksi yang děgil.

(12) (a) Sa-saorang ahli Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan boleh měmbawa satu pěnyata bagi di-timbangkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa itu dan sěmua pěnyata děmikian itu hěndak-lah dituliskan děngan pěnoh-nya dalam pěringatan<sup>2</sup> měshuarat Jawatan-Kuasa itu. Apabila sěmua pěnyata itu tělah di-bawa kahadapan Jawatan-Kuasa itu, Pěngěrusi akan měnchadangkan pěnyata<sup>2</sup> itu měngikut susunan-nya di-mulakan děngan pěnyata-nya sěndiri dan di-těruskan děngan pěnyata lain<sup>2</sup> měngikut dahulu kěmudian-nya di-bawa kahadapan Jawatan-Kuasa itu hingga satu daripada-nya tělah di-těrima sa-bagai asas pěrbinchangam. Masaalah yang akan dikěmukakan oleh Pěngěrusi di-atas sa-suatu pěnyata itu ia-lah, “*Ia-itu Pěnyata Pěngěrusi (atau Tuan.....)* di-bachakan kali yang kedua lěpas satu pěrěnggan satu pěrěnggan”. Apabila masaalah ini tělah di-sětujukan, maka tidak boleh masaalah di-kěmukakan atas apa<sup>2</sup> pěnyata lain, tětapi apa<sup>2</sup> bahagian daripada pěnyata<sup>2</sup> lain itu boleh di-tawarkan sa-bagai pindaan

ka atas pĕnyata yang sedang di-binchangkan, jika berkaitan dengan pĕnyata itu.

(b) Sa-telah itu Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah mĕnimbangkan pĕnyata itu lĕpas satu pĕrĕnggan satu pĕrĕnggan, dan sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam pĕrĕnggan (1) hingga (8) dan pĕrĕnggan (10) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 57 hĕndak-lah di-pakaikan sa-olah<sup>2</sup> pĕnyata itu suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dan pĕrĕnggan<sup>2</sup> pĕnyata itu sa-olah<sup>2</sup> fasal<sup>2</sup> dalam Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>.

(c) Apabila sĕlesai di-timbangkan pĕnyata itu lĕpas satu pĕrĕnggan, satu pĕrĕnggan dan apabila semua pĕrĕnggan<sup>2</sup> baharu yang di-chadangkan tĕlah di-timbangkan, maka masaalah ia-itu pĕnyata ini jadi pĕnyata Jawatan-Kuasa kepada Majlis hĕndak-lah di-kĕmukakan oleh Pĕngĕrusi bagi di-putus-kan.

(13) Sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan (7) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 35, hĕndak-lah di-pakai-kan kapada pĕrbinchangan sa-suatu Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan.

**84. (1)** Tiap<sup>2</sup> bĕlah-bahagian dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan hĕndak-lah di-jalan-kan oleh Sĕtia-Usaha Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu dengan bertanya kepada tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli Jawatan-Kuasa itu sa-orang<sup>2</sup> bagaimana

Bĕlah-bahagian 20  
dalam  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan.

ia hĕndak mĕngundi, dan apa<sup>2</sup> undi mĕreka itu hĕndak-lah di-tuliskan.

(2) Masa di-jalankan bĕlah-bahagian itu, nama<sup>2</sup> sĕmua ahli Jawatan-Kuasa yang hadhir hĕndak-lah di-panggil mĕngikut susunan huruf.

(3) Apabila di-minta di-adakan bĕlah-bahagian dalam sa-suatu Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli yang hadhir hĕndak-lah menyatakan sama ada Ya, atau Dak, kĕchualи jika ia menyatakan ia tidak hĕndak mĕngundi. Sĕtia-Usaha Jawatan-Kuasa ini hĕndak-lah mĕmasokkan undi tiap<sup>2</sup> ahli dalam Pĕringatan Pĕrjalanan Mĕshuarat dan hĕndak-lah juga mĕnuliskan nama ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tidak mĕngundi. Sa-saorang ahli mĕstilah mĕngundi mĕngikut bagaimana ia mĕngundi masa di-jalankan undi dĕngan suara.

(4) Sa-tĕlah sĕlĕsai Sĕtia-Usaha mĕmungut undi, maka Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕngumumkan bilangan ahli yang mĕngundi “Ya” dan bilangan ahli yang mĕngundi “Dak” dan sa-tĕlah itu hĕndak-lah ia mĕngishtiharkan kĕputusan bĕlah-bahagian itu. Pĕngĕrusi tidak boleh mĕngundi, tĕtapi jika bilangan undi kĕdua<sup>2</sup> pehak itu sama

banyak, maka Pĕngĕrusi hĕndak-lah mĕngĕluarkan undi pĕmutus.

(5) Jika sa-saorang ahli Jawatan-Kuasa itu menyatakan ia tĕrsalah mĕngundi, atau undi-nya tĕlah salah di-bilang, maka boleh ia mĕnuntut supaya undi-nya di-tukar, tĕtapi di-sharatkan tuntutan hĕndak-lah di-buat salĕpas sahaja Pĕngĕrusi mĕngumumkan bilangan undi<sup>2</sup> dan sa-bĕlum di-ishtiharkan-nya kĕputusan bĕlah-bahagian itu.

(6) Sharat<sup>2</sup> pĕrĕnggan (5) dalam Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat 47 hĕndak-lah di-pakaikan kapada bĕlah-bahagian dalam sa-suatu Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan.

**85.** Kĕtĕrangan yang di-ambil di-hadapan sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan dan apa<sup>2</sup> surat yang di-kĕluarkan kapada-nya tidak boleh di-siarkan oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli Jawatan-Kuasa itu, atau oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> juga, sa-bĕlum Jawatan-Kuasa itu mĕmbawa pĕnyata itu kapada Majlis.

Mĕnyiarkan  
kĕtĕrangan  
sa-bĕlum  
masa-nya.

**86.** (1) Tiap<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan hĕndak-lah mĕmbuat satu pĕnyata kapada Majlis bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> yang di-edarkan kapada-nya sa-bĕlum tamat pĕnggal Parlimen yang dalam-nya di-lantek Jawatan-Kuasa itu. Tĕtapi jika Jawatan-Kuasa itu tidak dapat mĕnamatkan pĕnyiasatan-nya

Pĕnyata<sup>2</sup>  
daripada  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan.

sa-bĕlum tamat pĕnggal Parlimen maka boleh Jawatan-Kuasa itu mĕma‘alumkan hal itu kapada Majlis.

(2) Sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan adalah di-bĕnarkan mĕmbuat pĕnyata khas bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan kuasa<sup>2</sup>, tugas<sup>2</sup> dan pĕrjalanan mĕshuarat Jawatan-Kuasa itu atas apa<sup>2</sup> jua yang di-fikirkan-nya patut di-bawa kapada pĕrhatian Majlis.

(3) Sa-suatu pĕnyata atau pĕnyata khas Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan bĕrsama<sup>2</sup> dĕngan pĕringatan pĕrjalanan mĕshuarat dan pĕringatan apa<sup>2</sup> kĕtĕrangan yang di-ambil di-hadapan Jawatan-Kuasa hĕndak-lah di-bawa ka-dalam mĕshuarat oleh Pĕngĕrusi atau ahli lain yang di-wakilkan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa itu dan hĕndak-lah di-pĕrentahkan tĕrbĕntang di-Meja Majlis dan di-chap dĕngan tidak di-kĕmuka bagi di-putuskan oleh mĕshuarat.

(4) Dalam Pĕringatan pĕrjalanan mĕshuarat sa-sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa hĕndak-lah dituliskan pĕrjalanan mĕshuarat atas pĕrbin-changan mĕnimbangkan bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan sa-suatu pĕnyata Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> dalam Jawatan-Kuasa itu, dan juga atas tiap<sup>2</sup> pin-daan yang di-chadangkan ka-atas pĕnyata atau Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu bĕrsama<sup>2</sup> dĕngan

pēringatan bērkēnaan dēngan apa<sup>2</sup> bēlah-bahagian yang tēlah di-jalankan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa itu, dan nama<sup>2</sup> ahli yang mēngundi dan yang tidak mēngundi dalam bēlah-bahagian itu.

(5) Siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli sa-lēpas mēngēluarkan pēmbēritahu sa-kurang<sup>2</sup>-nya dua hari tērlēbeh dahulu boleh mēnchadangkan dalam Majlis supaya Pēnyata Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan itu di-tērima.

(6) Apabila sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu tēlah di-ma'alumkan kapada Majlis daripada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, maka pēnyata Jawatan-Kuasa itu hēndak-lah tērtā'alok kapada sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Pēratoran Mēshuarat 60.

**87.** Bila<sup>2</sup> Majlis mēmutuskan hēndak mēlantek sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan bagi mēngkaji dan mēmbuat pēnyata atas apa<sup>2</sup> pērkara yang pērlu di-tanya fikiran Dewan Nēgara atau mēmutuskan hēndak mēlantek sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa Bērsama tētap bagi mēngkaji dan mēmbuat pēnyata atas pērkara<sup>2</sup> mēngēnai kēabajikan pērjalanan urusan hal-chwal dalam kēdua<sup>2</sup> Majlis, maka hēndak-lah di-ikut atoran di-bawah ini:

Rundingan  
Bērsama di-  
antara  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan  
Dewan Ra'ayat  
dēngan  
Jawatan-Kuasa  
Pilehan  
Dewan Nēgara.

- (a) Majlis h ndak-lah m ngambil k putusan ia-itu mustahak di-tuboh-kan sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa k dua<sup>2</sup> Majlis bagi m nimbangkan suatu p rkara t rt ntu atau k putusan ia-itu mustahak di-s rah-kan sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> kapada Jawatan-Kuasa k dua<sup>2</sup> Majlis M shuarat;
- (b) k mudian daripada itu S tia-Usaha Majlis Dewan Ra yat h ndak-lah m ngantarkan salinan k putusan itu kapada S tia-Usaha Dewan N gara;
- (c) apabila di-t rima p rutusan s tuju daripada Dewan N gara, maka Majlis h ndak-lah m lantek sa-buah Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan m ngandongi siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli yang di-p rentahkan oleh Majlis k rana b rsatu d ngan Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan yang akan di-lantek oleh Dewan N gara; dan Jawatan-Kuasa ini b ruasa (t rk chuali jika Majlis m ngeluarkan p rentah lain) m manggil orang hadir di-hadapan-nya, atau m minta surat<sup>2</sup> atau risalat<sup>2</sup>;

- (d) kẽmudian daripada itu Sëtia-Usaha Majlis h ndak-lah m mb ri tahu S tia-Usaha Dewan N gara ia-itu Jawatan-Kuasa itu sudah di-lantek dan S tia-Usaha bagi pehak Majlis, h ndak-lah m minta kapada Dewan N gara m lantek ahli<sup>2</sup> yang sama bilangan-nya bersatu d ngan Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Majlis;
- (e) apabila di-t rima p rutusan dari-pada Dewan N gara menyatakan ia-itu Dewan N gara t lah m ng-angkat dan m lantek Jawatan-Kuasa-nya d ngan di-b ri kuasa yang sa-rupa d ngan kuasa Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Majlis, dan apabila di-t rima apa<sup>2</sup> p r-utusan m nchadangkan masa dan t mpat h ndak di-adakan m shuarat Jawatan-Kuasa B rsama itu, maka Yang di-P rtua, jika chadangan itu tidak jadi k b ratan h ndak-lah m m rentahkan Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Majlis b r-m shuarat d ngan Jawatan-Kuasa Dewan N gara.

**88. (1)** Dalam apa<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa Bersama yang di-lantek ménurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pératoran Měshuarat 87, maka atoran yang hěndak di-ikut ia-lah atoran yang di-tetapkan dalam Pératoran<sup>2</sup> ini; tetapi di-sharatkan ia-itu Pěngerusi Jawatan-Kuasa Bersama itu hěndak-lah di-pileh atau di-lantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa itu sěndiri.

(2) Sharat<sup>2</sup> Pératoran<sup>2</sup> ini yang běrkěnaan děngan pěnyata<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan hěndak-lah di-pakaikan kapada Pěnyata sabuah Jawatan-Kuasa Bersama: tetapi di-sharatkan ia-itu jika Pěngerusi Jawatan-Kuasa Bersama itu bukan sa-orang ahli Majlis, maka Pěnyata itu hěndak-lah dibawa ka-dalam měshuarat oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli Majlis yang di-lantek oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan yang tersěbut dalam pěrěnggan (c) dalam Pératoran Měshuarat 87.

**89. (1)** Ménurut sharat<sup>2</sup> dalam Pérkara a 67 dalam Pěrlěmbagaan, sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan yang měngandongi sharat<sup>2</sup> bagi pérkara<sup>2</sup> yang tersěbut di-bawah ini tidak boleh di-bawa ka-dalam měshuarat atau di-chadangkan mělainkan oleh sa-orang Měntéri:

- (a) mĕngĕnakan atau mĕnaikkan apa<sup>2</sup> chukai atau mĕnghapuskan, mĕngurangkan atau mĕma'afkan apa<sup>2</sup> chukai yang ada sĕkarang; atau
- (b) mĕminjam wang, atau mĕmbĕri apa<sup>2</sup> jaminan oleh Pĕrsĕkutuan, atau mĕminda undang<sup>2</sup> bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan kĕwajipan kĕwangan Pĕrsĕkutuan;
- (c) mĕnyimpan Kumpulan Wang Nĕgara, mĕmbĕri sanggupan bayaran daripada Kumpulan Wang Nĕgara atau mĕnghapuskan atau mĕngubah apa<sup>2</sup> sanggupan bayaran itu;
- (d) mĕmasokkan wang dalam Kumpulan Wang Nĕgara atau mĕmbayar, mĕngĕluarkan atau mĕnarek balek daripada Kumpulan Wang Nĕgara apa<sup>2</sup> wang yang tidak di-sanggupkan ka-atas-nya, atau mĕambah wang yang hĕndak di-bayar atau di-kĕluarkan atau di-tarek balek daripada Kumpulan Wang Nĕgara;

- (e) bĕrpakat mĕnyĕlĕsaikan atau mĕma'afkan apa<sup>2</sup> piutang Pĕrsĕkutuan;
- (f) mĕnguntokkan pĕndapatan daripada sa-suatu chukai atau bayaran kapada sa-sabuah Nĕgĕri dalam Pĕrsĕkutuan atau mĕmbĕri wang kapada nĕgĕri itu;
- (g) mĕnĕrima wang untok Kumpulan Wang Nĕgara atau mĕnyimpan atau mĕngĕluarkan wang itu atau mĕmĕreksa kira<sup>2</sup> wang Pĕrsĕkutuan atau kira<sup>2</sup> Nĕgĕri dalam Pĕrsĕkutuan.

(2) Sa-suatu Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan tidak akan di-sifatkan sa-bagai Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan yang mĕngandongi sharat<sup>2</sup> bagi pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> yang tĕrsĕbut di atas tadi jika Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> atau pindaan itu hanya mĕngandongi sharat<sup>2</sup>:

- (a) bagi mĕngĕnakan atau mĕngubah sa-barang apa dĕnda wang atau hukuman kĕna bayar wang, atau mĕmbayar atau mĕminta bayaran lesen atau apa<sup>2</sup> bayaran atau upah kĕrana apa<sup>2</sup> kĕrja yang tĕlah di-jalankan; atau

Mĕrĕntikan  
kuat-kuasa  
Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup>  
Mĕshuarat.

(b) bagi mĕngĕnakan atau mĕngubah atau mĕngator apa<sup>2</sup> chukai atau bayaran yang di-kĕnakan oleh badan pĕntadbiran tĕmpatan atau lain<sup>2</sup> badan bagi kĕgunaan tĕmpatan.

**90.** (1) Kĕchuali dĕngan pĕrsĕtujuan Yang di-Pĕrtua, Majlis tidak boleh mĕmbinchangkan apa<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, pindaan, usul, atau rayuan yang di-fikirkan oleh Yang di-Pĕrtua akan mĕrĕntikan kuat-kuasa Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat atau mana<sup>2</sup> jua daripada-nya.

(2) Sa-suatu masaalah yang bĕrtujuan hĕndak mĕrĕntikan kuat-kuasa mana<sup>2</sup> Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat atau harus mĕnyĕbabkan boleh tĕrhĕnti kuat-kuasa Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat, boleh di-chadangkan hanya sa-lĕpas di-kĕluarkan pĕmbĕritahu atau dĕngan pĕrsĕtujuan Yang di-Pĕrtua.

**91.** Dĕngan tidak mĕnyĕntoh pĕrjalanan lPĕrkara 52 dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan sa-saorang ahli itu hĕndak-lah mĕmbĕri tahu Sĕtia-Uaha Majlis dĕngan sa-bĕrapa sĕgĕra-nya jika ia tidak dapat mĕnghadhiri sa-suatu mĕshuarat Majlis.

Ahli' yang  
tiada dapat  
hadhir.

**92.** Sa-saorang ahli tidak di-bĕnarkan hadhir di-hadapan Majlis atau di-hadapan

Mĕmakaî Ahli  
sa-bagai  
professional.

PARLIMEN



*Pindaan No. 13, Peratoran Meshuarat  
92 (2).*

Masukkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> “atau sebutan yang berulang<sup>2</sup> isi-nya” sa-lepas perkataan<sup>2</sup> “Undang<sup>2</sup> itu” pada baris yang keenam dalam perenggan ini.

MALAYSIA

atau yang ḥenggan keluarnya apabila di-persetahkan keluarnya pada masa Majlis Mesyuarat atau Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis Mesyuarat bersidang.

94. Yang di-Pertua boleh mengeluarkan kebenaran ‘am kepada wakil apa<sup>2</sup> akhbar kerana menghadhiri persidangan Majlis mengikut apa<sup>2</sup> pemerintahan yang dikeluarkannya dari satu masa ke-satu masa. Jika wakil itu melanggar pemerintahan<sup>2</sup> itu, maka kebenaran itu harus akan ditarek balek.

95. Ayat mengundang<sup>2</sup>kan semua Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> hendak-lah seperti berikut. “*Bahawa sa-nya di-pertubuat Undang<sup>2</sup> ini oleh Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan Agong dengan nasehat dan persetujuan Dewan Negara dan Dewan Ra’ayat yang bersidang dalam Parlimen, dan dengan kuasa kedua<sup>2</sup> Dewan itu. seperti berikut:*”

Tetapi di-sharatkan ia-itu berkenaan dengan apa<sup>2</sup> undang<sup>2</sup> yang berjalan kuat-kuasa-nya menurut Perkara 68 dalam Perlembagaan, maka ayat mengundang<sup>2</sup>kan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> itu hendak-lah seperti berikut—“*Bahawa sa-nya di-pertubuat Undang<sup>2</sup> ini oleh Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan Agong dengan*

Wakil<sup>1</sup>  
akhbar.

Ayat mengundang<sup>2</sup>kan  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>.

mēshuarat apa<sup>2</sup> Jawatan-Kuasa Majlis sa-bagai sifat-nya akan mēnērima bayaran atau upah, atau sa-bagai pēguam bagi mana<sup>2</sup> pehak.

Orang<sup>2</sup> luar.

93. (1) Orang<sup>2</sup> luar di-bēnarkan hadhir menyaksikan mēshuarat dalam Dewan Majlis mengikut apa<sup>2</sup> pēratoran yang di-keluarkan oleh Yang di-Pērtua dari satu masa ka-satu masa.

(2) Jika siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli mēmbēri tahu ada orang<sup>2</sup> luar hadhir, maka Pēngērusi dēngan sērta-mērta hēndak-lah mēngēmukakan masaalah "*Ia-itu orang<sup>2</sup> luar hēndak-lah kēluar*" bagi di-putuskan dēngan tidak di-bēnarkan di-bahath atau di-pinda.

(3) Pēngērusi, bila<sup>2</sup> baik pada fikiran-nya, boleh-lah mēmērentahkan orang<sup>2</sup> luar kēluar daripada Dewan Mēshuarat itu sama sa-kali atau daripada mana<sup>2</sup> bahagian Dewan Mēshuarat.

(4) Bēntara Mēshuarat hēndak-lah mē-nahan siapa<sup>2</sup> orang luar yang nampak oleh-nya masok dēngan tidak mēndapat kēbē-naran atau yang di-bēri tahu kapada-nya mēngatakan ada dalam mana<sup>2</sup> bahagian Dewan Majlis atau tēmpat pēmērhati dan juga siapa<sup>2</sup> orang luar yang tēlah di-bēnar-kan masok tētapi bērkēlakuan tidak baik,

*nasehat dan pĕrsĕtujuan Dewan Ra'ayat yang bĕrsidang dalam Parlimen, mĕnurut sharat<sup>2</sup> Pĕrkara 68 dalam Pĕrlĕmbagaan, dan dĕngan kuasa Dewan Ra'ayat, sapĕrti bĕrikut:".*

Mĕngĕluarkan  
Rang Undang<sup>3</sup>.

**96.** (1) Tiap<sup>2</sup> Undang<sup>2</sup> sa-lĕpas di-sahkan oleh Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sĕri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pĕrtuan Agong, hĕndak-lah di-kĕluarkan dĕngan sa-bĕrapa sĕgĕra-nya dalam *Warta Kĕrajaan*.

(2) Pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa jua sa-bĕlum di-kĕluarkan Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis, dĕngan bĕrunding dĕngan Sĕtia-Usaha Dewan Nĕgara, boleh mĕmbĕtulkan kĕ-salahan<sup>2</sup> tĕntang nahu dan kĕsalahan<sup>2</sup> chap dalam Undang<sup>2</sup> itu, atau dalam sĕbutan<sup>2</sup> di-dalam-nya, atau tanda<sup>2</sup> bĕrhĕnti atau pĕringatan<sup>2</sup> di-ruang muka surat, dan pada mĕmbĕtulkan-nya itu boleh-lah di-tambah-nya apa<sup>2</sup> pĕrkataan, atau di-potong atau di-ganti dĕngan pĕrkataan lain.

Bĕlanja saksi<sup>2</sup>.

**97.** Bĕlanja yang akan di-bayar atau ditawarkan untuk pĕrbĕlanjaan sa-saorang saksi yang di-panggil hadhir atau di-panggil mĕngĕluarkan apa<sup>2</sup> surat, hĕndak-lah sama banyak dĕngan bĕlanja yang boleh di-bayar kapada-nya jika sa-kira-nya ia di-panggil jadi saksi di-mahkamah mĕngikut atoran<sup>2</sup>

yang bĕrjalan kuat-kuasa-nya di-bawah undang<sup>2</sup> bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan pĕratoran kĕ- L.N. 658/54. salahan jĕnayah:

Tĕtapi di-sharatkan ia-itu masa mĕnjalankan atoran<sup>2</sup> itu, bila<sup>2</sup> di-sĕbut Hakim hĕndak-lah di-fahamkan maksud-nya Yang di-Pĕrtua dan bila<sup>2</sup> di-sĕbut Pĕndaftar Mahkamah Tĕtinggi di-fahamkan maksud-nya Sĕtia-Usaha Majlis.

**98.** Dalam Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat ini, *Tafsir.* pĕrkataan<sup>2</sup> atau kalimah yang di-sĕbutkan di-bawah ini ada-lah mĕngandongi ma'ana yang di-tĕrangkan itu kĕchualи jika karinah ayat-nya bĕrkĕhĕndakkan pĕngĕrtian yang lain—

pĕrkataan “Mĕntĕri” hĕndak-lah di-fahamkan tĕmasok Mĕntĕri Pĕnolong;

kalimah “Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan” hĕndak-lah di-fahamkan tĕmasok “Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Khas” atau “Jawatan-Kuasa Pĕng-galan Parlimen”, ia-itu mĕngikut maksud ayat-nya;

“pĕrsidangan” ĕrti-nya ia-lah tempoh di-jalankan mĕshuarat Majlis dĕngan tidak bĕrhĕnti<sup>2</sup>, dan tĕmasok-lah tempoh Majlis bĕrsidang sa-bagai Jawatan-Kuasa;

“mĕshuarat” ĕrti-nya ia-lah pĕrsidangan atau pĕrsidangan<sup>2</sup> Majlis mula daripada

A large, semi-transparent watermark of the Parliament of Malaysia logo is centered on the page. The logo is circular with "PARLIMEN" at the top and "MALAYSIA" at the bottom. Inside the circle is a stylized building with vertical stripes and horizontal lines.

*Pindaan No. 14, Peratoran Meshuarat 99.*

Masukkan perkataan<sup>2</sup> di-bawah ini sa-lepas perkataan “mu’tamad”. “kechuali jika ada usul bersendiri menentang kepu-tusan Yang di-Pertua.”

Yang di-Pertua dari satu masa ka-satu masa; dan masa hendak mengeluarkan perentah demikian itu, Yang di-Pertua hendak-lah memandang kapada ‘adat kelaziman Majlis Parlimen dalam Negeri<sup>2</sup> Commonwealth sa-panjang yang boleh dipakaikan kapada perjalanan Majlis.



pĕrmulaan Majlis bĕrmĕshuarat sa-lĕpas di-panggil mĕshuarat pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa jua, dan habis-nya apabila Majlis di-tanggohkan dĕngan tidak di-tĕntukan haribulan mĕshuarat akan datang, atau sa-tĕlah tamat sa-suatu pĕnggal Parlimen;

“pĕnggal Parlimen” ērti-nya ia-lah pĕrsidangan<sup>2</sup> Majlis mula daripada pĕrmulaan Majlis bĕrmĕshuarat sa-lĕpas di-tubohkan Majlis atau sa-lĕpas di-bĕrhĕntikan atau di-bubarkan Parlimen pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa jua; dan habis-nya apabila Parlimen di-bĕrhĕntikan atau di-bubarkan dĕngan tidak di-bĕrhĕntikan tĕrlĕbeh dahulu.

Pĕtua<sup>2</sup> Yang  
di-Pĕtua.

“Kūasa<sup>2</sup> dalam  
pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> lain.

**99.** Kĕputusan Yang di-Pĕtua bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan sa-barang pĕrkara tafsir dalam mana<sup>2</sup> jua Pĕratoran Mĕshuarat ini atau bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan kĕlaziman ada-lah mu'tamad. Yang di-Pĕtua, dari satu masa ka-satu masa, boleh mĕngĕluarkan pĕtua<sup>2</sup> bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan pĕrkara<sup>2</sup> ini.

**100.** Sĕmua pĕrkara yang tidak di-sharatkan tĕrang<sup>2</sup> dalam Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> ini dan sĕmua pĕrkara bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan mĕnjalankan Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> ini pada pĕrkara satu-pĕrsatunya, hĕndak-lah di-atorkan mĕnurut chara yang tidak bĕrlawan dĕngan Pĕratoran<sup>2</sup> ini, sa-bagaimana yang di-pĕrentahkan oleh

## FAHRASAT

(Angka<sup>2</sup> itu ménunjukkan bilangan Pératoran Měshuarat)

### Ahli<sup>2</sup>

- Apabila tiada dapat hadir, 91
- Di-tégor oleh Pěngerusi, 42
- Di-sébutkan nama oleh Pěngerusi, 44 (2), (3), (4)
- Di-gantong kérja sa-bagai ahli, 44 (5)
- Fa'edah kěwangan, 35 (7), 47 (5), 50 (4)
- Kědatangan, di-masokkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pěrjalanan Měshuarat, 9 (4)
- Kělakuan-nya dalam měshuarat, 41
- Kělakuan tiada sěnonoh, 44
- Kěrusi, měnguntokkan bagi ahli<sup>2</sup>, 2
- Měnengok rekod<sup>2</sup> dan surat<sup>2</sup> yang di-běntangkan dalam Majlis, 9 (5), (6)
- Měngangkat sumpah, 1 (c), 5 (2), (3)
- Měmakai orang sa-bagai professional, 92
- Měngěluarkan rayuan, tanggongan-nya, 19 (1) (a), 19 (2) (c)
- Měngundi dalam bělah-bahagi, di-masokkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pěrjalanan Měshuarat, 9 (4)
- Pěněrangan sěndiri, 25
- Salinan uchapan—
  - Boleh di-bětulkan, 10 (3), (4)
  - Di-běrikan kepada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 10 (2)

### Anggaran Pěrbělanjaan, Tahunan

- Di-hantar kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pěrběkalan, 66 (3)
- Hěndak-lah di-běntangkan di-Meja sa-bělum měshuarat, 65
- Pěrbělanjaan yang di-kěhěndaki hěndak-lah di-těrangkan satu-pěrsatu, 66 (1)
- Tambahan, 67 (1)—
  - Hal<sup>2</sup>-nya hěndak-lah di-těrangkan, 67 (1), (a)—(d)
  - Hěndak-lah di-běntangkan di-atas Meja, 67 (2)

- Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat**  
Mēnghantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 9 (2)
- Bahasa, 8**  
Bahasa rasmi, 8  
Bahasa biadab, 36 (4)
- Bēlah-bahagi**  
Ahli<sup>2</sup> yang mēminta di-adakan bēlah-bahagi, 46 (4)  
Chara mēnjalankan-nya, 47 (1) (2) (3)  
Di-masokkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat, 9 (4), 47 (1)  
Kēsilapan undi, 47 (4)  
Pēnghetong undi, mēlantek pēnghetong undi, 46 (4)  
Suara, bērsētuju, 47 (2)  
Tidak sah jika tidak chukup-bilang, 13 (5)  
Undi pēmutus, 47 (3)
- Bēntara Majlis**  
Kēwajipan-nya, 44 (2), 93 (4)
- Buku Pērentah**  
Boleh di-tengok oleh ahli<sup>2</sup>, 9 (5)  
Hal<sup>2</sup> yang hēndak di-masokkan di-dalam-nya, 9 (5)  
Mēnyēdiakan-nya, 9 (5)
- Chukup-bilangan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis, 13**  
Atoran mēmbilang ahli<sup>2</sup>, 13 (3), (4)  
Dalam bēlah-bahagi, 13 (5)  
Jika tidak chukup-bilang, 13 (3)  
Tidak tērmasuk Pēngērusi, 13 (1)
- Commonwealth**  
Kēlaziman Majlis Parlimen, 100
- Dewan Nēgara**  
Pērutusan daripada Dewan Nēgara—  
Apabila Majlis bērsidang, 71 (1)  
Di-tērima oleh Bēntara Majlis, 71 (1)  
Mēmbacha-nya, 71 (3)  
Mēnyampaikan kapada Yang di-Pērtua, 71 (2)  
Pērutusan kapada Dewan Nēgara, 70 (1), (2)

### **Dewan Negera, Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> daripada-nya**

Bachaan Kali Yang Pertama, di-masukkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pérjalanan Mēshuarat, 72 (1)

Bachaan Kali Yang Kedua, pēmbēritahu, 72 (2)

Di-jaga oleh ahli, 72 (2)

Di-bentangkan di atas Meja, 72 (1)

Mēnuliskan nama ahli, 72 (3)

Pérutusan bērkēnaan dēngan-nya, 70 (1) (b), 70 (2)

### **Had Pērbahathan**

Bērkēnaan dēngan pindaan, 38 (1), (3), (4)

Bērkēnaan dēngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, 38 (1), 55 (1), 61 (1)

Bērkēnaan dēngan usul, 38 (1); mēnanggohkan mēshuarat, 38 (1), (2); mēnanggohkan pērbahathan, 38 (5); dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, 38 (5)

Perkara yang bērkaitan, 38 (1) (2)

### **Jawatan-Kuasa Pēmileh (*lihat juga* Jawatan Kuasa Pilehan)**

Ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya, 76 (2)

Kuasa-nya, 76 (2)

Mēlantek-nya 76 (2)

### **Jawatan Kuasa Hak dan Kēbebasan (*lihat juga* Jawatan Kuasa Pilehan)**

Ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya, 80 (1)

Atoran dalam mēshuarat-nya, 80 (2)

Kēwajipan-nya, 80 (1)

Kuasa-nya, 80 (3)

### **Jawatan Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis**

Chukup bilang, 13 (1), (4)

Pēngērusi-nya, 7 (4)

Pēnyata rasmi mēshuarat, 10 (1)

Waktu-nya di-rēntikan pérjalanan mēshuarat, 16 (2)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Perbekalan**

Pengerusi<sup>2</sup>-nya, 7 (4) (*lihat juga Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Perbekalan*)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Kira<sup>2</sup> Wang Negara**

Ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya, 77 (2)

Kewajipan-nya, 77 (1)

Kuasa<sup>2</sup>-nya, 77 (4)

Melan tek-nya, 77 (1)

Menteri tidak boleh jadi ahli, 77 (3)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan**

Ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya—

Mamilch-nya, 82 (1)

Melan tek-nya, 81 (1), 83 (7)

Belah-bahagi, 84

Chukup-bilang, 83 (3)

Kebenaran mema'alumkan fikiran dan perchakan, 83 (2)

Kebenaran mema'alumkan butir<sup>2</sup> keterangan, 83 (2)

Kebenaran hendak mengeluarkan pernyata khas, 86 (2)

Keterangan yang di-keluarkan kepada-nya—

Menyarkan-nya, 85

Menghantar kepada saksi, 83 (10)

Yang tidak berkaitan, boleh enggan mendengar, 83 (11)

Kuasa memanggil orang dan meminta keluarkan surat, 83 (2)

Mesuarat<sup>2</sup>-nya—

Bila masa-nya bersidang, 83 (6)

Masa dan tempat-nya, 83 (5)

Peratoran yang dipakaikan kepada semua, Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, kecuali jika ada sharat lain dalam Operatoran Mesuarat 76 sampai 80, 83 (1)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan—(sambongan)**

Pēringatan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat, hal-nya hēndak-lah di-tuliskan, 86 (4)

Pērjalanan mēshuarat, tidak boleh di-sēbutkan dalam pērtanyaan, 23 (1) (e)

Pēnyata-nya—

Di-bentangkan di atas Meja Majlis, 86 (3)

Mēmbawa ka-dalam mēshuarat, 86 (3)

Mēngēchap-nya, 86 (3)

Mēnimbangkan, 83 (12)

Pēnyata Khas, 86 (2)

Saksi—

Mēmanggil-nya, 83 (9)

Yang bērdēgil, boleh ēnggan di-dēngar chakap-nya, 83 (11)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Khas**

Mēnubohkan-nya, 81 (1)

Mēngantikan ahli<sup>2</sup>, 82 (2)

Pēngērusi—

Mēmileh-nya, 81 (2)

Undi pēmutus, 84 (4)

Pērsidangan-nya, 83 (5)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan Bērsama**

Kuasa<sup>2</sup>-nya, 87 (c)

Mēlantek-nya, 87

Pēngērusi di-pileh atau di-lantek, 88 (1)

Pēnyata-nya—

Di-bawa ka-dalam mēshuarat, 88 (2)

Sharat<sup>2</sup> Pēratoran Mēshuarat bērkēnaan dēngan-nya, 88 (2)

Pēratoran mēshuarat-nya, 88 (1)

Usul<sup>2</sup> hēndak mēnubohkan, 87 (a)

**Jawatan-Kuasa Pēratoran Mēshuarat**

Ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya, 78 (1)

Kēwajipan-nya, 78 (1)

Mēlantek-nya, 78 (1)

Pindaan kapada Pēratoran<sup>3</sup> Mēshuarat, atoran-nya  
78 (2)

### **Jawatan-Kuasa Dewan**

Ahli<sup>2</sup>-nya, 79 (1)

Kewajipan<sup>2</sup>-nya 79 (1)

Peringatan mēshuarat di-hantar kepada semua ahli Majlis, 79 (2)

### **Kēputusan atas Masaalah**

Pehak mana yang banyak ahli<sup>2</sup> mēngundi, 45

### **Kēputusan Majlis**

Di-masokkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pējalanan Mēshuarat, 9 (4)

### **Kērusi<sup>2</sup>**

Mēnguntokkan-nya, 2

Pēnērangan sēndiri oleh ahli<sup>2</sup>, 25

Masa-nya hēndak di-kēluarkan, 14 (1) (/)

Pēnērangan yang di-sēdiakan tērlēbh dahulu, hēndak-lah di-bērikan kapada Yang di-Pērtua, 25

### **Kumpulan Wang Pēndahuluan**

Kētērangan wang yang di-kēluarkan daripada-nya, di-bawa oleh Mēnteri, 68 (1)

Kētērangan di-minta bērkēnaan dēngan butir<sup>2</sup> pērbelanjaan, pēmbēritahu yang di-kēhēndaki, 68 (2)

### **Majlis, Mēnanggohkan Majlis mēnurut Pēratoran Mēshuarat, 18**

#### **Usul kērana-nya—**

Luchut chadangan pada masa di-ganggu, 18 (3)

Masa-nya mēnchadangkan, 18 (3)

Masa dan chara-nya mēminta izin mēnchadangkan, 14 (1) (/), 18 (1)

Mēnghadkan bērpa usul dalam satu pērsida-nan, 18 (5)

Pēmbēritahu bērsurat bērkēnaan dēngan pērkara yang hēndak di-binchangkan, 18 (2)

Urusan yang di-tanggohkan, di-mulakan lēpas pukul 4.30 pētang, 18 (4)

## **Mēnanggohkan Majlis**

Dēngan tidak di-kēmukakan, 17 (4), 18 (4)  
Dēngan tidak di-tentukan hari mēshuarat akan datang, 11 (2)  
Hingga hari lain, 12 (2)  
Hingga hari esok, 12 (2)  
Jika bērbangkit huru-hara bēsar, 44 (8)  
Kērana tidak chukup-bilang, 13 (3)  
Usul mēnanggohkan Majlis—  
Di-chadangkan oleh ahli Kērajaan, 16 (3)  
Masa-nya mēngēluarkan usul, 12 (2), 16 (1), (3)  
Masaalah di-kēmukakan, 17 (4)  
Mēnghadkan bilangan ahli yang boleh bērchakap dan lama-nya di-bēnarkan tiap<sup>2</sup> sa-saorang itu boleh bērchakap, 17 (2), (3)  
Pēmbēritahu hēndak mēnanggohkan mēshuarat, 17 (2)  
Pērkara<sup>2</sup> yang boleh di-kēluarkan, 17 (1)

## **Masaalah, mēmutuskan-nya, 45**

Masaalah daripada Pēngērusi  
Chara mēnchadangkan, 33 (4)  
Chadagan, bērkēnaan dēngan usul, 33 (1)  
Kēputusan di-mashhorkan oleh Pēngērusi, 46 (3)  
Mēngēmukakan, 33 (2), (3)  
Pindaan kapada-nya, 30 (4), 33, 57 (5)  
Yang tēlah di-kēmukakan sēmuia sa-kali—  
Apabila tēlah di-pungut undi, 46 (2)  
Tiada siapa boleh bērchakap lagi lēpas itu, 46 (2)

## **Mēshuarat**

Mula<sup>2</sup> lēpas Pilehan Raya—  
Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat, 1  
Mēngatorkan kērusi ahli<sup>2</sup>, 2 (1)  
Pēmashhoran, mēmbachakan-nya, 1  
Pēmbēritahu, 9 (1)

### **Orang<sup>2</sup> Luar**

Apabila ada ahli mēmbēritahu mēngatakan ada orang luar, 93 (2); kēwajipan Pēngērusi, 93 (2)

Bēntara Majlis, kēwajipan-nya bērkēnaan dēngan orang luar, 93 (4)

Mēmbēnarkan hadhir mēnyaksikan mēshuarat, 93 (1)

### **Pēmbēritahu**

Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat, 9 (2)

Bērkēnaan dēngan pērkara yang hēndak di-kēluarkan apabila di-tanggohkan mēshuarat, 17 (2)

Bērkēnaan dēngan pindaan kapada Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, 27

Bērkēnaan dēngan mēshuarat<sup>2</sup> dan pēnggal<sup>2</sup> mēshuarat, 9 (1), 11 (2), (3)

Bērkēnaan dēngan usul—

Chara mēngēluarkan-nya, 27 (1)

Di-masokkan dalam Buku Mēshuarat, 9 (5)

Mēngubah susunan chakap, 28

Mēngēchap dan mēnghantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 27 (4), (6)

Mēlonggarkan sharat mēngēchap, 26 (a)-(r)

Mēnarek balek, 29

Mēsti di-kēluarkan, 26

Pēnggal baharu, 9 (1)

Tanda tangan, 27 (2)

Tempoh-nya, 27 (3)

Yang tidak bētul atau tidak mēnurut pēratoran, 27 (5)

Pērtanyaan kapada Mēntēri, 22 (1), (2)

### **Pēmashhoran mēmanggil Parlimen**

Di-bachakan oleh Sētia-Usaha, 1

Mēmbēritahu ahli<sup>2</sup>, 9 (1)

### **Pēngērusi**

Chukup-bilangan tidak tērmasok pēngērusi, 13 (1)  
Kēputusan-nya mu'tamad bērkēnaan dēngan pēratoran, 43  
Ma'ana "Pēngērusi", 7 (5)

### **Pēratoran Mēshuarat**

Atoran bērkēnaan dēngan pindaan, 78 (2)  
Mēréntikan kuat-kuasa, 90  
Pindaan hēndak mēminda Pēratoran Mēshuarat,  
78 (2)  
Tafsir, 98

### **Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> Bērbahath**

Bahasa biadab, 36 (4)  
Bērchakap lēbch daripada sa-kali, 35 (3), (4)  
Bērulang<sup>2</sup> mēnyēbutkan pērkara yang tēlah di-sēbutkan, 44 (1)  
Chakap Pēngērusi hēndak-lah di-dēngar dēngan diam, 42  
Fa'edah kēwangan diri sēndiri, 35 (7)  
Hal tiada kēna-mēngēna, 44 (1)  
Masa dan chara bērchakap, 35 (1)  
Masaalah baharu, bērchakap sa-kali lagi, 35 (5)  
Mēmbacha uchapan, 35 (6)  
Mēndahuluï pērbahathan, 39  
Mēndatangkan sangkaan jahat, 36 (6)  
Mēngganggu, 37  
Mēngēluarkan masaalah<sup>2</sup> yang tēlah di-putuskan,  
36 (3)  
Mēnyēbutkan pērkara<sup>2</sup> yang sēdang dalam timbangan mahkamah, 36 (2)  
Mēnyēbutkan nama ahli, 36 (5)  
Mēnyēbutkan nama anu-anu, 36 (7), (8), (9)  
Pērchakapan hēndak-lah di-arahkan kapada Pēngērusi, 35 (1)  
Pērkara<sup>2</sup> Pēratoran, kēputusan Pēngērusi, 43  
Pērkara<sup>2</sup> yang bērkaitan, 36 (1), 38 (1), (2)  
Pērkataan<sup>2</sup> dērhaka, mēngasut kuasa Kērajaan dan lain<sup>2</sup> pērkataan yang harus mēmbangkitkan pērasaan bērsakit<sup>2</sup> hati dan bērmusoh<sup>2</sup>an, 36 (10)

### **Perbahathan**

#### **Mĕnutup-nya—**

Bila masa-nya boleh di-chadangkan di-tutup,  
40 (1)

Di-kĕhĕndaki sa-bilangan ramai ahli yang  
bĕrsĕtuju, 40 (3)

Masaalah atas usul, hĕndak di-putuskan dĕngan  
tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath, 40 (1);  
hĕndak-lah di-kĕmukakan dĕngan sĕrta-mĕrta,  
40 (1)

Masaalah yang bĕlum di-putuskan, 40 (2)

### **Pĕrdana Mĕnteri**

Masa Majlis dalam tanggohan, boleh mĕminta  
di-adakan mĕshuarat dahulu daripada hari yang  
di-tĕtapkan, 11 (3)

Mĕnĕtapkan urusan mĕshuarat, 11 (3)

### **Pĕrsidangan dan Pĕnggal<sup>2</sup> Majlis**

Ma'ana-nya, 98

Masa dan tĕmpat-nya, 11 (1), (2)

Pĕmbĕritahu, 11 (2)

### **Pĕrsidangan**

Atoran Urusan Mĕshuarat, di-hantar kepada ahli<sup>2</sup>,  
9 (2)

Di-tanggohkan apabila habis mĕshuarat, 16

Masa-nya mĕngganggu pĕrsidangan, 16 (2)

Mĕnempohkan pĕrsidangan—

Jika bĕrlaku kachau-bilau bĕsar, 44 (8)

Pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa oleh Pĕngĕrusi, 12 (3)

Pukul bĕrpa di-mulakan, 12 (1)

Urusan Kĕrajaan di-dahulukan daripada sĕmuा  
urusan yang lain<sup>2</sup>, 15 (1)

Yang di-Pĕrtua boleh mĕlantek sa-orang ahli jadi  
Pĕngĕrusi sĕmĕntara, 7 (3)

### **Pĕrutusan**

Daripada Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sĕri Paduka  
Baginda Yang di-Pĕrtuan Agong, dalam Atoran  
Urusan Mĕshuarat, 14 (1) (d)  
Kapada Dewan Nĕgara, 70 (1)

### **Pērtanyaan<sup>2</sup> kapada Mēntēri**

- Boleh di-kēluarkan oleh siapa<sup>2</sup> ahli lain, 24 (2)
- Chara mēngēluarkan dan mēnjawab-nya, 24 (1), (2)
- Dalam kuasa Yang di-Pērtua, 23 (2)
- Jawapan bērtulis daripada Mēntēri, 24 (2), (6)
- Masa-nya yang di-untokkan, 24 (5)
- Masa-nya mēngēluarkan pērtanyaan, 14 (1) (g)
- Mēnanggohkan, 24 (2)
- Mēnarek balek pērtanyaan, 24 (2)
- Mēntēri bolch ēnggan mēnjawab, 22 (4)
- Pēmbēritahu, 22 (!), (2)—
  - Di-masokkan dalam Buku Mēshuarat, 9 (5)
- Pēratoran bērkēnaan dēngan gaya dan isi pērtanyaan, 23 (1)
- Pērkara<sup>2</sup> yang bolch di-kēluarkan, 21 (1)
- Pērtanyaan tambahan, 24 (3)
- Tidak boleh di-jadikan helah hēndak bērbahath, 24 (4)
- Tujuan sa-bēnar-nya sa-suatu pērtanyaan itu, 21 (3)
- Untuk di-jawab mulut—
  - Di-hadkan banyak-nya, 22 (3)
  - Jawapan bērtulis, 22 (3)
  - Mēnandakan-nya, 22 (3)
  - Yang di-hadapkan kapada ahli<sup>2</sup> sa-lain dari-pada Mēntēri, 21 (2)
- Yang tidak di-bēnarkan—
  - sēbab<sup>2</sup>-nya, hēndak-lah di-bēri tahu kapada ahli yang bērtanya, 23 (3)

### **Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>**

- Bērkēnaan dēngan chukai, pērbēlanjaan dan sa-bagai-nya, 51 (4), 89 (1)
- Bachaan Kali Yang Kēdua—
  - Mēnolak Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, 53 (4)
  - Pēmbēritahu, 48, 53 (1)
  - Pērbahathan, 53 (3)
  - Usul mēnchadangkan bachaan kali yang kēdua, 53 (3)

### **Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>—(*sambongan*)**

- Bachaan Kali Yang Kētiga—57 (14), 60 (2)—  
Měmbētulkan kēsilapan sa-bēlum di-kēmukakan,  
61 (2)  
Usul, pindaan dan had pērbahathan, 61 (1)  
Di-luluskan oleh Dewan Ra'ayat, di-hantar kepada  
Dewan Nēgara, 70 (1) (2)  
Fasal<sup>2</sup>, di-bahagikan kapada fasal<sup>2</sup>, di-bēri nombor,  
51 (1) (a)  
Gaya Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, 51 (1)  
Isi<sup>2</sup>-nya, jangan kēluar daripada tujuan kēpala-nya,  
51 (1) (c)  
Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis—  
Asas Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> tidak boleh di-bahathkan  
dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, 55 (1)  
Atoran dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, 57  
Fasal<sup>2</sup>, mēnanggohkan-nya, 57 (6)  
Fasal<sup>2</sup> baharu, mēnimbangkan-nya, 57 (7) (8);  
pindaan kapada-nya, 57 (8); masa'alah<sup>2</sup> di-  
chadangkan, 57 (8)  
Jadual<sup>2</sup>, mēnimbangkan-nya, 57 (9)  
Kalimah mēngundang<sup>2</sup>kan, tidak di-kēhendaki  
di-kēmukakan, 57 (12)  
Kēpala Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, pindaan kapada-nya,  
55 (2), 57 (12); tidak boleh di-kēmukakan,  
57 (12)  
Mēma'alumkan sa-banyak mana tēlah di-jalankan  
urusan, usul kērana itu, 56  
Mēnamatkan pērjalanan mēshuarat, 57 (13) (14);  
usul mēma'alumkan kapada Majlis, masa'alah  
atas-nya hēndak-lah di-putuskan dēngan tidak  
di-bēnarkan di-pinda atau di-bahath, 57 (13)  
Pēndahuluan, mēnimbangkan-nya, 57 (11);  
pindaan kapada-nya 57 (11)  
Pindaan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, 55 (2); tidak  
di-bēnarkan, 57 (3) (4); chara mēnchadangkan  
masa'alah, 57 (5); mēnarek balek, 57 (10)  
Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan—  
Pēratoran dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, 58  
Pindaan dalam Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, 58 (2)

**Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>—(sambongan)**

- Kalimah mēngundang<sup>2</sup>kan, 95  
Kēpala fasal<sup>2</sup> yang ada di-tēpi muka surat, 51 (1) (b)  
Kēwangan, surat akuan hēndak-lah di-tanda tangan oleh Yang di-Pērtua, 69  
Mēnghantar kapada Jawatan-Kuasa, 54—  
    Usul kērana itu, 54; masa'alah di-kēmukakan sērta-mērta dan di-putuskan dēngan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath, 54  
Mēngeluarkan dalam Warta Kērajaan sa-tēlah di-sētujukan oleh D.Y.M.M., 96 (1)  
Masa'alah bērkēnaan dēngan-nya, bagi bachaan kali yang kedua bagi apa<sup>2</sup> Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> lain yang mēngandongi sharat<sup>2</sup> yang sama maksud-nya, tiada boleh di-chadangkan dalam pēnggal itu juga, 63  
Mēmbahagikan kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 51 (3), 53 (2)  
Mēmbētulkan kēsalahan nahu dan sa-bagai-nya, 96 (2)  
Mēnghantar balek kapada Jawatan-Kuasa, 59 (1), (2), (3)  
Mēnghantar balek Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> yang di-ma'alum-kan oleh Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan kapada Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis, 59  
Mēnarek balek, 62  
Mēnēpati Pēratoran<sup>2</sup> Mēshuarat, 51 (1) (d), 51 (2)  
Pēnērangan rengkas, 51 (3)  
Pēnyata Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan—  
    Di-timbangkan oleh Majlis, 60  
Pindaan<sup>2</sup> kapada-nya, mēngēnaī chukai, pēr-bēlanjaan dan sa-bagai-nya, 89 (1)  
Pehak yang di-kēnaī oleh-nya, 52  
Pindaan Dewan Nēgara—  
    Apabila tidak di-sētujukan, apa atoran-nya, 75  
    Jawatan-Kuasa bagi mērangkakan sēbab<sup>2</sup> tidak bērsētuju dēngan pindaan Dewan Nēgara, 74 (4); Chukup-bilang, 74 (4); pēnyata-nya, 74 (4); di-masokkan dalam Undi dan Pēr-jalanan Mēshuarat, 74 (4)

**Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>—(*sambongan*)**

Pindaan Dewan Nēgara—(*sambongan*)

Mēmasokkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat, 73 (2)

Mēnimbangkan-nya, 73 (1); pēmbēritahu, 73 (1)  
Mēngēchap-nya, 73 (2); di-masokkan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat, 73 (2)

Pindaan kepada pindaan Dewan Nēgara, 74 (1),  
(3); pēmbēritahu, 74 (1) (a)

Usul hēndak mēmbahagi<sup>2</sup>kan pindaan, 74 (1);  
pēmbēritahu, 74 (1) (a)

Daripada Ahli<sup>2</sup> Private—

Bachaan Kali Yang Pērtama, 49 (3)

Bachaan Kali Yang Kēdua, 49 (5)

Mēngēchap dan mēnhantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 49 (4)

Mēnhantar kapada Mēntēri, 49 (4)

Pēnyata bērkēnaan dēngan-nya, 49 (4)

Pērmintaan hēndak mēngēluarkan, 49 (1); gaya-nya, 49 (2); tujuan<sup>2</sup> dan pērkara<sup>2</sup> besar, 49 (1);

mēnhantar kapada Sētia-Usaha, 49 (2)

Salinan-nya di-hantar kapada Sētia-Usaha, 49 (3)

Daripada Kērajaan—

Bachaan Kali Yang Pērtama, 48

Mēmbawa ka-dalam mēshuarat, 48; masa-nya,  
14 (1) (m)

Mēngēchap-nya, 48; di-longgarkan sharat bērkēhendak di-chap, 64

Private dan Champoran—

Bēlanja mēmajukan-nya, 50 (8)

Bachaan kali yang pērtama, 50 (1)

Di-i'lankan, 50 (1)

Hak<sup>3</sup> Duli Yang Maha Mulia Sēri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan Agong dan lain<sup>2</sup>-nya,  
50 (2)

Jawatan-Kuasa, di-hantar kapada, 50 (3);  
fa'edah kēwangan bagi diri ahli<sup>2</sup>, 50 (4) (a);  
pēmashhoran ahli<sup>2</sup>, 50 (4); kētērangan, 50 (5);  
di-ma'alumkan kapada Majlis, 50 (6); mēmasokkan fasal<sup>2</sup> baharu, 50 (7); pindaan<sup>2</sup>  
dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, 50 (6)

### **Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>—(sambongan)**

Private dan Champoran—(sambongan)

Mengchap dan menghantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 50 (1)

Rayuan, 50 (3)

Salinan-nya di-hantar kapada Setaia-Usaha, 50 (1)

### **Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Perbekalan**

Bachaan Kali Yang Pertama dan Kedua—

Pada hari di-bawa itu juga, 48

Perbahathan di-tanggohkan, 66 (2); bberapa hari  
di-tetapkan, 66 (2); had-nya, 66 (2)

Bachaan Kali Yang Ketiga—

Usul ménchadang di-bachakan kali yang ketiga,  
hendak-lah di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh  
di-pinda atau di-bahath, 66 (12)

Di-serahkan kapada Jawatan-Kuasa, 66 (3)

Jawatan-Kuasa Perbekalan—

Bberapa hari di-untokkan perbahathan, 66 (4)

Jadual<sup>2</sup>, ménimbangkan-nya, 66 (5), (6); di-  
dahulukan sa-béluum fasal<sup>2</sup>, 66 (5); pindaan,  
pembéritahu, 66 (7); ménambah anggaran  
belanja, 66 (9)

Membawa ka-dalam meshuarat, 66 (1)

Mema'alumkan kapada Majlis, 66 (12)

Meshuarat terbuka kapada orang ramai, 66 (3)

Perbahathan, 66 (11)

### **Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Perbekalan, Tambahan**

Bachaan Kali Yang Kedua, had perbahathan, 67 (3)

Bachaan Kali Yang Ketiga, 67 (6)—

Usul ménchadang di-bachakan kali yang ketiga,  
hendak-lah di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh  
di-pinda atau di-bahath, 67 (6)

Di-serahkan kapada Jawatan-Kuasa, 67 (4)

Jawatan-Kuasa Perbekalan—

Bberapa hari di-tetapkan meshuarat, 67 (4); had  
perbahathan, 67 (5); atoran dalam Jawatan-  
Kuasa, 67 (4)

Mema'alumkan kapada Majlis, 67 (6)

## **Rayuan<sup>2</sup>**

- Ahli<sup>2</sup> tiada boleh mĕmbawa rayuan sĕndiri,  
19 (2) (c)
- Bahasa-nya hĕndak-lah bĕradab, 19 (1) (a),  
19 (2) (e)
- Bĕrkĕnaan dĕngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>, 50 (3), 52  
Do'a, 19 (2) (a)
- Di-hantar kapada Jawatan-Kuasa Pilehan, 19 (4) (d)
- Mĕminta pĕmbĕrian, sanggupan atau pĕrbĕlanjaan  
daripada wang kĕrajaan, dan sa-bagai-nya,  
19 (1) (b)
- Mĕmpĕrkĕnankan dan di-tanda tangan oleh Yang  
di-Pĕrtua, 19 (2) (d)
- Mĕmbawa ka-dalam mĕshuarat, 19 (1) (a)—  
Atoran-nya, 19 (3), (4)  
Masa-nya, 14 (i), (f)
- Mĕnyĕbutkan pĕrbahathan dan sa-bagai-nya, 19  
(2) (b)
- Tanda tangan, 19 (2) (a), (d)
- Usul mĕnchadang hĕndak di-bachakan, 19 (4) (a)—  
Tiada boleh di-bahath, 19 (4) (b)
- Tiada puas hati dĕngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Private dan  
Rang Undang<sup>2</sup> Champoran, 50 (3)

## **Rekod dan Surat<sup>2</sup>**

- Boleh di-tengok, 9 (6)
- Mĕnyimpan-nya, 9 (6)

## **Risalat<sup>2</sup> Mĕshuarat**

- Boleh di-tengok oleh ahli<sup>2</sup>, 9 (6)
- Di-pĕrentahkan tĕrbĕntang di-atas Meja, 20 (2)
- Di-bawa ka-dalam mĕshuarat, hĕndak-lah di-  
tuliskan dalam Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pĕrjalanan Mĕshuarat,  
20 (3)
- Di-sifatkan tĕlah di-bawa ka-dalam mĕshuarat, 20  
(2)
- Mĕnyimpan-nya, 9 (6)
- Siapa yang mĕmbawa ka-dalam mĕshuarat, 20 (1)

**Saksi, Bēlanja-nya, 97**

**Sētia-Usaha Majlis**

- Kēwajipan-nya bērkēnaan dēngan Rang Undang<sup>2</sup>  
51
- Kēwajipan-nya bērkēnaan mēmileh Yang di-Pērtua, 4 (3)—(7)
- Mēmbachakan Pēnashhoran, 1
- Mēnētapkan kērusi bagi Mēshuarat Pērtama, 2
- Mēnghantar salinan pēmbēritahu mēshuarat dan pēnggal<sup>2</sup> mēshuarat, 9 (1)
- Mēnghantar Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat, 9 (2)
- Mēnjalankan Sumpah, 5 (1)
- Mēnjaga kērja mēnyēdiakan salinan uchapan, 10 (1)
- Mēnyimpan Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat, 9 (3)
- Mēnyēdiakan Buku Mēshuarat, 9 (5)
- Tērtanggong mēnjaga rekod dan surat<sup>2</sup>, 9 (6)

**Sokongan Kērajaan**

- Rayuan<sup>2</sup> bērkēhēndakkan sokongan kērajaan, 19 (1) (b)
- Usul bērkēhēndakkan sokongan kērajaan, 26 (2)

**Sumpah**

- Chara-nya, 1 (b) (c), 5 (1)
- Di-jalankan oleh Sētia-Usaha, 5 (1)
- Ikrar, ganti sumpah, 5 (4)
- Masa-nya ahli<sup>2</sup> baharu, mēngangkat sumpah, 14 (1) (c)
- Mēngangkat sumpah—
  - Ahli<sup>2</sup>, 5 (2); pada masa Majlis dalam tanggohan, 5 (3)
  - Yang di-Pērtua, 1 (b)

**Tērtib dalam Majlis**

- Ahli di-gantong kērja sa-bagai ahli, 44 (5), (6)
- Bēntara Majlis, kēwajipan-nya, 44 (2), (6)
- Jika bērbangkit kachau-bilau bēsar, kuasa Pēngērusi, 44 (8)

### **Tertib Dalam Majlis—(*sambongan*)**

- Kēlakuan ahli<sup>2</sup>, 41
- Kēlakuan tiada sēnonoh, 44 (1) (2)
- Mēngēluarkan ahli<sup>2</sup>, 44 (2), (7)
- Mēnyēbutkan nama ahli, 44 (2), (3), (4)
- Pēngērusi hēndak-lah di-dēngar chakap-nya dēngan diam, 42
- Pērkara<sup>2</sup> pēratoran, kēputusan Yang di-Pērtua ada-lah mu'tamad, 43, 99
- Pērkara<sup>2</sup> tiada bērkaitan, bērulang<sup>2</sup> mēnyēbutkan-nya, 44 (1)
- Usul mēnggantong daripada jadi ahli, 44 (3)
- Yang di-Pērtua tērtanggong mēnjaga pēratoran, 44 (3)

### **Timbalan Yang di-Pērtua**

- Mēmileh-nya, 6—
  - Atoran mēmileh-nya, 6 (2)

### **Uchapan, salinan-nya**

- Mēmbētulkan kēsilapan, 10 (4)
- Mēngēluarkan-nya, 10 (2), (3)
- Mēnyēdiakan jadi buku, 10 (1)
- Salinan di-hantar kepada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 10 (2)

### **Urusan Mēshuarat**

- Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat, 1
- Mēmulakan balek urusan mēshuarat, sa-tēlah sēlēsai usul mēnanggohkan mēshuarat mēnurut Pēratoran 18, 18 (4)
- Mēnanggohkan mēshuarat apabila habis urusan mēshuarat, 16
- Urusan Kērajaan—
  - Di-tētapkan olch Pērdana Mēntéri apabila Majlis di-panggil dalam tanggohan, 11 (3)
  - Pēratoran-nya, sa-bagaimana yang baik pada pandangan Kērajaan, 15 (2)

### **Urusan Mēshuarat—(*sambongan*)**

Urusan Kērajaan—(*sambongan*)

Pēratoran bērkēnaan dēngan urusan Ahli Private 15 (1)

Urusan yang tērtēntu, bebas daripada di-ganggu, 12 (1)—

Usul kērana ini, hēndak-lah di-putuskan dēngan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath, 12 (1)

Usul bērkēnaan dēngan susunan-nya, masa mēn-chadangkan, 14 (1)

Yang di-tētapkan bagi hari mēshuarat kēmudian di-masukan dalam Buku Mēshuarat 9 (5)

### **Undi, mēmbuang**

Kērana mēnēntukan boleh bērchakap apabila di-tanggohkan mēshuarat, 17 (2)

Mēmileh Yang di-Pērtua, 4 (3)—(7)

### **Undi, mēngundi**

Ahli<sup>2</sup> yang tiada hadhir, 45 (2)

Fa'edah kēwangan ahli, 47 (5)

Mēmungut suara, 46 (3)

Usul mēmbatalkan undi, 47 (5)

### **Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat**

Boleh di-tengok oleh ahli<sup>2</sup>, 9 (6)

Di-hantar kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 9 (3)

Daftar bēlah-bahagi, 47 (1)

Di-simpan oleh Sētia-Usaha, 9 (3)

Di-tanda tangan oleh Yang di-Pērtua, 9 (4)

Hal<sup>2</sup> yang hēndak di-tuliskan di-dalam-nya, 9 (4)

Kēsilapan, 9 (4)

Mēnyimpan-nya, 9 (6)

Pēmbēri<sup>2</sup>tahu usul di-tarek balek, 29 (2)

Pēnyata Jawatan-Kuasa bērkēnaan dēngan pindaan<sup>2</sup> Dewan Nēgara, 74 (4)

Pindaan Dewan Nēgara—

Pēnyata Jawatan-Kuasa, 74 (4)

Pērentah mēngēchap-nya, 73 (2)

### **Usul**

- Hendak di-ambil perkara lain dengan tidak menganut susunan—  
Boleh di-keluarkan dengan tidak berkéhendakan pembéritahu, 14 (2)  
Hendak-lah di-ambil dahulu daripada urusan<sup>2</sup> lain, 14 (2)
- Menanggohkan meshuarat apabila habis urusan—  
Ahli<sup>2</sup> Kerajaan ménchadangkan, 16 (3)  
Kérana mérundingkan perkara kēpentingan orang ramai yang berkéhendak diségerakan, 18  
Masa mengeluarkannya, 16 (1)  
Pérbahathan atas-nya, 17 (1)
- Menyokong-nya, 31 (1)  
Dalam Jawatan-Kuasa, 31 (2)
- Ménarek balek, 34 (1), (2)
- Pindaan kapada-nya—  
Di-bebaskan urusan tertentu daripada di-ganggu—  
Boleh di-chadangkan oleh Mémenteri pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa, 12 (1)  
Di-putuskan dengan tidak boleh di-pinda atau di-bahath, 12 (1)
- Hendak-lah dengan surat, 32  
Masa-nya ménchadangkan, 33 (3)
- Mengeluarkan perkara yang hanya boleh di-keluarkan dengan usul, 30 (3)
- Menyokong-nya, 31 (1)
- Ménarek balek, 34 (1)
- Méminda Péroran Meshuarat, 78 (2)
- Menanggohkan meshuarat kapada haribulan lain—  
Di-chadangkan oleh Mémenteri, 12 (2)  
Masa-nya hendak di-chadangkan, 12 (2)
- Méminta pembérian, sanggupan atau pérbelanjaan wang kerajaan dan sa-bagai-nya, 26 (2)
- Pérbahathan berkénaan dengan pindaan, 33 (1)

### **Usul—(*sambongan*)**

Pindaan kapada pindaan, berkaitan, 30 (3);  
pindaan baharu, 33 (4) (d); masa-nya mēn-chadangkan 33 (5) (a)

Yang di-tarek balek boleh di-chadangkan sa-mula,  
34 (1)

### **Usul Ahli<sup>2</sup> Private**

Susunan-nya dalam Atoran Urusan Mēshuarat, 15

### **Wakil Akhbar**

Kēbēnaran hēndak hadhir dalam mēshuarat Majlis,  
94

### **Yang di-Pērtua**

Apabila tiada hadhir, 7

Boleh mēnempohkan mēshuarat pada bila<sup>2</sup> masa,  
12 (3)

Chukup-bilang tidak tērmasok Yang di-Pērtua,  
13 (1)

Dalam masa tanggohan, boleh mēmanggil  
mēshuarat dahulu daripada hari yang di-tētapkan  
bagi mēshuarat, 11 (3)

Jadi Pēngērusi Jawatan-Kuasa sa-buah<sup>2</sup> Majlis, 7(4)

Kēputusan-nya bērkēnaan dēngan pēratoran  
mēshuarat, mēntafsirkan maksud Pēratoran  
Mēshuarat dan apa<sup>2</sup> pērkara kēlaziman, 43, 99

Kuasa<sup>2</sup>-nya yang tinggal lagi, 100

Mēlantek ahli jadi Pēngērusi sēmēntara, 7 (3)

Mēmērentahkan bagaimana hēndak di-chap  
Pēnyata Rasmī, 10 (2)

Mēmileh-nya, 1 (a)

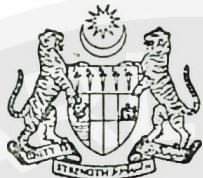
Atoran mēmileh Yang di-Pērtua, 4

Usul mēnchadangkan ahli di-pileh jadi Pēngērusi,  
hēndak-lah di-putuskan dēngan tidak boleh  
di-bahath, 4 (2)

Mēnētapkan hari mēshuarat, jika Majlis di-tanggoh-  
kan dēngan tidak di-tētapkan hari mēshuarat,  
11 (2)

**Yang di-Pertua—(*sambongan*)**

- Mēnētapkan hak ahli<sup>2</sup> hēndak bērchakap bila di-kēluarkan usul mēnanggohkan mēshuarat, 17 (2)
- Mēnguntokkan kērusi kapada ahli<sup>2</sup>, 2 (2), (3)
- Mēnyain Undi<sup>2</sup> dan Pērjalanan Mēshuarat, 9 (4)
- Mēnyain rayuan<sup>2</sup>, 19 (2) (d)
- Mēngētuakan mēshuarat sa-bagai Pēngērusi, 7 (1)
- Mēnyēbutkan nama ahli, 44 (2), (3)
- Mēngangkat sumpah, 1 (b)
- Pēmashhoran, masa-nya mēngēluarkan, 14 (1) (c)
- Tērmasok lain<sup>2</sup> ahli yang jadi Pēngērusi kēchuali jika di-sēbutkan tērang<sup>2</sup> ia-itu tidak tērmasok Yang di-Pertua, 7 (5)
- Tērtanggong mēnjaga tērib dalam mēshuarat, 43
- Undi pēmutus, 45 (1)



PARLIAMENT  
of the  
FEDERATION OF MALAYA

*Standing Orders*  
*of the*

DEWAN RA'AYAT  
1959

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standing Order	PUBLIC BUSINESS	Page
1.	Proceedings of First Meetings of the House after a General Election .. .. ..	1
2.	Seating of Members .. .. ..	2
3.	Election of a Speaker .. .. ..	2
4.	Procedure for election of Speaker .. .. ..	3
5.	The Oath .. .. ..	5
6.	Election of Deputy Speaker .. .. ..	6
7.	Mr. Speaker .. .. ..	7
8.	Official Languages .. .. ..	8
9.	Duties of the Clerk .. .. ..	8
10.	Official Reports .. .. ..	11
11.	Sessions and Meetings .. .. ..	12
12.	Sittings .. .. ..	13
13.	Quorum .. .. ..	14
14.	Order of Business .. .. ..	15
15.	Arrangement of Public Business .. .. ..	16
16.	Adjournment of the House .. .. ..	16
17.	Adjournment Motion—End of Sitting ..	17
18.	Adjournment—Definite Matter of Urgent Public Importance .. .. ..	19
19.	Petitions .. .. ..	21
20.	Papers .. .. ..	23
21.	Questions .. .. ..	23
22.	Notice of Questions .. .. ..	24
23.	Contents of Questions .. .. ..	25

Standing Order		Page
24.	Manner of asking and answering questions ..	28
25.	Personal Explanation .. .. ..	30
26.	Notices of Motions .. .. ..	30
27.	Manner of giving Notices .. .. ..	33
28.	Alteration of terms of Motion .. .. ..	34
29.	Notices withdrawn .. .. ..	35
30.	Amendments to Motions .. .. ..	35
31.	Seconding of Motions and Amendments ..	36
32.	Amendments to Motions to be put in writing	36
33.	Manner of debating Motions and Amendments thereto .. .. ..	36
34.	Withdrawal of Motions and Amendments ..	40

#### RULES OF DEBATE

35.	Time and Manner of Speaking .. .. ..	40
36.	Contents of Speeches .. .. ..	42
37.	Interruptions .. .. ..	44
38.	Scope of Debate .. .. ..	45
39.	Anticipation .. .. ..	46
40.	Closure of Debate .. .. ..	46
41.	Behaviour of Members not speaking ..	47
42.	Chair to be heard in silence .. .. ..	48
43.	Decision of Chair Final .. .. ..	48
44.	Order in the House .. .. ..	49
45.	Decision of Questions .. .. ..	52
46.	Collection of Voices .. .. ..	52
47.	Divisions .. .. ..	53
48.	Procedure as to Bills .. .. ..	55
49.	Private Member's Bills .. .. ..	55
50.	Private and Hybrid Bills .. .. ..	56

Standing Order		Page
51. Form of Bills .. . . . .		59
52. Parties Affected .. . . . .		60
53. Second Reading .. . . . .		60
54. Committal of Bills .. . . . .		61
55. Functions of Committees on Bills .. . . . .		62
56. Committee of the whole House .. . . . .		62
57. Procedure in Committee of the whole House on a Bill .. . . . .		63
58. Procedure in Select Committee on a Bill .. . . . .		67
59. Recommittal of Bills reported from Com- mittee of the whole House .. . . . .		67
60. Proceedings on Bills reported from Select Committees .. . . . .		68
61. Third Reading .. . . . .		70
62. Withdrawal of Bills .. . . . .		70
63. Bills containing substantially the same provisions .. . . . .		70
64. Waiver of printing of Bills .. . . . .		71
65. Annual Estimates .. . . . .		71
66. Committee of Supply .. . . . .		71
67. Supplementary Supply Bill .. . . . .		75
68. Contingencies Fund .. . . . .		77
69. Sending of Money Bills to Senate .. . . . .		78
70. Messages to the Senate .. . . . .		78
71. Messages from the Senate .. . . . .		79
72. First Reading of Bills brought from the Senate		80
73. Consideration of Senate's Amendments to Bills, etc. .. . . . .		80
74. Procedure on consideration of Senate's amendments to Bills, Amendments, etc. .. . . . .		81
75. Procedure on subsequent stages of Bills .. . . . .		83

<b>Standing Order</b>	<b>SELECT COMMITTEES</b>	<b>Page</b>
76.	Committee of Selection .....	85
77.	Public Accounts Committee .....	85
78.	Standing Orders Committee .....	87
79.	House Committee .....	87
80.	Committee of Privileges .....	88
81.	Special Select Committees .....	89
82.	Constitution of Select Committees .....	89
83.	Procedure in Select Committees .....	90
84.	Divisions in Select Committees .....	94
85.	Premature publication of evidence .....	95
86.	Reports from Select Committees .....	95
87.	Joint Deliberations of Select Committees with Select Committees of the Senate .....	96
88.	Procedure and Reports of Joint Select Committees .....	98
89.	Bills and Amendments involving taxation, expenditure, etc. ....	99
90.	Suspension of Standing Orders .....	101
91.	Absence of Members .....	101
92.	Employment of Members in Professional Capacity .....	101
93.	Strangers .....	101
94.	Press .....	102
95.	Enacting formula of Bills .....	102
96.	Publication of Bills .....	103
97.	Expenses of Witnesses .....	104
98.	Interpretation .....	104
99.	Rulings of Mr. Speaker .....	105
100.	Residuary powers .....	105

## THE PRAYER

Almighty God, who in Thy Wisdom and Goodness hast appointed the Offices of Rulers and Parliaments for the welfare of society and the just government of men:

We beseech Thee to behold with Thy abundant favour us Thy servants whom Thou hast been pleased to call to the performance of important trusts in these lands:

Let Thy blessing descend upon us here assembled, and grant that we may treat and consider all matters that shall come under our deliberation in so just and faithful a manner as to promote Thy Honour and Glory and to advance the peace prosperity and welfare of the Federation of Malaya and its inhabitants:

AMEN.

STANDING ORDERS  
of the  
**DEWAN RA'AYAT**  
of the  
**FEDERATION OF MALAYA**

**PUBLIC BUSINESS**

1. On the first day of ~~a~~<sup>The</sup> meeting of the House after a general election, members having assembled at the time and place duly appointed and being seated in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 2, the Clerk shall read the Proclamation of His Majesty by which the meeting was summoned, and thereafter the Order of Business on such day shall be—

Proceedings  
of First  
Meetings of  
the House  
after a  
General  
Election.

- (a) the election of Mr. Speaker;
- (b) the taking and subscribing by Mr. Speaker of the Oath in the form set out in the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution;

(c) the taking and subscribing by all members present of the Oath in the form set out in the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution.

and on the conclusion of such business the House shall stand adjourned to the date and time fixed by His Majesty for the declaration of the causes of summoning a Parliament.

**Seating of Members.**

**2.** (1) On the first day of the meeting of the House after a general election and thereafter until a seat has been allotted to each member, members shall be seated in accordance with such arrangements as the Clerk may determine.

(2) As soon as he thinks fit after his election Mr. Speaker may allot a seat to every member and may vary such allotment from time to time, as he may think fit.

(3) Seats shall be allotted at the discretion of Mr. Speaker, whose decision thereon shall be final.

**Election of a Speaker.**

**3.** Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of Speaker whether as the result of a dissolution of Parliament or otherwise the House shall, as soon as a quorum is present, proceed to elect a Speaker.

4. The procedure for the election of a Speaker shall be as follows:

(1) Every member who wishes to propose a member for election as Speaker shall ascertain previously that that member is willing to serve if elected, and shall notify the Clerk of his proposal before the meeting.

(2) A member addressing himself to the Clerk, shall propose some other member then present to the House for its Speaker, and move "*That.....(naming the member) do take the Chair of this House as Speaker*". The proposal shall be seconded, but no debate shall be allowed.

(3) If only one member be so proposed and seconded as Speaker, he shall be declared by the Clerk without question put, to have been elected. If more than one member be so proposed and seconded the House shall proceed to elect a Speaker by ballot.

(4) For the purpose of a ballot the Clerk shall give to each member present a ballot paper on which the member may write the name of the member for whom he wishes to vote. Ballot papers shall be folded so that the name written thereon shall not be

seen, and shall be signed by the member voting.

(5) Ballot papers shall be collected by the Clerk, or by some officer of the House deputed by him, and shall be counted by the Clerk, at the Table of the House. The result of the ballot shall be declared by the Clerk.

(6) (a) Where more than two candidates have been proposed and at the first ballot no candidate obtains more votes than the aggregate votes obtained by the other candidates, the candidate who has obtained the smallest number of votes shall be excluded from the election and balloting shall proceed, the candidate obtaining the smallest number of votes at each ballot being excluded until one candidate obtains more votes than the remaining candidate or the aggregate votes of the remaining candidates as the case may be.

(b) Where at any ballot among three or more candidates two or more obtain an equal number of votes and one of them has to be excluded from the election under clause (a) above, the determination, as between the candidates whose votes are equal, of the candidate to be excluded, shall

be by lot which shall be drawn in such manner as the Clerk shall decide.

(c) Where at any ballot between two candidates the votes are equal, another ballot shall be held; and if at such subsequent ballot the votes are equal, the determination shall be by lot which shall be drawn in such manner as the Clerk shall decide.

(7) As the ballot papers are counted they shall be placed in a box and, when a member has been declared elected as Speaker, the box shall be sealed in the presence of the House and kept in the custody of the Clerk for one calendar month and then, subject to any direction he may receive from the House, the Clerk shall burn the ballot papers and certify to the House that this has been done.

5. (1) The oath to be taken in the form ~~The Oath~~ <sup>in</sup> set out in the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution shall be administered by the Clerk, and every member taking the Oath shall sign the book to be kept for that purpose by the Clerk at the Table.

(2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), on any day on which the House sits a

member who has not previously taken the Oath may present himself at the Table at the time appointed under Standing Order 14, and thereupon the said Oath shall be administered to him and he shall sign the book.

(3) A member may at any time when the House stands adjourned, in order to enable him to attend and take part in the proceedings of a Committee meeting between the time of his becoming a member of the House and the next sitting of the House thereafter, take and subscribe the said Oath before Mr. Speaker; and in any such case Mr. Speaker shall report to the House at its next sitting that the member has so taken and subscribed the said Oath before him.

(4) In conformity with clause (4) of Article 160 of the Constitution, a member shall be permitted, if he so desires, to comply with the requirement of taking and subscribing the Oath by making and subscribing an affirmation.

**6. (1)** At the first convenient sitting of a newly-elected House, or at the commencement of Public Business at the first meeting of the House after a vacancy in the office of Deputy Speaker has occurred, the House

PARLIMEN



*Standing Order 7 (1)*

After the word “seconded” in the last line  
delete the comma and insert the words “and  
the question thereon shall be put by the  
Clerk”.

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

shall proceed to the election of a Deputy Speaker.

(2) The procedure for the election of a Deputy Speaker shall be, as nearly as may be, the same as that for the election of a Speaker, save that the election shall be conducted by Mr. Speaker.

7. (1) Mr. Speaker shall preside at sittings of the House and in his absence, ~~or if no Speaker has been elected or the office of Speaker is vacant for any other cause~~, the Deputy Speaker shall preside, or if no Deputy Speaker has been elected or the post of Deputy Speaker is vacant for any other cause, then the House, upon being informed thereof by the Clerk at the Table, may upon the motion of a Minister call upon any member present to preside. The motion shall be seconded ~~but no debate shall be allowed.~~

(2) When Mr. Speaker's absence is announced by the Clerk at the Table, the member presiding under the provisions of paragraph (1) shall be invested with all the powers of Mr. Speaker, until Mr. Speaker or the Deputy Speaker be available.

(3) Mr. Speaker may at any time during a sitting ask a member to take the Chair temporarily, without formal communication

*See slip*

to the House, and such member shall be invested with all the powers of Mr. Speaker, until Mr. Speaker returns.

(4) Whenever the House resolves itself into a Committee of the whole House, including the Committee of Supply, Mr. Speaker or other member presiding at the House under the provisions of paragraph (1) or (3) shall take the Chair as Chairman of the Committee of the whole House.

(5) In these Orders, except where it is expressly provided otherwise, the expression "Mr. Speaker" includes any person presiding under the provisions of paragraphs (1) to (3), and the expression "the Chair", unless the context indicates otherwise, refers to any person presiding or taking the Chair under the provisions of paragraphs (1) to (4).

**Official Languages.**

**8.** The official languages of the House shall be the Malay language and, in accordance with the provisions of Clauses (2) and (3) of Article 152 of the Constitution, the English language.

**Duties of the Clerk.**

**9. (1)** At least fourteen days before the opening of a new Session, the Clerk shall send to each member a written notice directing attention to the Proclamation summoning

*Amendment Slip No. 1, Standing Order  
9 (1).*

Delete the words “together with a list of all business and notices standing on the Order Book”.

Parliament. At least fourteen days before the reassembling of the House either under paragraph (2) of Standing Order 11 or after any adjournment of more than five days, the Clerk shall send to each member a written notice of the day appointed for the next meeting, ~~together with a list of all business and notices standing on the Order Book:~~ *See Slip*

Provided that in an emergency such notice may be dispensed with, and in that event the longest notice possible shall be given.

(2) The Clerk shall send to each member a copy of the Order of Business for each sitting:

- (a) in the case of the first sitting of a meeting, unless in the opinion of Mr. Speaker the circumstances are of an urgent nature, at least seven days before that sitting; and
- (b) in the case of any other sitting, as soon as practicable.

(3) The Clerk shall keep the Minutes of the Proceedings of the House, and of Committees of the whole House; and shall circulate a copy of such Minutes, to be known

as the Votes and Proceedings, on the day following each sitting of the House, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

(4) The Votes and Proceedings shall record the names of members attending and all decisions of the House and, in the case of divisions of the House or Committee of the whole House, shall include the numbers voting for and against the question, the names of members so voting and the numbers and names of the members present who declined to vote. The Votes and Proceedings shall be signed by Mr. Speaker, and errors in the Votes and Proceedings may be corrected ~~on motion made~~ with the leave of the House. *by him.*

(5) The Clerk shall prepare from day to day and keep on the Table of the House or in the office of the Clerk an Order Book showing all business appointed for any future day, and any notices of Questions or Motions which have been set down for a future day, whether for a day named or not. The Order Book shall be open to the inspection of members at all reasonable hours.

(6) The Clerk shall be responsible for the custody of the Votes and Proceedings,

records, Bills and other documents laid before the House, which shall be open to inspection by members of the House and other persons under such arrangements as may be sanctioned by Mr. Speaker.

**10.** (1) An official report of all speeches made in the House and in Committee of the whole House shall be prepared under the supervision of the Clerk.

(2) The report shall be published in such form as Mr. Speaker may direct, and a copy thereof shall be sent to each member as soon as practicable after the conclusion of each meeting.

(3) A copy of the record of a member's speech shall be sent to him before it is published. If the member does not return the copy to the Clerk within seven days from the date upon which it was despatched, the speech shall be published without correction.

(4) If a member disputes the correctness of the record of any speech or seeks to make any material change in the record, Mr. Speaker shall rule thereon and shall direct publication of the speech in accordance with his ruling which shall be

communicated to the member concerned and shall be final.

**11.** (1) The sessions of the House shall be held at such places, and the first meeting of every session shall open on such day and at such hour, as His Majesty the Yang di-Pertuan Agong may appoint.

(2) Except for the first meeting of every session and subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), meetings of the House shall begin on such days as the House shall decide:

Provided that if the House shall have adjourned without any day being named for its next ~~sitting~~<sup>meeting</sup>, Mr. Speaker shall name such a day; and in that case the Clerk shall send to each member a written notice of the day named, at least fourteen days in advance of it.

(3) If, during an adjournment of the House, it is represented to Mr. Speaker by the Prime Minister that the public interest requires that the House should meet at an earlier date than that to which the House was adjourned, Mr. Speaker shall give notice thereof forthwith and the House shall meet at the time stated in such notice. The

*Standing Order 12 (1)*

Delete the words from "(1) Unless the House" to "5 p.m.:" and insert the words:

- "(1) Unless the House otherwise orders,—
- (a) every sitting on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday shall begin at 10 a.m. and stand suspended at 1 p.m.;
  - (b) every sitting on Friday shall begin at 9.30 a.m. and stand suspended at 12 noon,

and any such sitting shall be resumed at 4.30 p.m. and continue until 6.30 p.m. or, on any day on which a motion for the adjournment of the House is moved under Standing Order 17, until 7 p.m.:".

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

*Amendment Slip No. 3, Standing Order  
12 (3), (4)*

Re-number paragraph (3) to (4).

Insert a new paragraph (3) to S.O. 12, as follows: "(3) Unless the House otherwise orders, the House shall, without any question being put, at its rising on

*days* Saturdays stand adjourned until the following Mondays."

business set down for that day shall be appointed by the Prime Minister and notice thereof shall be circulated not later than the time of meeting.

12. (1) Unless the House otherwise Sittings.  
~~orders, every sitting shall begin at 10 a.m. / See Slip~~  
and shall, unless the House has been previously adjourned, continue until 4.30 p.m. or, on any day on which a motion for the adjournment of the House is moved under Standing Order 17, until 5 p.m.:

Provided that a motion, to be decided without amendment or debate, may be made by a Minister at any time to the effect that the proceedings on any specified business that day be exempted from the provisions in this Order.

(2) Every adjournment of the House shall be till the following day, unless the House, on a motion moved by a Minister before the commencement of public business, decides to adjourn to a later day, whether specified or not.

(4) Subject to the foregoing provisions, Mr. Speaker may at any time suspend the sitting for a stated time.

(3) New  
paragraph  
See Slip

**Quorum.**

**13.** (1) The quorum of the House and of a Committee of the whole House shall consist of twenty-six members excluding the Chair.

(2) If any member draws the attention of the Chair to the fact that a quorum is not present, members shall be summoned as if for a division.

(3) When the summons to members has been made in the House Mr. Speaker shall, after the expiration of two minutes, count the House. If a quorum is not then present, he shall adjourn the House without question put.

(4) When the summons to members has been made in Committee of the whole House, the Chairman shall, after the expiration of two minutes count the Committee. If a quorum is not then present, he shall leave the Chair, the House shall be resumed and Mr. Speaker shall count the House. If a quorum is then present, the House shall again resolve itself into Committee; but if a quorum is not present, Mr. Speaker shall adjourn the House without question put.

(5) If, from the number of members taking part in a division, including those members who decline to vote, it appears to

the Chair that a quorum is not present, the division shall be invalid, the business then under consideration shall stand over until the next sitting and the next business shall be entered upon.

**14.** (1) Unless the House otherwise directs, the business of each sitting shall be transacted in the following order:

Order of  
Business.

- (a) Formal entry of Mr. Speaker.
- (b) Prayers.
- (c) Taking of Oath by any new member.
- (d) Messages from His Majesty.
- (e) Announcements by Mr. Speaker.
- (f) Petitions.
- (g) Questions to Ministers.
- (h) Requests for leave to move the Adjournment of the House on matters of urgent public importance.
- (i) Statements by Ministers.
- (j) Tributes.
- (k) Obituary speeches.
- (l) Personal explanations.
- (m) Presentation of Government Bills.

**Arrangement  
of Public  
Business.**

- (n) Motions relating to the Order of Business (to be moved by a Minister).
  - (o) Motions for the introduction of Bills.
  - (p) Public Business. *see slip*
- (2) The House may, upon a motion which may be made without notice and shall take precedence over all other business, decide to proceed to any particular business out of the regular order.

**15.** (1) On every sitting day Government business shall have precedence over Private Members' business.

(2) Government business shall be set down in such order as the Government think fit and communicate to the Clerk.

(3) Private Members' notices of motions shall have precedence over Private Members' Bills and shall be set down in the order in which notice of each motion appeared in the Order Book.

(4) Private Members' Bills shall be taken in the order in which they stand in the Order Book.

**16.** (1) Except under the provisions of Standing Order 18 no motion for the

*(5) New  
paragraph.  
See Slip*

**Adjournment  
of the House.**

*Amendment Slip No. 4, Standing Order  
14 (2).*

Insert immediately after the word “motion” the words “(to be moved by a Minister) to be decided without amendment or debate.”

*Amendment Slip No. 5, Standing Order  
15.*

Insert immediately after the paragraph (4) a new paragraph (5). “(5). A Private Member’s motion which has been moved but not disposed of at a meeting of the House shall, upon due notice given by the mover for continuance thereof at a subsequent meeting, take precedence at such subsequent meeting over other Private Member’s motions.”

adjournment of the House may be moved until ~~6~~<sup>4</sup>30 p.m. or the earlier completion or deferment of all business included in the Order of Business for the sitting, and no such motion may then be moved except under the provisions of this Order and of Standing Order 17.

(2) At 4.30 p.m. Mr. Speaker shall interrupt any proceedings still in progress or if the House is in Committee the Chairman shall leave the Chair and report progress to the House.

(3) Upon the conclusion of proceedings under the provisions of paragraph (2), or upon the earlier completion of or deferment of all business included in the Order of Business for the sitting, Mr. Speaker shall either adjourn the House or at any sitting at which notice has been given of a motion for the adjournment of the House under the provisions of Standing Order 17 call upon a member of the Government to move "*That this House do now adjourn*".

**17.** (1) Upon a motion "*That this House do now adjourn*" moved under the provisions of paragraph (3) of Standing Order 16, any member (other than a member of

Adjournment Motion—End of Sitting.

the Government) who has obtained the right to do so, may address the House upon any matter of administration for which the Government is responsible and the member of the Government with whom responsibility for the matter raised rests may reply.

(2) Any member who wishes to raise a matter under the provisions of paragraph (1) shall give notice of the matter in writing to Mr. Speaker not less than seven days before the sitting at which he wishes to do so. Subject to the giving of such notice Mr. Speaker shall allot the right so to raise a matter to not more than two members on each sitting day, if necessary by ballot, and in making such allotment shall give preference to any member or members who have not previously so raised a matter during the present session.

(3) In any address upon any motion "*That this House do now adjourn*", the time allowed to each member addressing the House and to each member of the Government replying shall be  $7\frac{1}{2}$  minutes, unless Mr. Speaker decides otherwise in any particular case.

(4) Upon the conclusion of such proceedings, Mr. Speaker shall put the question "*That this House do now adjourn*":

Provided that, if that question has not been previously decided, at 17p.m. Mr. Speaker shall adjourn the House without question put.

18. (1) Any member other than a member of the Government may at the time appointed under Standing Order 14 rise in his place and ask leave to move the adjournment of the House for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance.

Adjournment—  
Definite  
Matter of  
Urgent  
Public  
Importance.

(2) A member who wishes so to ask leave to move the adjournment of the House shall before the commencement of the sitting hand to Mr. Speaker a written notification of the matter which he wishes to discuss. Mr. Speaker shall refuse to allow the claim unless he is satisfied that the matter is definite, urgent and of public importance.

(3) If Mr. Speaker is so satisfied and either

(a) leave of the House is given, no member objecting; or

(b) if it is not so given, at least fifteen members rise in their places to support the request.

4

the motion shall stand over until 4.30 p.m. on the same day, and at that hour any proceeding on which the House is engaged shall be postponed until either the motion for the adjournment is disposed of or the moment of interruption is reached, whichever is the earlier. At the moment of interruption the motion for the adjournment, if not previously disposed of, shall lapse and the proceedings which have been postponed shall be resumed and dealt with in accordance with paragraph (4).

(4) Any proceedings which have been postponed under this Order may be continued after 4.30 p.m. for a period of time equal to the duration of the proceedings on the motion made under this Order; and when all proceedings under that paragraph have been concluded, the House shall stand adjourned without question put.

(5) Not more than one motion for the adjournment of the House under this Order may be made at one sitting.

**19.** (1) (a) Every application to the House Petitions. Is, shall be in the form of a petition, and every petition shall be presented by a member, who shall be responsible for the petition being in respectful language.

(b) A petition seeking a grant, charge or expenditure of public money or the release of a debt due to the Government or the remission of duties payable by any person or compensation for loss out of the public revenues or for the revocation, alteration or repeal of any rate, tax or duty shall not be received by the House unless the recommendation of the Government thereto is signified by the Minister charged with responsibility for finance.

(2) (a) If signatures are affixed to more than one sheet, the prayer of the petition shall be repeated at the head of each sheet. A person unable to write may affix his mark in the presence of two witnesses.

(b) No reference shall be made in a petition to any debate in the House or in the Senate nor to any intended motion unless a notice of such motion stands in the Order Book.

(c) It shall not be competent for a member to present a petition from himself or to

which he is a signatory but the petition may be presented by some other member.

(d) Every petition shall, before it is presented, be signed at the beginning thereof by the member in charge of it and deposited at least one clear day with the Clerk who, after examining the same, shall submit it to Mr. Speaker for approval, and no petition shall be presented until it has been endorsed, "*Passed by Mr. Speaker*".

(e) Every member before presenting a petition shall ascertain and write at the head of it the number of signatures to it, and shall satisfy himself that it does not contain language disrespectful to the House or to the Senate.

(3) A member presenting a petition to the House may state concisely the purpose of the petition.

(4) (a) It shall be competent for any member to move that such petition be read. In making such motion he shall state concisely his reasons for wishing to have it read.

(b) No debate shall be permitted on such motion, nor shall any other member speak

upon or in relation to such petition, except to second the motion formally.

(c) Such motion being seconded, the question shall be put whether the petition shall be read.

(d) A petition, having been presented to the House under paragraph (3) shall be referred to a Select Committee.

**20.** (1) Papers shall be presented only by <sup>Papers</sup> Mr. Speaker, a Minister or the chairman of a Committee, and shall be sent to the Clerk.

(2) Every paper a copy of which is so received by the Clerk shall be deemed to have been presented to the House and ordered to lie upon the Table.

(3) The presentation of all papers shall be entered in the Votes and Proceedings of the day on which they are presented or, if the House is not then sitting, of the next sitting day following its presentation.

**21.** (1) Questions may be put to Ministers <sup>Questions.</sup> relating to :

(a) affairs within their official functions;  
or

(b) a Bill, motion or other public matter connected with the business of the House for which such Minister is responsible.

(2) Questions may also be put to members other than Ministers, relating to a Bill, motion or other public matter connected with the business of the House for which such members are responsible.

(3) The proper object of a question is to obtain information on a matter of fact within the special cognisance of the member to whom it is addressed.

**22.** (1) A question shall not be asked without notice, unless Mr. Speaker is of opinion that it is of an urgent character and relates either to a matter of public importance or to the arrangement of public business, and the member has obtained the permission of Mr. Speaker to ask it.

(2) Notice of every question shall be given by a member in writing not later than fourteen days before the day on which the answer is required:

(a) when the House is sitting, by being handed in at the Table; or



*Amendment Slip No. 6, Standing Order  
23 (1) (c).*

Substitute the word "misleading" for  
the word "tendentious".

(b) when the House is not sitting, by being handed in at the office of the Clerk during the usual office hours.

(3) If a member requires an oral answer to his question he shall mark his notice "*Oral Reply*". Not more than three questions shall be marked by a Member for "*Oral Reply*" on the same day. Mr. Speaker may in his discretion direct that any question marked for an "*Oral Reply*" shall be given a written answer.

23. (1) Every question shall conform to the following rules:

Contents of Questions.

(a) a question shall not include the names of persons or statements not strictly necessary to render the question intelligible;

(b) if a question contains a statement, the member who asks the question must make himself responsible for the accuracy of the statement;

(c) a question shall not contain any argument, inference, opinion, imputation, epithet or ~~tendentious~~,  
ironical or offensive expression;

*see slip*

- (d) a question shall not refer to debates or answers to questions in the current session;
- (e) a question shall not refer to proceedings in a Committee which have not been reported to the House;
- (f) a question shall not seek information about any matter which is of its nature secret;  
✓
- (g) a question shall not be so drafted as to be likely to prejudice a case under trial, or be asked on any matter which is *sub judice*;
- (h) a question shall not be asked for the purpose of obtaining an expression of opinion, the solution of an abstract legal case or the answer to a hypothetical proposition;
- (i) a question shall not be asked as to whether statements in the press or of private individuals or financial bodies are accurate;
- (j) a question shall not be asked as to the character or conduct of any person except in his official or public capacity;

*Amendment Slip No. 7, Standing Order  
23 (1).*

Re-letter paragraphs (k) to (n) as paragraphs (m) to (p) respectively, and insert the following new paragraphs:

- “(k) a question shall not contain any discourteous reference to a friendly foreign country;
- (l) a question shall not seek information about the internal affairs of a foreign country.”.

*■ Standing Order 23 (2)*

Insert after the word “House” in line 7 the following:

“or to promote feelings of ill-will or hostility between different communities in the Federation.”.

(Adopted on 22/11/62 to come into force with effect from 23/12/62)

- (k) a question reflecting on the character or conduct of any person whose conduct can only be challenged on a substantive motion shall not be asked;
- (l) a question shall not be asked seeking information set forth in accessible documents or ordinary works of reference;
- (m) a question making or implying a charge of a personal character shall be disallowed;
- (n) a question fully answered shall not be asked again during the same session.

(2) If Mr. Speaker is of opinion that any question of which a member has given notice to the Clerk or which a member has sought leave to ask without notice is an abuse of the right of questioning, or calculated to obstruct or affect prejudicially the procedure of the House or infringes any of the provisions of this Order, he may direct:

- (a) that it be printed or asked with such alterations as he may direct; or

(b) that the member concerned be informed that the question is disallowed.

(3) Disallowance of a question by Mr. Speaker, with the reason therefor, shall be communicated in writing to the member concerned by the Clerk.

(4) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore, a Minister to whom a question is addressed may, with the approval of Mr. Speaker, refuse to answer such question on the ground of public interest, and such refusal cannot be debated or questioned.

**24.** (1) If an oral answer to a question is required and no written answer thereto has been directed by Mr. Speaker, Mr. Speaker, when the question is reached on the Order Paper, shall call upon the member in whose name the question stands. The member so called shall then rise in his place and ask the question by reference to its number on the Order Paper, and the Minister to whom it is addressed shall give his reply.

(2) If a member asking a question for an oral reply fails to rise and ask his question, then any other member may make the question his own and may rise in his place

and ask the question in the manner prescribed above; but if no other member so rises, the Minister to whom the question is addressed shall send copies of the answer to the member who asked it and to the Clerk, who shall cause that answer to be printed in the Official Report:

Provided that at any time before Mr. Speaker has called upon the member who asked the question standing in his name that member may signify his desire to postpone the question to a later sitting or may withdraw it.

(3) Mr. Speaker may allow supplementary questions to be put for the purpose of elucidating any matter of fact regarding which an oral answer has been given, but he may refuse any such question which in his opinion introduces matter not related to the original question or which infringes any of the provisions of Standing Order 23.

(4) A question shall not be made the pretext for a debate.

(5) No questions, other than any supplementary questions arising out of a question already asked which Mr. Speaker may permit, shall be taken one hour after the beginning of Question Time.

(6) If an oral answer to a question is not required, or if a written answer is directed under paragraph (3) of Standing Order 22, the Minister to whom it is addressed shall send copies of the answer to the member who asked it and to the Clerk, who shall cause such answer to be included in the Official Report.

**Personal explanation.**

**25.** By the indulgence of the House, and with the leave of Mr. Speaker, a member may make a personal explanation at the time appointed under Standing Order 14 although there is no question before the House; but no controversial matter may be brought forward nor may debate arise upon the explanation. The terms of the proposed statement shall be submitted in full to Mr. Speaker when his leave to make it is sought.

**Notices of Motions.**

**26.** (1) Unless Standing Orders otherwise provide, notice shall be given of any motion which it is proposed to move with the exception of the following:

- (a) a motion by way of amendment to a question already proposed from the Chair;
- (b) a motion in Committee of the whole House;



"(f) a motion under paragraph (2) of Standing Order 12 adjourning the House to a later day;".

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

- (c) a motion for the adjournment of the House or of any debate;
- (d) a motion to proceed to any particular business out of the regular order;
- (e) a motion of a Minister under the provisions of paragraph (1) of Standing Order 7;
- (f) a motion that the proceedings on any specified business be exempted from the provisions of Standing Order 12;
- (g) a motion for the appointment of a Select Committee under paragraph (4) of Standing Order 19;
- (h) a motion for the suspension of a member;
- (i) a motion to disallow a member's vote under the provisions of paragraph (5) of Standing Order 47;
- (j) a motion to refer a Bill to a Select Committee under Standing Order 54;
- (k) a motion for the recommittal of a Bill reported from a Committee of the whole House;
- (l) a motion for the withdrawal of a Bill under Standing Order 62;

- (m) a motion to suspend any Standing Order moved under Standing Order 90 when the consent of Mr. Speaker has been expressed;
- (n) a motion for the withdrawal of Strangers;
- (o) a motion for the closure of a debate under Standing Order 40;
- (p) a motion relating to a matter of privilege;
- (q) a motion that a petition be read, printed or referred to a Select Committee;
- (r) a motion that the report of a Select Committee be referred to a Committee of the whole House.
- (S) new para.  
See slip

(2) A motion—

- (a) seeking a grant, charge or expenditure of public money, or
- (b) seeking the release of a debt due to the Government, or
- (c) seeking the remission of duties payable by any person, or
- (d) seeking compensation for loss out of the public revenues, or
- (e) for the revocation, alteration or repeal of any rate, tax or duty,

*Standing Order 26*

Insert a new paragraph “(3) A motion which, directly or indirectly, involves any such grant, charge, expenditure, release, remission or compensation as is mentioned in sub-paragraphs (a) to (d) of paragraph (2) shall be treated as seeking the grant, charge, expenditure, release, remission or compensation unless the said Minister signifies that it does not go beyond what is incidental only and not of a substantial nature having regard to the purposes of the motion.”

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

A large, faint watermark of the Parliament of Malaysia crest is centered behind the text. The crest features a circular design with "PARLIMEN" at the top and "MALAYSIA" at the bottom. In the center is a stylized building with horizontal stripes and vertical columns, flanked by two figures.

# PARLIMEN

## *Standing Order 26 (1)*

Insert a new sub-paragraph "(s) a motion for a resolution extending the period for the confirmation of orders under sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Customs Ordinance, 1952."

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

shall not be proceeded with unless the recommendation of the Government thereto is signified by the Minister charged with responsibility for finance.

(3) *new para. See slip*

27. (1) Where under any Standing Order (or the practice of the House) notice is required such notice shall be given—

Manner of giving Notices.

- (a) when the House is sitting, by being handed in at the Table; or
- (b) when the House is not sitting, by being handed in at the office of the Clerk during the usual office hours.

(2) Every such notice shall be signed.

(3) Except as provided in Standing Order 43 and in paragraph (5) of Standing Order 86, not less than fourteen days' notice of any motion shall be given unless it is in the name of a Minister, in which case seven day's notice or, if Mr. Speaker is satisfied upon representation to him by a Minister that the public interest requires that a motion should be debated as soon as possible, one day's notice shall be sufficient.

(4) All notices shall if possible be printed, cyclostyled or typewritten and sent to

members not later than the day before the sitting for which they have been put down.

(5) If Mr. Speaker is of opinion that any notice received by the Clerk infringes any of the provisions of these Orders or is otherwise out of order, he may direct—

- (a) that it be printed with such alterations as he may direct; or
- (b) that it be returned to the member who signed it, as being in his opinion out of order.

(6) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (5), motions or amendments sent to the Clerk shall be printed and circulated by him and in the case of amendments to Bills shall be arranged so far as may be in the order in which they will be proposed.

**Alteration  
of terms of  
Motion.**

**28.** If a member desires to alter the terms of a motion standing in his name, he may do so by giving to the Clerk an amended notice of motion, provided that such alteration does not, in the opinion of Mr. Speaker, materially alter any principle embodied in the original motion or the scope thereof. The amended notice shall run from the time at which the original notice was given.

**29.** (1) A member may, by notice in writing to the Clerk, withdraw any notice of motion previously given by him. Notices withdrawn.

(2) When any notice of motion has been so withdrawn after the motion to which it refers has appeared on the Order of Business, the Clerk shall as soon as possible notify each member of the withdrawal of such notice, and thereupon such motion shall not be proposed but shall remain on the Order of Business and at the proper time Mr. Speaker or the presiding member shall announce that the motion is to be considered as withdrawn, and a note to that effect shall be entered on the Votes and Proceedings.

**30.** (1) When any motion is under consideration in the House or in a committee thereof, an amendment may be proposed to the motion if it is relevant thereto. Amendments to Motions.

(2) An amendment may be proposed to any such amendment if it is relevant thereto.

(3) An amendment must not raise any question which, by the rules of the House, can only be raised by a substantive motion after notice.

(4) A question, when proposed from the Chair, may be amended in all or any of the following methods—

- (a) by leaving out certain words in order to insert other words;
- (b) by leaving out certain words;
- (c) by inserting or adding other words.

**Seconding of  
Motions and  
Amendments.**

**31.** (1) In the House the question upon a motion or amendment shall not be proposed by Mr. Speaker unless such motion or amendment has been seconded.

(2) In Committee a seconder shall not be required.

**Amendments  
to Motions,  
to be put in  
writing.**

**32.** Any amendment to a motion upon which the question has been proposed in the House or in Committee of the whole House shall be put into writing by the mover and delivered to the Clerk unless the Chair dispenses with the requirement that it be put in writing.

**Manner of  
debating  
Motions and  
Amendments  
thereto.**

**33.** (1) When a motion has been moved and if necessary seconded, the Chair shall propose the question thereon to the House or the Committee in the same terms as the motion; debate may then take place upon

that question and may, subject to the provisions of these Standing Orders, continue so long as any member wishes to speak who is entitled to do so.

(2) When no more members wish to speak, the Chair shall put the question to the House or Committee, which shall express its decision in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 45.

(3) Any amendment to the motion which a member wishes to propose in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 30 may be moved and if necessary seconded at any time after the question upon the motion has been proposed by the Chair, and before it has been put by the Chair at the conclusion of the debate upon the motion. When every such amendment has been disposed of the Chair shall either again propose the question upon the motion or shall propose the question upon the motion as amended, as the case may require, and after any further debate which may arise thereon, shall put the question to the House or Committee for its decision.

(4) (a) Upon any amendment to leave out any of the words of the motion, the

question to be proposed shall be “*That the words proposed to be left out be left out of the question*”.

(b) Upon any amendment to insert words in, or add words at the end of, a motion, the question to be proposed shall be “*That those words be there inserted*” or “*added*”, as the case may require.

(c) Upon any amendment to leave out words and insert or add other words instead, a question shall first be proposed “*That the words proposed to be left out be left out of the question*”, and if that question is agreed to, the question shall then be proposed “*That those words be there inserted*” or “*added*”, as the case may require. If the first question is disagreed to, no further amendment may be proposed to the words which the House or Committee have so decided shall not be left out.

(d) If the Chair, before putting a question to leave out certain words, is informed that a member wishes to move an amendment to leave out part only of these words, and if the Chair is of opinion that the proposed amendment of which he is so informed is substantially a new amendment, he shall, if

possible, put the question to leave out only so much of the original amendment as is unaffected by the second amendment; but if that amendment is agreed to, the whole of the words proposed in the original amendment to be left out shall be deemed to have been ordered to be left out.

(e) When two or more amendments are proposed to be moved to the same motion, the Chair shall call upon the movers in the order in which their amendments relate to the text of the motion, or in cases of doubt in such order as he shall decide: provided that no amendment may be moved which relates to any words which the House or Committee has decided shall not be left out of the motion.

(5) (a) Any amendment to an amendment which a member wishes to propose may be moved and if necessary seconded at any time after the question upon the original amendment has been proposed, and before it has been put at the conclusion of the debate on the original amendment.

(b) The provisions of paragraph (4) shall apply to the discussion of amendments to amendments, with the substitution wherever

appropriate of the words "original amendment" for the word "question".

(c) When every such amendment to a amendment has been disposed of, the Chair shall either again propose the question upon the original amendment, or shall propose the question upon the original amendment as amended, as the case may require.

**Withdrawal  
of Motions  
and Amend-  
ments.**

**34.** (1) A motion or an amendment may be withdrawn at the request of the mover, ~~by leave of the House or Committee, before the question is fully put theron~~ <sup>See Slip</sup> ~~& provided that there is no dissentient voice.~~ A motion or an amendment so withdrawn may be proposed again provided that in the case of a motion notice as required by these Orders is given.

(2) If the question has been proposed on an amendment to a motion or to another amendment, the original motion or amendment may not be withdrawn until the amendment thereto has been disposed of.

**RULES OF DEBATE**

**Time and  
Manner of  
Speaking.**

**35.** (1) A member desiring to speak shall rise in his place and if called upon shall stand and address his observations to the

*Amendment Slip No. 8, Standing Order  
34 (I).*

Delete the words “, provided there is no dissentient voice”.

Chair. No member shall speak unless called upon by the Chair.

(2) If two or more members rise at the same time, the Chair shall call upon the member who first catches his eye.

(3) No member shall speak more than once to any question except—

(a) in Committee; or

(b) in explanation as prescribed in paragraph (4); or

(c) in the case of the mover of a substantive motion, only in reply:

Provided that any member may, without prejudice to his right to speak at a later period of the debate, second a motion or amendment by rising in his place and stating that it is his intention to second the motion or amendment.

(4) A member who has spoken to a question may again be heard to offer explanation of some material part of his speech which has been misunderstood; but he shall not introduce new matter.

(5) A member who has spoken may speak again when a new question has been proposed by Mr. Speaker, such as a proposed amendment or a motion for the adjournment of the debate.

(6) A member shall not read his speech, but he may read extracts from books or papers in support of his argument, and may refresh his memory by reference to notes.

(7) A member shall not speak on any matter in which he has a direct personal pecuniary interest (other than the matter of remuneration under any provision of the Constitution) without disclosing the extent of that interest.

**36.** (1) A member shall confine his observations to the subject under discussion and may not introduce matter irrelevant thereto.

(2) Reference shall not be made to any matter which is *sub judice* in such a way as might in the opinion of the Chair prejudice the interests of parties thereto.

(3) It shall be out of order to attempt to reconsider any specific question upon which the House has come to a conclusion during the current session except upon a substantive motion for rescission.

(4) It shall be out of order to use offensive and insulting language about members of the House.

(5) No member shall refer to any other member by name.

(6) No member shall impute improper motives to any other member.

(7) The name of His Majesty the Yang di-Pertuan Agong, or any of Their Highnesses the Rulers, or of either of Their Excellencies the Governors of Penang and Malacca shall not be used to influence the House.

(8) The conduct or character of His Majesty the Yang di-Pertuan Agong, of any of Their Highnesses the Rulers or Their Excellencies the Governors of Penang and Malacca, of Judges or other persons engaged in the administration of justice, of members of the Armed Forces Council or of any Service Commission established under Part X of the Constitution, of members of the Election Commission, or of sovereigns of friendly states shall not be referred to except upon a substantive motion moved for that purpose.

(9) No reference shall be made in any debate to the conduct or character of any Member of Parliament or of any public

servant, other than conduct in the capacity of Member of Parliament or public servant, as the case may be.

- (10) It shall be out of order to use—  
(a) treasonable words;  
(b) seditious words;  
(c) words which are likely to promote feelings of ill-will or hostility between different communities in the Federation.

(11) *New para. see slip*

37. No member shall interrupt another member except—

- (a) by rising to a point of order, when the member speaking shall resume his seat and the member interrupting shall simply direct attention to the point which he desires to bring to notice and submit it to the Chair for decision; or  
(b) to elucidate some matter raised by that member in the course of his speech, provided that the member speaking is willing to give way and resumes his seat and that the member wishing to interrupt is called by the Chair.

**Interruptions.**

*Standing Order 36 (11)*

Insert the following new paragraph at the end of Standing Order 36:

(11) If Mr. Speaker is of the opinion that any motion or amendment or the continuance of the debate thereon is calculated to give rise to breaches of this Order he may disallow the motion or amendment or, as the case may be, may terminate the debate and direct that no further proceedings be taken on the motion or amendment.

(Adopted on 22/11/62 to come into force with effect from 23/12/62)

**38.** (1) Debate upon any motion, other than a motion for the adjournment of the House, and upon any Bill or amendment shall be relevant to such motion, Bill or amendment.

Scope of  
Debate.

(2) Debate upon any motion for the adjournment of the House shall be relevant to the subject to be raised under Standing Order 17 or 18.

(3) When an amendment proposes to leave out words and to insert other words instead of them, debate upon the question "*That the words proposed to be left out be left out*" may include both the words proposed to be left out and those to be added or inserted.

(4) On an amendment proposing only to leave out words or to add or insert words, debate shall be confined to the omission, addition or insertion of such words respectively.

(5) Debate upon any motion "*That the debate be now adjourned*" or in Committee "*That the Chairman do report progress and ask leave to sit again*", shall be confined to the matter of such motion; and a member who has made or seconded such motion

shall not be entitled to move or second any similar motion during the same debate.

**Anticipation.**

**39.** (1) It shall be out of order to anticipate the discussion of a Bill standing on the Order of Business by discussion upon a substantive motion or an amendment dealing with the same subject matter, or by raising the subject matter of the Bill upon a motion for the adjournment of the House.

(2) It shall be out of order to anticipate the discussion of a motion of which notice has been given by discussion upon an amendment, or by raising the same subject matter upon a motion for the adjournment of the House.

(3) In determining whether a discussion is out of order on the grounds of anticipation, regard shall be had by the Chair to the probability of the matter anticipated being brought before the House within a reasonable time.

**Closure of Debate.**

**40.** (1) After a question has been proposed a member rising in his place may claim to move, "*That the question be now put*", and, unless it appears to the Chair that such motion is an abuse of the rules of the House, or an infringement of the

rights of the minority, the question "*That the question be now put*", shall be put forthwith and decided without amendment or debate, notwithstanding that the mover of the original motion or amendment has had no opportunity to make his reply.

(2) When the motion "*That the question be now put*" has been carried, and the question consequent thereon has been decided, any member may claim that any other question already proposed from the Chair be now put and if the assent of the Chair is given such questions shall be put forthwith and decided without amendment or debate.

(3) A question for the closure of debate shall not be decided in the affirmative upon a division, notwithstanding that the Ayes have it, unless it appears by the numbers declared from the Chair that not less than twenty members voted in the majority in support of the motion.

**41. During a sitting:**

- (a) all members shall enter, leave, and behave in the House with decorum;
- (b) no member shall cross the floor of the Chamber unnecessarily;

Behaviour of  
Members not  
speaking.

- (c) members shall not read newspapers, books, letters or other documents except such matters therein as may be directly connected with the business under debate;
- (d) no member shall smoke in the Chamber;
- (e) while a member is speaking all other members shall be silent and shall not make unseemly interruptions.

Chair to be  
heard in  
silence.

**42.** Whenever the members are called to order by the Chair, or whenever the Chair rises during a debate, any member then speaking, or offering to speak, shall sit down, and the House or Committee shall be silent so that the Chair may be heard without interruption.

Decision of  
Chair Final.

**43.** Mr. Speaker in the House or the Chairman in Committee shall be responsible for the observance of the rules of order in the House and Committee respectively, and his decision on any point of order shall not be open to appeal and shall not be reviewed by the House except upon a substantive motion moved for that purpose. Such a motion shall not require more than two days' notice.

44. (1) The Chair, after having called the attention of the House, or of the Committee, to the conduct of a member who persists in irrelevance, or in tedious repetition either of his own arguments or of the arguments used by other members in debate, may direct him to discontinue his speech.

(2) The Chair shall order any member whose conduct is grossly disorderly to withdraw immediately from the House during the remainder of that day's sitting, and the Serjeant-at-Arms shall act on such orders as he may receive from the Chair in pursuance of this Order; but if, on any occasion, the Chair deems that the powers under the previous provisions of this Order are inadequate, he may name such member or members, in which event the same procedure shall be followed as is prescribed in paragraphs (3), (4), (5) and (6).

(3) Whenever a member has been named by the Chair immediately after the commission of the offence of disregarding the authority of the Chair, or of persistently and wilfully obstructing the business of the House by abusing the rules of the House, or otherwise, then, if the offence has been committed by such member in the House

a motion shall forthwith be proposed and seconded by any two Ministers present “*That Mr.....be suspended from the service of the House*”, and Mr. Speaker shall forthwith put the question on that motion, no amendment, adjournment or debate being allowed; and, if the offence has been committed in Committee of the whole House, the Chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings of the Committee and report the circumstances to the House; and Mr. Speaker shall on a motion being made forthwith put the same question, no amendment, adjournment or debate being allowed, as if the offence had been committed in the House itself.

(4) Not more than one member shall be named at the same time, unless two or more members present together have jointly disregarded the authority of the Chair.

(5) If a member is suspended under the provisions of this Order, he shall be directed by Mr. Speaker to withdraw, and his suspension shall last until the end of the meeting.

(6) If a member, or two or more members acting jointly who have been suspended under this Order from the service of the

House, shall refuse to obey the direction of Mr. Speaker to withdraw, when severally summoned under Mr. Speaker's orders by the Serjeant-at-Arms to obey such direction, Mr. Speaker shall call the attention of the House to the fact that recourse to force is necessary in order to compel obedience to his direction. When the member or members named by him as having refused to obey his direction have been removed from the House they shall thereupon without any further question being put be suspended from the service of the House during the remainder of the session.

(7) Members who are ordered to withdraw under paragraph (2) or who are suspended from the service of the House under paragraphs (3) and (6), shall forthwith withdraw from the precincts of the House and shall be excluded therefrom for the remainder of the sitting or for the period of their suspension, as the case may be.

(8) In the case of grave disorder arising in the House, Mr. Speaker may, if he thinks it necessary so to do, adjourn the House without putting any question, or suspend the sitting for a time to be fixed by him; and in the case of grave disorder arising in

Committee of the whole House the Chairman may suspend the proceedings of the Committee and report the circumstances to the House, and Mr. Speaker may thereupon take action as though the disorder had arisen in the House.

(9) Nothing in this Order shall be taken to deprive the House of the power of proceeding against any member according to any resolution of the House.

**Decision of  
Questions.**

**45.** (1) Subject to the provisions of Clause (1) of Article 89 of the Constitution and Clause (3) of Article 159 of the Constitution and these Orders, the House shall, in accordance with the provisions of Clause (3) of Article 62 of the Constitution, take its decision by a simple majority of members voting; and Mr. Speaker or any other person presiding shall cast his vote whenever necessary to avoid an equality of votes, but shall not vote in any other case.

(2) In accordance with the provisions of Clause (5) of Article 62 of the Constitution, a member absent from the House shall not be allowed to vote.

**Collection  
of Voices.**

**46.** (1) No member may speak to any question after the same has been fully put from the Chair.

(2) A question is fully put, when the Chair has collected the voices both of the Ayes and of the Noes.

(3) When the question has been put by the Chair at the conclusion of the debate the votes shall be taken by voices *Aye* and *No* and (provided that no member then claims a division) the result shall be declared by the Chair.

(4) If the opinion of the Chair as to the decision of a question is challenged by any member calling for a division, the Chair shall call upon members desiring a division to rise in their places. If less than fifteen members so rise, the Chair shall either declare the result forthwith or order a division. If fifteen or more members so rise, the Chair shall order a division, and shall, after such warning as he may consider necessary, appoint Tellers.

47. (1) When a division has been ordered, the Tellers shall ask each member separately how he desires to vote, and the Clerk shall enter on the Votes and Proceedings a record of each member's vote and of the members who abstained from voting. Divisions.

(2) When a member is asked how he desires to vote at a division, he may answer either by voting for the Ayes or for the Noes, or by expressly stating that he abstains from voting. A member shall not answer in a manner inconsistent with any opinion which he may have expressed when the voices were taken collectively.

(3) When every member present has been asked how he desires to vote, the Chair shall state the numbers voting for the Ayes and for the Noes respectively and shall then declare the result of the division, or give his casting vote, as the case may require.

(4) If a member states that he voted in error or that his vote has been counted wrongly, he may claim to have his vote altered, provided that such request is made as soon as the Chair has announced the numbers and before the Chair has declared the result of the division.

(5) A member shall not vote on any subject in which he has a direct personal pecuniary interest (other than the matter of remuneration under any provision of the Constitution), but a motion to disallow a member's vote on this ground may only be made immediately after the numbers off

the members voting on the question have been declared. If a motion for the disallowance of a member's vote is agreed to, the Chair shall direct the Clerk to correct the numbers voting in the division accordingly.

*at least one days*

**48.** A Minister may after notice present a Bill without an order of the House for its introduction, and when a Bill is so presented the title of the Bill shall be read by the Clerk at the Table and the Bill shall then be deemed to have been read the first time and to have been ordered to be printed, and shall stand for Second Reading at the next or a subsequent sitting of the House:

Procedure as  
to Bills.

Provided that notice may be given of intention to move the second reading of a Supply Bill on the same day.

**49.** (1) Any private member desiring to introduce a Bill may, subject to the provisions of Article 67 of the Constitution, apply to the House for leave to do so, stating at the same time the object and leading features of such Bill.

Private Mem-  
ber's Bills.

(2) Every such application shall be made in the form of a motion, and the member making such application shall at the same time deliver to the Clerk a copy of his

motion containing the title of his proposed Bill.

(3) Leave being granted on a question put and carried, the Bill shall be deemed to have been read the first time and ordered to be printed and a copy of the Bill shall be delivered to the Clerk.

(4) The Bill shall, subject to Standing Order 51, thereupon be printed and circulated to members, and shall stand referred without discussion to the Minister concerned with the subjects or functions to which the Bill relates or, if there is no such Minister, then to such other Minister or member as Mr. Speaker may nominate; and no further proceedings shall be taken upon such Bill until the Minister or member to whom it has been referred has reported to the House thereon.

(5) After the report referred to in the preceding paragraph of this Order has been made, the Bill shall be set down for second reading upon such day as the member in charge of the Bill shall desire.

**50.** (1) Where any member proposes to introduce a Bill which is intended to affect or benefit some particular person, association, or corporate body (referred to in these

Orders as a “Private Bill”) notice of the Bill shall be given by advertising a statement of its general nature and objects in the *Gazette*, and also in at least one newspaper circulating in the Federation, such advertisements being published at least one month before the day on which a motion for leave to introduce the Bill is to be moved. Leave being granted on a question put and carried, the Bill shall be deemed to have been read a first time and ordered to be printed, and a copy of the Bill shall be delivered to the Clerk; and the Bill shall, subject to Standing Order 51, thereupon be printed and circulated to members.

(2) Every Private Bill shall contain a section saving the rights of His Majesty the Yang di-Pertuan Agong, Their Highnesses the Rulers and Their Excellencies the Governors of Penang and Malacca, of all bodies politic and corporate and of all others, except such as are mentioned in the Bill, and those claiming by, from or under them.

(3) Every Private Bill, and any other Bill which in the opinion of Mr. Speaker appears to affect prejudicially individual rights or interests (referred to in these Orders as a

“Hybrid Bill”) shall, after being read a second time, be referred to a Select Committee, before which any affected party who has previously presented a petition to the House under the provisions of Standing Order 19 may be heard upon that petition, either in person or by counsel.

(4) No member shall be allowed to sit on such Select Committee until he has made and signed a declaration—

- (a) that he has no personal pecuniary interest in the Bill; and
- (b) that he will not vote on any question that may arise, and in respect of which evidence may be given, without having duly heard and attended to the evidence relating thereto.

(5) Every Select Committee on a Private or Hybrid Bill shall require proof of the facts and other allegations set forth in the Bill as showing that it is expedient that the Bill should be passed, and may take such oral or other evidence as it may think requisite; and thereafter if the Committee finds that the said facts and allegations are not proved it shall report accordingly.

(6) If the Committee finds that the said facts and allegations have been proved, the Committee shall proceed as provided in Standing Order 58, and in respect of all amendments which it makes shall describe their purport in a special report to the House.

(7) In the case of a Private Bill the Committee shall not allow any new clause to be inserted which is outside the terms of the notice in the *Gazette*.

(8) The member in charge of the Bill shall be responsible for the payment of all expenses incurred in the promotion of the Bill.

**51.** (1) Before any Bill is printed the Clerk shall satisfy himself that—<sup>Form of Bills.</sup>

- (a) the Bill is divided into clauses numbered consecutively;
- (b) a short indication of the contents of each clause appears in the margin thereto;
- (c) the Bill contains nothing foreign to what the title thereto imports;
- (d) the Bill complies with the provisions of Standing Orders.

*Standing Order 51*

At the end of paragraph (3) insert the words "which, if the Bill involves the expenditure of public money, shall include a statement to that effect and either such indication (if any) of the amount thereof as is possible or a statement that it is not possible to estimate the amount."

(2) No Bill shall be read a second time until it has been circulated to members.

(3) When the second reading of any Bill is reached in the Order of Business, a motion may be made "*That the Bill be now read a second time*", and a debate may arise covering the general merits and principle of the Bill.

(4) On the second reading of a Bill, an amendment may be proposed to the question, "*That the Bill be now read a second time*", to leave out the word "now" and add, at the end of the question, "*on this day six months*", or ~~an~~<sup>in the alternative</sup> amendment may be moved to leave out all the words after the word "*That*" in order to add words stating the object and motive on which the opposition to the Bill is based, but such words must be strictly relevant to the principle of the Bill and not deal with its details. If the House agrees to an amendment in either of such forms, the second reading of the Bill shall be considered to have been negatived.

**54.** When a Bill has been read a second time it shall stand committed to a Committee of the whole House unless the House on motion commits it to a Select

Comittal  
of Bills.

Committee. Such motion shall not require notice, must be made immediately after the Bill is read a second time, and may be proposed by any member; the question thereon shall be put forthwith and shall be decided without amendment or debate.

**Functions of Committees on Bills.**

**55.** (1) Any Committee to which a Bill is committed shall not debate the principle of the Bill but only its details.

(2) Subject to the provisions of Article 67 of the Constitution, any such Committee shall have power to make such amendments therein as it shall think fit, provided that the amendments (including new clauses and new schedules) are relevant to the subject-matter of the Bill; but if any such amendments are not within the title of the Bill, the Committee shall amend the title accordingly, and shall report the same to the House.

**Committee of the whole House.**

**56.** If any member, before the conclusion of proceedings on a Bill in Committee of the whole House, moves to report progress and such motion is carried, or if the proceedings in a Committee of the whole House have not been finished at 30 p.m.,

*Standing Order 57 (1)*

After the word “clause” in line 2 insert the words “or a number of clauses”.

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

*Standing Order 57 (2)*

Delete the paragraph.

Insert a new paragraph “(2) At least one day’s notice of any proposed amendments shall be given. Any proposed amendments of which notice has not been given shall be handed to the Chairman in writing and shall not be moved unless the Chairman is satisfied that in the circumstances it was not practicable to give such notice.”

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

Mr. Speaker shall report progress to the House and ask its leave to sit again, and a day for the resumption of the proceedings shall be named by the member in charge of the Bill.

57. (1) The Clerk shall call the number of each clause in succession. If no amendment is proposed thereto, or when all proposed amendments have been disposed of, the Chairman shall propose the question "*That the clause [as amended] stand part of the Bill*" and, when all members who wish to speak thereon have spoken, he shall put that question to the Committee for its decision.

(2) Any proposed amendments of which notice has not been given shall be handed to the Chairman in writing.

(3) No amendment shall be moved which is inconsistent with any clause already agreed upon or any decision already come to by the Committee, and the Chairman may, at any time during the discussion of a proposed amendment, withdraw it from the consideration of the Committee if in his opinion the discussion has shown that the amendment contravenes the provisions of this paragraph.

Procedure in  
Committee  
of the whole  
House on  
a Bill.

See slip

See Slip

(4) The Chairman may refuse to propose the question upon any amendment which in his opinion—

- (a) would make the clause or schedule which it proposes to amend unintelligible or ungrammatical;
- (b) is frivolous; or
- (c) amounts to a proposal to omit the whole substance of a clause for the purpose of inserting other provisions.

(5) The provisions of paragraph (4) of Standing Order 33 shall apply to the discussion of amendments to Bills, with the substitution where appropriate of the word “clause” for the word “motion” or the word “question”, and of the expression “the Chairman” for the expression “the Chair”; and any amendment proposed to such an amendment shall be dealt with before a decision is taken on the original amendment.

(6) A clause may be postponed, unless a decision has already been taken upon an amendment thereto. Postponed clauses shall be considered after the remaining clauses of the Bill have been considered and before new clauses are brought up.

(7) Any proposed new clause shall be considered after the clauses of the Bill have been disposed of and before consideration of any schedule to the Bill:

Provided that a new clause proposed in substitution for a clause which has been disagreed to may be considered immediately after such disagreement.

(8) On the title of any new clause being read by the Clerk, the clause shall be deemed to have been read a first time. The question shall then be proposed "*That the clause be read a second time*"; if this is agreed to, amendments may then be proposed to the new clause. The final question to be proposed shall be "*That the clause [as amended] be added to the Bill*".

(9) Schedules shall be disposed of in the same way as clauses and any proposed new schedule shall be considered after the schedules to the Bill have been disposed of, and shall be treated in the same manner as a new clause.

*Standing Order 57 (10)*

Delete the paragraph.

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

(11) When every clause and schedule and proposed new clause or schedule has been dealt with, the preamble, if there is one, shall be considered and the question put "*That the preamble [as amended] be the preamble to the Bill*". No amendment to the preamble shall be considered which is not made necessary by a previous amendment to the Bill.

(12) If any amendment to the title of the Bill is made necessary by an amendment to the Bill, it shall be made at the conclusion of the proceedings detailed above, but no question shall be put that the title [as amended] stand part of the Bill; nor shall any question be put upon the enacting formula.

(13) At the conclusion of the proceedings in Committee on a Bill, the member in charge of the Bill shall move "*That the Bill [as amended] be reported to the House*", and the question thereon shall be decided without amendment or debate.

(14) So soon as a Committee of the whole House has agreed that a Bill be reported, the Chairman shall leave the Chair of the Committee and the House shall resume, and

the member in charge of the Bill shall report it to the House and the House may proceed to the third reading of the Bill.

**58.** (1) A Select Committee on a Bill shall be subject to all the provisions of Standing Orders 83 and 84, but before reporting the Bill to the House it shall go through the Bill as provided in paragraphs (1) to (4) of Standing Order 57.

Procedure in  
Select Com-  
mittee on  
a Bill.

(2) When a Bill has been amended in a Select Committee, the whole text of the Bill as amended shall, if practicable, be printed as part of the report of the Select Committee; but if this is not practicable, the text of every clause or schedule amended and of every new clause or new schedule added shall be so printed.

**59.** (1) If any member desires to delete or amend any provision contained in a Bill as reported from a Committee of the whole House or to introduce any new provisions therein he may at any time before a member rises to move the third reading of the Bill, move that the Bill be recommitted either wholly or in respect only of some particular part or parts of the Bill or some proposed new clause or new schedule, no notice of

Recommittal  
of Bills  
reported from  
Committee  
of the whole  
House.

such motion being required, and if the motion is agreed to the Bill shall stand so recommitted. The House shall in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 54 resolve itself into Committee to consider the business so recommitted.

*See slip*  
(2) When the whole Bill has been recommitted, the Committee shall go through the Bill as provided in Standing Order 57.

(3) When the Bill has been recommitted in respect only of some particular part or parts or of some proposed new clause or new schedule, the Committee shall consider only the matter so recommitted and any amendment which may be moved thereto.

(4) At the conclusion of the proceedings in Committee on a Bill recommitted under the provisions of this Order the member in charge of the Bill shall move "*That the Bill [as amended on recommitment] be reported to the House*" and the question thereon shall be decided without amendment or debate.

Proceedings  
on Bills  
reported  
from Select  
Committees.

**60.** (1) When a Bill has been reported from a Select Committee, the House shall

# PARLIMEN

## *Standing Order 59 (I)*

Insert at the end of paragraph (1) the words "If a motion to recommit a bill be opposed, Mr. Speaker shall permit a brief explanatory statement of the reasons for recommittal from the Member who moves and from a Member who opposes the motion, and shall then without further debate put the question thereon."

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

proceed to consider the Bill as reported from the Select Committee upon a motion “*That the report of the Select Committee be approved*”.

(2) If that motion is agreed to without amendment, the House may proceed to the third reading of the Bill as reported from the Select Committee.

(3) Upon a motion to approve the report of a Select Committee on a Bill, any member may propose an amendment to add, at the end of the motion, the words “*subject to the recommittal of the Bill [either wholly or in respect only of some particular part or parts or of some proposed new clause or new schedule] to a Committee of the whole House*”, and if that motion is agreed to with such an amendment, the Bill shall stand so recommitted. The House may then, upon a motion made in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 54 resolve itself into a Committee to consider the business so recommitted.

(4) A Committee of the whole House upon a Bill recommitted under the provisions of this Order shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (2) or (3) of Standing Order 59, and

the conclusion of its proceedings and the remaining proceedings on the Bill shall be subject to the provisions of paragraph (4) of that Order.

**61.** (1) On the third reading of a Bill amendments may be proposed to the question "*That the Bill be now read a third time*" similar to those which may be proposed on second reading; but the debate shall be confined to the contents of the Bill and any reasoned amendment which raises matters not included in the Bill shall be out of order.

(2) Amendments for the correction of errors or oversights may, with Mr. Speaker's permission, be made before the question for the third reading of the Bill is put from the Chair, but no amendments of a material character shall be proposed.

**62.** Either before the commencement of public business or when any stage of a Bill ~~and postponement~~ reached in the Order of Business, the member in charge of a Bill may, without notice, ~~make~~ <sup>move</sup> a motion <sup>see slip</sup> that the Bill be withdrawn ~~see slip~~

**63.** Once the second reading of any Bill has been agreed to or negatived, no question

*Withdrawal  
of Bills.  
Withdrawal  
and postponement  
of Bills.*

*Bills  
containing  
substantially  
the same  
provisions.*

*Standing Order 63A*

Insert a new Standing Order:

"Lapsing  
of Bills.

63A. A Bill introduced after the coming into operation of this Order which has not been agreed to by both Houses before the next prorogation or dissolution of Parliament after the Bill was introduced shall not be further proceeded with, without prejudice however to the introduction in a subsequent Session of Parliament of a Bill for the like purposes."

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

A large, semi-transparent watermark of the Parliament of Malaysia logo is centered on the page. The logo features a circular design with "PARLIMEN" at the top and "MALAYSIA" at the bottom. In the center is a stylized building facade with vertical columns and horizontal lines, flanked by two sets of vertical bars.

PARLIMEN

Insert after the word “motion” the words “, which shall not be open to amendment or debate.”

Delete the full-stop at the end of this Standing Order and add thereto the words “or that the next stage of the Bill be postponed.”

shall be proposed during the same session for the second reading of any other Bill containing substantially the same provisions.

**64.** Notwithstanding anything in any Standing Order, whenever Mr. Speaker is satisfied that for any reason the printing of any Bill is impracticable by reason of urgency, he may so certify such Bill, and the Bill may be proceeded with in spite of the fact that it has not been printed, provided that cyclostyled or typewritten copies are available for the use of members, and may be taken through all its stages in such form.

Waiver of  
printing  
of Bills.

**65.** The draft estimates of Federal expenditure for the succeeding year shall be laid upon the Table before the introduction into the House of the annual Supply Bill.

Annual  
Estimates.

**66.** (1) *For* During each year there shall be introduced into the House a Supply Bill which shall contain the estimated financial requirements for all heads of expenditure required to be included in a Supply Bill by Article 100 of the Constitution for the ~~sueeeeeding financial~~ *that year* ~~for~~ year. The details of these financial requirements shall be contained in the Estimates mentioned in Standing Order 65.

Committee  
of Supply.

(2) After the motion for the second reading of the Bill has been proposed and seconded, the debate thereon shall be adjourned for not less than two days and, when resumed, shall be confined to the general principles of Government policy and administration as indicated by the Bill and Estimates. A maximum of three days shall be allotted for the resumed debate on the second reading of the Bill and at ~~4~~<sup>6</sup> p.m. or such earlier time on the last day allotted to such debate as Mr. Speaker may determine. Mr. Speaker shall put any question necessary to bring the proceedings on second reading to a conclusion.

(3) When the Bill has been read a second time it shall stand committed to a Committee of the whole House to be called the Committee of Supply to which the Estimates shall then also stand referred; the deliberations of the Committee shall be in public.

(4) There shall be allotted a maximum of fourteen days for discussion of the Estimates and the Bill in the Committee of Supply. Mr. Speaker may allot a maximum time to be given for each of the schedules to the Bill and for the clauses of the Bill. If in

the case of any schedule or clause the end of the allotted time is reached before the schedule or clause is disposed of, the Chairman shall put forthwith any question necessary to dispose of that schedule or clause: Provided that Mr. Speaker or the Chairman may, at his discretion, enlarge the time allotted for a particular schedule or clause but not so that the discussion in the Committee shall exceed fourteen days or that the time allotted for any subsequent schedule or clause is thereby diminished. If no time shall have been allotted by Mr. Speaker for all or any of the schedules or clauses the Chairman may allot a maximum time.

(5) The schedules to the Bill shall be dealt with before the clauses.

(6) On the consideration of a schedule, the Chairman shall call the title of each head of expenditure in turn, and unless any amendment thereto stands upon the Notice Paper shall propose the question "*That the sum of \$.....for head.....stand part of the schedule*".

(7) Any member may move an amendment to the schedule to reduce by \$.....the sum to be allotted for

any head of expenditure in respect of any sub-head or item therein, but at least two clear days' notice of such amendment shall be given.

(8) When several such amendments are proposed to the same sub-head or item, the amendment seeking a reduction to the smallest sum shall be first proposed and an amendment to omit the sub-head or item shall only be proposed after all motions for reduction have been disposed of.

(9) ~~No notice of motion for an increase in the sum allocated for any head shall be given—or amendment whereby any such increase would be effected moved, except by a Minister.~~

(10) When all amendments standing on the Notice Paper in respect of any particular head of expenditure have been disposed of the Chairman shall propose the question "*That the sum of \$..... for head..... stand part of the schedule*".

(11) On the question, "*That the sum of \$..... for head..... stand part of the schedule*", debate shall be confined to the policy of the service for

which the money is to be provided and shall not deal with the details of expenditure, but may refer to the details of revenues or funds for which that service is responsible.

(12) When the Bill has been passed by the Committee of Supply, it shall be reported forthwith to the House and a motion for the third reading shall thereupon be made by a Minister. Such motion shall be decided without amendment or debate.

**67.** (1) Every Supply Bill introduced to meet supplementary and excess expenditure referred to in Article 101 of the Constitution shall be supported by a supplementary estimate for each head under which additional authority is sought showing—

Supplementary Supply Bill.

- (a) the total sums already authorised under that head;
- (b) the additional expenditure required under any subhead;
- (c) the amounts of any savings from other sub-heads under the same head which can be applied to reduce the supplementary appropriation required to meet such additional expenditure;

(d) the amount of the supplementary appropriation requested for the head.

(2) Every supplementary estimate shall be laid upon the Table at least three clear days before the meeting at which the supplementary Supply Bill is to be introduced.

(3) After the motion for the second reading of the Bill has been proposed and seconded the debate thereon may proceed forthwith but shall be confined to the general principles of Government policy and administration as indicated by the supplementary appropriations included in the Bill and estimates.

(4) When the Bill has been read a second time it shall stand committed to the Committee of Supply in the manner described in paragraphs (3), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) of Standing Order 66: provided that the maximum time allotted for the discussion of the Bill in the Committee shall not, unless the Chair otherwise allows, exceed two days.

(5) The debate on a supplementary Supply Bill in Committee of Supply shall be limited to the particulars contained in the estimates

## *Standing Order 67B*

"Procedure  
on considera-  
tion of  
**Annual**  
Development  
Estimates.

Insert a new Standing Order:

67B. (1) A motion for a resolution pursuant to sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Development Fund Ordinance, 1958, shall on a motion by a Minister, which may be moved without notice, be referred to a Committee of the whole House:

Provided that where the resolution is to relate to part only of the expenditure shown in the statement the motion for the resolution may with the approval of Mr. Speaker be considered by the House, and the question put thereon, without the motion having been so referred.

(2) On the motion to refer mentioned in paragraph (1) a debate may arise on the general policy of the Government with respect to the Development Fund and the purposes for which it is applicable.

(3) A maximum of two days shall be allotted for the debate on the motion to refer mentioned in paragraph (1) and unless the motion shall have been earlier agreed to, at 6 p.m. on the last allotted day Mr. Speaker shall put any question necessary to bring the proceedings on the motion to a conclusion.

(4) (a) There shall be allotted a maximum of four days for the proceedings in Committee and Mr. Speaker may allot a

*Standing Order 67 (3)*

Insert at the end of the paragraph the words "A maximum of one day shall be allotted to such debate and at 6 p.m. on the allotted day or such earlier time as Mr. Speaker may determine Mr. Speaker shall put any question necessary to bring the proceedings on second reading to a conclusion."

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

*Annual  
Development  
Estimates.*

**PARLIMEN**

**Standing Order 67A**

Insert a new Standing Order:

67A. A statement of the proposed expenditure out of the Development Fund in respect of any financial year in accordance with sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Development Fund Ordinance, 1958, shall be laid upon the Table before the introduction into the House of a resolution pursuant to sub-section (2) of section 4 of that Ordinance.”

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

maximum time to be given to any of the heads in the Development Estimates. If in the case of any head the end of the allotted time is reached before that head has been disposed of, the Chairman shall put forthwith any question necessary to dispose of that head:

Provided that the Chairman may at his discretion increase the time allotted for any head but not so that the discussion in Committee shall exceed the total of four days or that the time previously allotted for any subsequent head is thereby diminished.

(b) If no time shall have been allotted by Mr. Speaker for all or any of the heads the Chairman may allot a maximum time.

(5) On consideration in Committee of a motion referred under paragraph (1), the Chairman shall call the title of each head of expenditure in turn, and shall propose the question on the motion, 'That the expenditure shown in head.....of the Development Estimates for the year.....be approved.'

(6) When the question mentioned in paragraph (5) has been proposed, the Minister in charge of the head concerned may speak in support of that head, and thereafter:

(i) if notice has been given of amendments to that head or to any sub-head or item of that head, such amendments

shall be disposed of in accordance with paragraphs (7) and (8);

(ii) if no notice has been given of any amendments, or when all amendments have been disposed of, a debate may take place on the motion mentioned in paragraph (5), or on that motion as amended, as the case may be; debate on the motion shall be confined to the service concerned.

(7) Amendments, of which at least two clear days' notice shall be required, may be moved to the motion mentioned in paragraph (5) to omit any sub-head or item or to add at the end of the motion 'subject to a reduction of.....', specifying the sub-head and item (if any) to which the reduction relates.

(8) When several amendments are proposed in respect of the same head, sub-head or item, an amendment seeking a reduction to the smallest sum shall be first proposed, and an amendment to omit a sub-head or item shall only be proposed after all motions for reduction have been disposed of.

(9) When all the questions on all the heads of expenditure have been disposed of, the Chairman shall, without allowing amendment or debate, put to the Committee the question on the motion referred to it, or if any reductions have been made in the

proposed expenditure, shall put that question to the Committee subject to the reductions. On the motion being agreed to it shall be reported forthwith to the House.

(10) After the report of the Committee has been received a Minister shall move the motion for a resolution referred to in paragraph (1), amended, if the case requires, to give effect to any reductions agreed to by the Committee. The motion may be moved without notice, and the question thereon shall be decided without amendment or debate.”

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

### *Standing Order 67C*

' 'Procedure  
on considera-  
tion of Supple-  
mentary  
Development  
Estimates.'

Insert a new Standing Order:

67C. (1) A motion for a resolution pursuant to sub-section (4) of section 4 of the Development Fund Ordinance, 1958, shall on a motion by a Minister be referred to a Committee of the whole House:

Provided that where the resolution is to relate to part only of the expenditure shown in the statement the motion for the resolution may with the approval of Mr. Speaker be considered by the House, and the question put thereon, without the motion having been so referred.

(2) A statement of the proposed expenditure out of the Development Fund in respect of any financial year in accordance with sub-section (4) of section 4 of the Development Fund Ordinance, 1958, shall be laid upon the Table before the introduction into the House of a resolution pursuant to sub-section (4) of section 4 of that Ordinance.

(3) On the motion to refer mentioned in paragraph (1) a debate may arise on the general policy of the Government with respect to such of the purposes for which the Development Fund is applicable as are dealt with in the statement under the said sub-section (4).

(4) A maximum of one day shall be allotted for the debate on the motion to

refer mentioned in paragraph (1) and unless the motion shall have been earlier agreed to, at 6 p.m. Mr. Speaker shall put any question necessary to bring the proceedings on the motion to a conclusion.

(5) (a) There shall be allotted a maximum of two days for the proceedings in Committee and Mr. Speaker may allot a maximum time to be given to any of the heads in the Supplementary Development Estimates. If in the case of any head the end of the allotted time is reached before the head has been disposed of, the Chairman shall put forthwith any question necessary to dispose of that head:

Provided that the Chairman may at his discretion increase the time allotted for any head but not so that the discussion in Committee shall exceed the total of two days or that the time previously allotted for any subsequent head is thereby diminished.

(b) If no time shall have been allotted by Mr. Speaker for all or any of the heads the Chairman may allot a maximum time.

(6) Paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) and (10) of Standing Order 67B shall with the necessary modifications apply to proceedings in the Committee on the Supplementary Development Estimates."

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

on which the supplementary appropriations are sought; such debate may not touch the policy or the expenditure sanctioned by the estimates in which the original appropriation was obtained, except in so far as such policy or expenditure is brought before the Committee by the particulars contained in the supplementary estimates.

(6) When the Bill has been passed by the Committee of Supply, it shall be reported forthwith to the House and a motion for the third reading shall thereupon be made by a Minister. Such motion shall be decided without amendment or debate.

**68.** (1) At each meeting of the House a statement detailing any items of urgent and unforeseen expenditure for which advances have been made from the Contingencies Fund in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 11 of the Financial Procedure Ordinance, 1957, in respect of the period preceding such meeting shall be presented to the House by a Minister. Contingencies Fund.

(2) If any member wishes to seek an explanation in regard to any item of expenditure contained in the statement presented under this Standing Order, he shall give to

the Clerk reasonable notice of his intention to seek such explanation, which notice shall not be less than twenty-four hours.

**69.** Whenever any Bill contains, in the opinion of Mr. Speaker, only provisions dealing with all or any of the matters referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of Clause (6) of Article 68 of the Constitution, such Bill shall, when sent to the Senate in accordance with the provisions of Clause (3) of Article 66 of the Constitution, be endorsed with a certificate signed by Mr. Speaker declaring that the Bill is a money Bill within the meaning of Article 68 of the Constitution.

**70.** (1) When a Bill has been read a third time and passed by the House, Mr. Speaker shall send a Message to the President of the Senate informing him—

(a) that the House has passed the Bill,  
or

(b) if the Bill was brought from the Senate, that the House has agreed to the Bill with or without amendment,

and desiring the concurrence of the Senate to the Bill or to the amendments made by the House to the Bill, as the case may be.

## *Standing Order 68A*

“Expenditure  
on Account.

Insert a new Standing Order:

68A. (1) On the second reading of a Bill introduced (under paragraph (a) of Article 102 of the Constitution) to authorise expenditure for part of the year, the debate shall not extend to matters of Government policy and administration nor to the purposes for which the sums included in the Bill are required to be expended.

(2) No amendment to such a Bill authorising expenditure for part of the year shall be moved except by a Minister.

(3) The question on any such amendment shall be put forthwith after the amendment has been moved and seconded, and the question that a Clause or Schedule (as amended) stand part of any such Bill shall be decided without debate.

(4) When such a Bill has been agreed to by the Committee to which it was committed it shall be reported forthwith to the House and a motion for the third reading shall thereupon be made by a Minister, and shall be decided without amendment or debate.”

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

(2) The Clerk shall transmit to the Senate the said Message, together with a clean copy of the Bill endorsed by him, or the copy of the Bill as brought from the Senate with the amendments (if any) made by the House clearly marked therein, and with the Clerk's indorsement thereon.

(3) Nothing in this Standing Order shall affect the provisions of Article 68 of the Constitution.

**71.** (1) A Message from the Senate shall be received by the Serjeant-at-Arms at any time during a sitting of the House.

(2) The Serjeant-at-Arms shall immediately cause the Message to be delivered to Mr. Speaker.

(3) As soon as may be, but without interrupting a member who is addressing the Chair, Mr. Speaker shall direct the Clerk to read the said Message.

(4) When the House is not sitting a Message from the Senate shall be received by the Clerk, who shall cause the Message to be delivered to Mr. Speaker; and Mr. Speaker may direct the clerk to read the said Message at the next convenient sitting of the House.

**72.** (1) All Bills brought from the Senate shall lie upon the Table until a day is named for second reading.

(2) At any time after the reading of a Message recording that a Bill has been brought from the Senate, a member may inform the Clerk at the Table that he will sponsor the Bill and name a day for second reading (~~not being less than five clear days after the giving of such notice~~).

(3) The Clerk shall thereupon endorse the member's name upon the back of the Bill and record in the Votes and Proceedings that the said Bill has been read a first time and ordered to be read a second time upon the day named and to be printed.

**73.** (1) At any time after a Message from the Senate agreeing to a Bill with one or more amendments has been read, the member in charge of the Bill in the House may, by notifying the Clerk at the Table, name a day (not being less than five clear days from the day on which such notice was given) for the consideration of the Senate's amendments: Provided that if Mr. Speaker is satisfied that any amendments made by the Senate to a Bill are either

drafting amendments or carry out the intention of this House and are not numerous, he shall so inform the House, and the House may order such amendments to be considered forthwith.

(2) When a future day is named for the consideration of the Senate's amendments, an order for the printing of such amendments shall be deemed to have been made and the appropriate entry shall be inserted in the Votes and Proceedings.

(3) A similar procedure shall be followed in respect of any Message from the Senate relating to the subsequent stages of a Bill.

**74.** (1) A motion to divide a Senate's amendment is in order and amendments may be moved to a Senate's amendment provided that—

- (a) notice of such motion or amendment has been given, and
- (b) the question, "*That this House agrees (or disagrees) with the Senate's amendment*" has not been proposed from the Chair.

(2) When any such motion and/or amendment have been disposed of, the member in charge of the Bill shall move

*“That this House agrees” (or disagrees)  
“with the Senate’s amendment (as amended).”*

(3) Only such amendments may be proposed to the Bill as are either consequential on amendments made by the Senate or on amendments made by this House to the Senate’s amendments or are in lieu of an amendment made by the Senate to which this House has disagreed.

(4) When one or more Senate’s amendments to a Bill have been disagreed to, Mr. Speaker shall, as soon as the consideration of the Senate’s amendments to that Bill has been concluded, nominate three members (of whom the member in charge of the Bill shall be one) to be a Committee to draw up a Reason (or Reasons) to be assigned to the Senate for the rejection of their amendment (or amendments); two shall be the quorum of that Committee and they shall withdraw and report as soon as may be: the Clerk Assistant or some other officer authorised by the Clerk shall be the Clerk to the Committee whose Report shall be presented to the House by being handed to the Clerk at the Table and when presented

shall be deemed to have been agreed to by the House and shall be entered in full in the Votes and Proceedings together with a record of such agreement and the said Reason or Reasons shall be incorporated by the Clerk in a Message to the Senate and shall be transmitted to the Senate together with the Bill duly endorsed by him.

(5) A similar procedure shall be followed in respect of any Senate's amendments to amendments made by this House.

(6) Nothing in this Order or in Standing Order 75 shall be deemed to affect the powers of the House under Article 68 of the Constitution.

75. (1) On the consideration of a Reason assigned by the Senate for the rejection of an amendment made by this House, it shall be in order to move "*That this House insists upon its amendment to which the Senate has disagreed*" or "*That this House does not insist upon its amendment to which the Senate has disagreed*" and if the latter motion be carried then it shall be in order to move amendments to the amendment to which the Senate has disagreed or to move an amendment to the Bill in lieu thereof

Procedure on  
subsequent  
stages of  
Bills.

and at the conclusion of such proceedings the Clerk shall endorse the Bill and transmit it with the appropriate Message to the Senate.

(2) If the House insists upon any amendment to which the Senate has disagreed the procedure referred to in paragraph (4) of Standing Order 74 will be followed.

(3) Subject to the provisions of Article 68 of the Constitution, on the consideration of an amendment disagreed to by this House upon which the Senate insists it shall be in order either to move "*That the Bill be laid aside*" and if such motion be carried no further proceedings shall take place upon that Bill and no Message shall be sent to the Senate, or "*That this House does not insist upon its disagreement with the Senate in respect of the amendment upon which that House insists*" and if the latter motion be carried it shall be in order to move amendments to the Senate's amendment or to move an amendment to the Bill in lieu thereof, and the Clerk shall at the conclusion of such proceedings transmit to the Senate the Bill duly endorsed by him together with the appropriate Message.

## **SELECT COMMITTEES**

### **Sessional Select Committees**

**76.** (1) There shall be a Committee to be known as the Committee of Selection appointed at the beginning of every session to perform the functions allotted to it by these Standing Orders, and for such other matters as the House may from time to time refer to it.

Committee of Selection.

(2) The Committee of Selection shall consist of Mr. Speaker as Chairman, and six members of the House to be elected by the House. The Committee shall inform the House by means of a report when any member has been nominated to any Committee. The Committee shall not have power to send for persons, documents or papers unless the House so resolves.

**77.** (1) There shall be a Committee to be known as the Public Accounts Committee appointed at the beginning of every session, for the examination of—

Public Accounts Committee.

(a) the accounts of the Federation and the appropriation of the sums granted by Parliament to meet the public expenditure;

- (b) such accounts of public authorities and other bodies administering public funds as may be laid before the House;
- (c) reports of the Auditor-General laid before the House in accordance with Article 107 of the Constitution;
- (d) such other matters as the Committee may think fit, or which may be referred to the Committee by the House.

(2) The Committee shall consist of a Chairman to be appointed by the House, and not more than six members to be nominated by the Committee of Selection, as soon as may be after the beginning of each session.

(3) No member may be appointed or nominated to or act as, Chairman or member of the Public Accounts Committee while he is a Minister.

(4) The Committee shall have power to send for persons, papers and records, and to report from time to time.

**78.** (1) There shall be a Committee to be known as the Standing Orders Committee to consist of Mr. Speaker as Chairman, and six other members to be nominated by the Committee of Selection as soon as may be after the beginning of each session. It shall be the duty of the Committee to consider from time to time and report on all matters relating to the Standing Orders which may be referred to it by the House. The Committee shall not have power to send for persons, documents or papers unless the House so resolves.

Standing  
Orders  
Committee

(2) If a notice of motion involves any proposal for the amendment of Standing Orders, the notice shall be accompanied by a draft of the proposed amendments, and the motion when proposed and seconded shall stand referred without any question being proposed thereon to the Standing Orders Committee, and no further proceedings shall be taken on any such motion until the Standing Orders Committee has reported thereon.

**79.** (1) There shall be a Committee to be known as the House Committee, to consist of Mr. Speaker as Chairman and

House  
Committee

**Committee of  
Privileges.**

six members to be nominated by the Committee of Selection as soon as may be after the beginning of each session, to consider and advise Mr. Speaker upon all matters connected with the comfort and convenience of members of the House. The Committee shall not have power to send for persons, documents or papers unless the House so resolves.

(2) The minutes of meetings of the House Committee shall be circulated to all members of the House.

**80.** (1) There shall be a Committee to be known as the Committee of Privileges to consist of Mr. Speaker as Chairman and six members to be nominated by the Committee of Selection as soon as may be after the beginning of each session. There shall be referred to this Committee any matter which appears to affect the powers and privileges of the House. It shall be the duty of the Committee to consider any such matters to them referred, and to report on them to the House.

(2) Whenever the House is not sitting a member may bring an alleged breach of privilege to the notice of Mr. Speaker who

may, if he is satisfied that a *prima facie* breach of privilege has been committed, refer such matter to the Committee, which shall report thereon to the House.

(3) The Committee shall have power to send for persons, papers and documents, and to report from time to time.

**81.** (1) A Select Committee other than a Sessional Committee shall be known as a Special Select Committee. It shall be appointed by order of the House and, subject thereto, shall consist of such members as may be nominated by the Committee of Selection.

Special Select Committees.

(2) Subject to the order of the House, a Special Select Committee shall have power to elect its own Chairman. If the member so elected is unable to be present at any meeting, the Committee shall elect another Chairman whose tenure of office shall be for the day of his election.

**82.** (1) Every Select Committee shall be so constituted as to ensure that, so far as is practicable, the balance between the parties within the House is reflected in the Committee.

Constitution  
of Select  
Committees.

(2) In the event of the death of a member appointed to a Committee, or if his seat becomes vacant for any other reason, the House or the Committee of Selection, as the case may require, shall appoint another member in his place, and in so doing shall observe the provisions of paragraph (1).

**83.** (1) Except as otherwise provided in Standing Orders 76 to 80 (dealing with Sessional Select Committees), this Order shall apply to all Select Committees.

(2) A Select Committee shall have power to send for persons, documents or papers, and shall have leave to report its opinion and observations, together with the minutes of evidence taken before it to the House.

(3) Unless the House otherwise directs, three members shall be the quorum.

(4) The deliberations of a Select Committee shall be confined to the matter referred to it by the House and any extension or limitation thereof made by the House, and, in the case of a Select Committee on a Bill, to the Bill committed to it and relevant amendments.

(5) The first meeting of a Select Committee shall be held at such time and place as the Chairman in the case of a Sessional

Select Committee, or Mr. Speaker in the case of a Special Select Committee, shall appoint. Subsequent meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Committee may determine:

Provided that if the Committee fails to do so the Chairman shall, in consultation with the Clerk to the House, appoint such times and places.

(6) Except by leave of the House no Select Committee shall sit while the House is sitting.

(7) A Select Committee may continue its investigations although the House may be adjourned; and the Committee of Selection may, in the case of the death or unavoidable absence of a member, nominate another member of the House to take the place of such member on the Committee. Every nomination under this Order shall be announced to the House at its next meeting.

(8) The Clerk to the House or a Clerk appointed by him shall be the Clerk to every Select Committee.

(9) When it is intended to examine any witnesses, the member of the House or, in the case of a Committee on a private or hybrid bill, the petitioner requiring such

witnesses shall deliver to the Clerk, two days at least before the day appointed for their examination, a list containing the name, residence and occupation of every witness. The Clerk shall then summon such witnesses on behalf of the House. *See slip*

(10) *See slip* The evidence of every witness shall be taken down verbatim and sent in proof to the witness. The witness shall be at liberty within seven days from that on which the Clerk sent out the proof to suggest corrections due to inaccurate reporting, and the evidence shall be printed with such of the corrections as may be approved by the Chairman.

(11) The Committee may at its discretion refuse to hear any irrelevant evidence or any recalcitrant witness.

(12) (a) Any member of a Select Committee may bring up a report for its consideration, and all such reports shall be entered in full upon the minutes of the Committee. When all the reports have been brought up, the Chairman shall propose the reports in order until one is accepted as a basis for discussion, beginning with his own report and proceeding with the remainder in

At the end of the paragraph add:

(9)

“Provided that except in the case of witnesses required to be examined by a Select Committee on a Bill, and so required by the member in charge of the Bill or a petitioner, the Clerk shall not summon a witness unless the Chairman, on behalf of the Committee, has made an order (to be delivered to the Clerk at least four days before the day appointed for the examination) for the summoning of the witness.”

*Amendment Slip No. 12, Standing Order  
83 (10)*

Substitute for the word “The” at the beginning thereof the words “Unless the chairman otherwise directs, the”.

the order in which they were brought up. The question to be proposed by the Chairman on any report shall be "*That the Chairman's (or Mr.....'s) report be read a second time, paragraph by paragraph*". When this question has been agreed to it shall not be proposed on any further reports, but any portions thereof may be offered as amendments to the report under consideration, if they are relevant to it.

(b) The Committee shall then proceed to go through the report paragraph by paragraph, and the provisions of paragraphs (1) to (8) and (10) of Standing Order 57 shall apply to such consideration as if the report were a Bill and the paragraphs thereof the clauses of the Bill.

(c) Upon the conclusion of the consideration of the report paragraph by paragraph, and when all proposed new paragraphs have been considered, the Chairman shall put the question that this report be the report of the Committee to the House.

(13) The provisions of paragraph (7) of Standing Order 35 shall apply to the deliberations of a Select Committee.

**84.** (1) Every division in a Select Committee shall be taken by the Clerk to the Committee asking each member of the Committee separately how he desires to vote and recording the votes accordingly.

(2) In taking the division, the names of all members of the Committee present shall be called in alphabetical order.

(3) When a division is claimed in a Select Committee every member of the Committee present shall, unless he expressly states that he declines to vote, record his vote either for the Ayes or Noes. The Clerk to the Committee shall enter in the Minutes of the Proceedings the record of each member's vote, and shall add a statement of the names of members who declined to vote. A member must vote according to his voice.

(4) As soon as the Clerk has collected the votes the Chairman shall state the number of members voting for the Ayes and Noes respectively and shall then declare the result of the division. The Chairman shall not have an original vote but in the event of an equality of votes he shall give a casting vote.

(5) If a Member of the Committee states that he voted in error or that his vote has

been wrongly counted he may claim to have his vote altered, provided that such request is made as soon as the Chairman has announced the numbers and before he shall have declared the result of the division.

(6) The provisions of paragraph (5) of Standing Order 47 shall apply to a division in a Select Committee.

**85.** The evidence taken before any Select Committee and any documents presented to such Committee shall not be published by any member of such Committee, or by any other person, before the Committee has presented its Report to the House.

Premature publication of evidence.

**86.** (1) Every Select Committee shall make a report to the House upon the matters referred to them before the end of the session in which the Committee was appointed, but if a Committee finds itself unable to conclude its investigations before the end of the session, it may so report to the House.

Reports from Select Committees.

(2) A Select Committee shall have leave to make a special report relating to the powers, functions and proceedings of the Committee on any matters which it may think fit to bring to the notice of the House.

(3) A report or special report together with the minutes of the proceedings of a Select Committee and the minutes of any evidence taken before that Committee shall be presented to the House by the Chairman or other member deputed by the Committee and shall be ordered to lie upon the Table and be printed without question put.

(4) The Minutes of Proceedings of a Committee shall record all proceedings upon the consideration of any report or Bill in the Committee, and upon every amendment proposed to such report or Bill, together with a note of any division taken in the Committee and of the names of members voting therein or declining to vote.

(5) Any member may, after not less than two days' notice move in the House that the report of a Select Committee be adopted.

(6) When a Bill has been reported from a Select Committee the report shall be subject to the provisions of Standing Order 60.

**87.** Whenever the House decides to appoint a Select Committee to examine and report on any subject upon which it is desirable to consult with the Senate, or to appoint a Standing Joint Committee to

examine and report on matters affecting the welfare or internal administration of both Houses, the following procedure shall be followed:

- (a) the House shall resolve that it is expedient that a Committee of both Houses be set up to consider a particular matter, or that a certain Bill or Bills be committed to a Committee of both Houses;
- (b) the Clerk shall thereupon transmit a copy of such resolution to the Clerk to the Senate;
- (c) on receiving a message of concurrence from the Senate, the House shall thereupon appoint a Select Committee of the House, of such members as the House may order, to join with a Select Committee to be appointed by the Senate; and such Committee shall have power (unless the House otherwise orders) to send for persons, documents or papers;
- (d) the Clerk shall thereupon inform the Clerk to the Senate of such appointment, and on behalf of the

House shall request the appointment of an equal number of Senators to join with the Select Committee of the House;

(e) on receiving a message from the Senate indicating that the Senate has appointed and nominated its Committee, with similar powers to those of the Select Committee, and any message proposing the time and place of meeting of the Joint Committee Mr. Speaker shall, if such proposal be convenient, direct the Select Committee to meet the Senate Committee accordingly.

**88.** (1) In any Joint Committee appointed under the provisions of Standing Order 87 the procedure to be followed shall be that laid down in these Orders: provided that the Chairman of any Joint Committee shall be elected or appointed by the Committee.

(2) The provisions of these Standing Orders relating to Reports of a Select Committee shall apply to the Report of a Joint Committee: provided that the Report shall be presented, where the Chairman of the Joint Committee is not a member of

A large, semi-transparent watermark of the Parliament of Malaysia logo is centered on the page. The logo is circular with "PARLIMEN" at the top and "MALAYSIA" at the bottom. Inside the circle is a stylized building with vertical stripes and a dome-like roof.

PARLIMEN

*Standing Order 89 (I)*

After the word “provision” in line 3,  
insert the words “whether directly or  
indirectly.”

the House, by such member of the House as the Select Committee referred to in paragraph (c) of Standing Order 87 may appoint.

89. (1) In accordance with the provisions of Article 67 of the Constitution, a Bill or amendment making provision ~~for~~—

Bills and  
Amendments  
involving  
taxation,  
expenditure,  
etc.

| - see  
slip

- (a) imposing or increasing any tax or abolishing, reducing or remitting any existing tax, or
- (b) the borrowing of money, or the giving of any guarantee, by the Federation, or the amendment of the law relating to the financial obligations of the Federation;
- (c) the custody of the Consolidated Fund, the charging of any money on the Consolidated Fund or the abolition or alteration of any such charge;
- (d) the payment of moneys into the Consolidated Fund or the payment, issue or withdrawal from the Consolidated Fund of any moneys not charged thereon, or any increase in the amount of such a payment, issue or withdrawal;

- (e) the compounding or remission of any debt due to the Federation;
  - (f) the assignment of a tax or fee or the making of a grant to any State;
  - (g) the receipt of moneys on account of the Consolidated Fund or the custody or issue of such moneys or the audit of the accounts of the Federation or a State; *f. see slip*
- shall not be introduced or moved except by a Minister.
- (2) A Bill or amendment shall not be deemed to make provision for any of the said matters by reason only that it provides—
- (a) for the imposition or alteration of any fine or other pecuniary penalty or for the payment or demand of a licence fee or a fee or charge for any service rendered; or
  - (b) for the imposition, alteration or regulation of any tax or rate by any local authority or body for local purposes.

After the word “State” in the last line of sub-paragraph (g) insert the words “being provision as respects which the Minister charged with responsibility for finance signifies that it goes beyond what is incidental only and not of a substantial nature having regard to the purposes of the Bill or amendment.”

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

**90.** (1) Except with the consent of Mr. Speaker, the House shall not proceed upon any Bill, amendment, motion or petition which, in the opinion of Mr. Speaker, would suspend the Standing Orders of the House or any of them.

Suspension of  
Standing  
Orders.

(2) A question, the object or effect of which may be to suspend any Standing Order of the House shall be proposed only either after notice given, or with the consent of Mr. Speaker.

**91.** Without prejudice to the operation of Article 52 of the Constitution, a member shall acquaint the Clerk as early as possible of his inability to attend any meeting of the House.

Absence of  
Members.

**92.** No member of the House shall appear before the House, or any Committee thereof, in any capacity for which he is to receive a fee or reward, or as Advocate and Solicitor for any party.

Employment  
of Members in  
Professional  
Capacity.

**93.** (1) Strangers shall be admitted to debates in the Chamber of the House under such rules as Mr. Speaker may from time to time make for that purpose.

Strangers.

(2) If any member takes notice that strangers are present, the Chair shall put

forthwith the question "*That strangers do withdraw*", without permitting any debate or amendment.

(3) The Chair may, whenever he thinks fit, order the withdrawal of strangers from the whole or any part of the Chamber.

(4) The Serjeant-at-Arms attending the House shall take into his custody any unauthorised stranger whom he may see, or who may be reported to be in any part of the Chamber or gallery, and also any stranger who, having been admitted into any part of the Chamber or gallery, shall misconduct himself, or shall not withdraw when strangers are directed to withdraw, while the House or any Committee of the whole House is sitting.

Press.

**94.** Mr. Speaker may grant a general permission to the representative of any journal to attend the sittings of the House under such rules as he may from time to time make for that purpose. If such rules are contravened, such permission may be revoked.

Enacting  
formula of  
Bills.

**95.** The enacting formula of all Bills shall be "*Be it enacted by the Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan*

*Agong, with the advice and consent of the Dewan Negara and Dewan Ra'ayat in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:"*:

Provided that in the case of any law having effect pursuant to Article 68 of the Constitution the enacting formula shall be "*Be it enacted by the Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan Agong, with the advice and consent of the Dewan Ra'ayat in Parliament assembled, in accordance with the provisions of Article 68 of the Constitution, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*".

**96.** (1) As soon as practicable after the assent of His Majesty has been signified thereto, every Act shall be published in the *Gazette*. Publication of Bills.

(2) At any time before such publication the Clerk may, in consultation with the Clerk to the Senate, correct grammatical and typographical mistakes in the Act, or cross-references, or punctuation or marginal notes, and for any such purpose may make verbal additions, omissions and alterations. see slip

**97.** The sum to be paid or tendered for the expenses of any person who is summoned to attend or to produce any document shall be the sum which, if that person were a witness attending a Court, would be payable to him in accordance with the rules for the time being in force under the code relating to criminal procedure:

Provided that in applying such rules any reference therein to a Judge or to the Registrar of the Supreme Court shall be construed as a reference to Mr. Speaker or to the Clerk to the House, as the case may require.

**Interpretation.**

**98.** In these Standing Orders, unless the context otherwise requires—

references to a Minister shall be construed as including references to an Assistant Minister;

references to a Select Committee shall be construed as references to a Special Select Committee or a Sessional Select Committee, as the case may require.

“sitting” means a period during which the House is sitting continuously without adjournment, and includes any period during which the House is in Committee;

*See slip*

*Standing Order 98*

In the definition of “meeting” after the word “adjourned” insert the words “for more than fourteen days or.”

*Amendment Slip No. 14, Standing Order 99.*

Insert after the word “shall” the words “subject to a substantive motion moved for that purpose.”



*Standing Order 98*

In the definition of "sitting" after the word  
"continuously" insert the words "(apart  
from any suspension)."

(Adopted on 26/6/62 to come into force w.e.f. 15/7/62).

“meeting” means any sitting or sittings of the House commencing when the House first meets after being summoned at any time and terminating when the House is adjourned *sine die* or at the conclusion of a session;

“session” means the sittings of the House commencing when the House first meets after being constituted, or after its prorogation or dissolution at any time, and terminating when the House is prorogued or is dissolved without having been prorogued.

**99.** The decision of Mr. Speaker upon any point of interpretation of any of these Standing Orders, or upon any matter of practice, shall<sup>see slip</sup> be final, and Mr. Speaker may from time to time issue rulings thereon.

Rulings of  
Mr. Speaker.

**100.** All matters not specifically provided in these Orders and all questions relating to the detailed working of these Orders shall be regulated in such manner, not inconsistent with these Orders, as Mr. Speaker may from time to time direct; and in giving any such direction Mr. Speaker shall have regard to the usages of Commonwealth Parliamentary practice so far as such usages can be applied to the proceedings of the House.

Residuary  
powers.

# INDEX

(*The numbers in the index refer to Standing Orders*)

## Adjournment of the House

Grave disorder, in case of, 44 (8)

### Motions for—

Debate on, 17 (1)

Matters which may be raised on, 17 (1); notice  
of, 17 (2)

Moved by member of Government, 16 (3)

Question put on, 17 (4)

Restriction on number of members speaking on,  
and time allowed to each, 17 (2) (3)

Time for moving, 12 (2), 16 (1) (3)

Through absence of a quorum, 13 (3)

Till the following day, 12 (2)

To a later day, 12 (2)

Without any day named for next meeting, 11 (2)

Without question put, 17 (4), 18 (4)

## Adjournment of the House on Definite Matter of Urgent Public Importance

### Motions for—

Business interrupted by, resumed after 4.30 p.m.,  
18 (4)

Lapses at moment of interruption, 18 (3)

Restriction on number of, at one sitting 18 (5)

Time and manner of asking leave to move 14 (1)  
(h), 18 (1)

Time for moving, 18 (3)

Written notice of matters to be discussed on, 18 (2)

**Annual Estimates**, *see* Estimates, Annual

## Ballot

Election of Speaker by, 4 (3)-(7)

For right to speak on the adjournment, 17 (2)

## **Bills**

- Amendments to, involving taxation, expenditure, etc., 89 (1)
- Clauses of, division into, and numbering of, 51 (1) (a)
- Committal of, 54—
  - Motions for, 54; question thereon put forthwith and decided without amendment or debate, 54
- Committee of the whole House—
  - Amendments in, 55 (2); inadmissible, 57 (3) (4); mode of proposing question on, 57 (5); withdrawal of, 57 (10)
  - Clauses, postponement of, 57 (6)
  - Conclusion of proceedings in, 57 (13) (14); motion to report to House, question on, to be decided without amendment or debate, 57 (13)
  - Enacting formula, no question to be put upon, 57 (12)
  - New clauses, consideration of, 57 (7) (8); amendments to, 57 (8); questions proposed on, 57 (8)
  - Preamble, consideration of, 57 (11); amendment to, 57 (11)
  - Principle of Bill not to be debated in, 55 (1)
  - Procedure in, 57
  - Report of progress, motions to, 56
  - Schedules, consideration of, 57 (9)
  - Title, amendments to, 55 (2), 57 (12); no question to be put upon, 57 (12)
- Compliance with Standing Orders, 51 (1) (d), 51 (2)
- Contents of, must not go beyond title, 51 (1) (c)
- Correction of grammatical errors, etc., in 96 (2)
- Descriptive titles in margin, 51 (1) (b)
- Distribution of copies of, to Members, 51 (3), 53 (2)
- Enacting formula of, 95
- Explanatory statement of, 51 (3)
- Form of, 51 (1)
- Involving taxation, expenditure, etc., 51 (4), 89 (1)

**Bills—(cont.)**

- Money, endorsement of Speaker's certificate on, 69
- Parties affected by, 52
- Passed by the House, sending of, to Senate, 70 (1) (2)
- Private and Hybrid—**
  - Delivery of copy of, to Clerk, 50 (1)
  - Expenses incurred in promotion of, 50 (8)
  - First reading of, 50 (1)
  - Petitions on, 50 (3)
  - Preliminary advertisement of, 50 (1)
  - Printing and circulation of, 50 (1)
  - Rights of His Majesty, etc., Section saving, 50 (2)
  - Select Committee, reference to, 50 (3); personal pecuniary interests of members of, 50 (4) (a); members' declaration in, 50 (4); evidence in, 50 (5); report to House by, 50 (6); insertion of new clauses, 50 (7); amendments in, 50 (6)
- Private Members'—**
  - Application to introduce, 49 (1); form of, 49 (2); object and leading features to be stated in, 49 (1); delivery of, to Clerk, 49 (2)
  - Copy of, delivery to Clerk, 49 (3)
  - First reading of, 49 (3)
  - Printing and circulation of, 49 (4)
  - Reference of, to Minister, 49 (4)
  - Report on, 49 (4)
  - Second Reading of, 49 (5)
- Public—**
  - First reading of, 48
  - Presentation of, 48; time for, 14 (1) (m)
  - Printing of, 48; waiver of, 64
  - Publication of, in the *Gazette* after assent, 96 (1)
  - Question on, for second reading of any other Bills containing same provisions not to be proposed during session, 63
  - Recommittal of, 59 (1) (2) (3)
  - Recommittal of, reported from Select Committee to Committee of whole House, 60 (3); procedure on, 60 (4)

**Bills—(cont.)**

Report of the Select Committee on—  
Consideration of, by House, 60

Second Reading of—

Motion for, 53 (3); debate on, 53 (3); amendments  
to, for rejection of Bill, 53 (4)  
Notice of, 48, 53 (1)

Select Committee—

Amendments made in, 58 (2)  
Procedure in, 58 (1)

Senate amendments to—

Amendments to, 74 (1) (3); notice of, 74 (1) (a)  
Committee to draw up reasons for disagreeing  
with, 74 (4); quorum of, 74 (4); report of, 74 (4)  
entered in Votes and Proceedings, 74 (4)  
Consideration of, 73 (1); notice of, 73 (1)  
Disagreement to, procedure consequential on, 75  
Entry in Votes and Proceedings, 73 (2)  
Motion to divide, 74 (1); notice of, 74 (1) (a)  
Printing of, 73 (2); recorded in Votes and  
Proceedings, 73 (2)

Senate, *see* Senate, Bills originating in

Third Reading of,—57 (14), 60 (2)—

Motion for, amendments to, and scope of debate  
on 61 (1);  
Correction of errors or oversight before question  
put, 61 (2)

Withdrawal of, 62

**Business**

Adjournment at end of, 16

Appointed for any future day, shown in Order  
Book, 9 (5)

Government—

Appointed by Prime Minister when House called  
together during adjournment, 11 (3)  
Arrangement of, as Government thinks fit, 15 (2)  
Precedence over Private Members', 15 (1)

**Business—(cont.)**

Motions relating to order of, time for moving,  
14 (1) (n)

Order of, 1, 14

Private Members'—

    Order of, 15

Question time, 14 (1) (g), 24 (5)

Resumption of, after adjournment motion under  
S. O. 18, 18 (4)

Specified, exemption of, from interruption, 12 (1)—

    Motions for, to be decided without amendment  
    or debate, 12 (1)

**Chair, The,**

Decisions final on points of order, 43

Definition of, 7 (5)

Quorum excludes, 13 (1)

**Clerk of the House**

Administers oaths, 5 (1)

Determines sitting arrangements for first meeting,  
2 (1)

Duties of—

    In respect of Bills, 51

    In respect of Election of Speaker, 4 (3)-(7)

Keeps and circulates Votes and Proceedings, 9 (3)

Prepares Order Book, 9 (5)

Reads Proclamation summoning Parliament, 1

Responsible for custody of records and documents,  
9 (6)

Sends notices of meetings and sessions, 9 (1), 11 (2)

Sends copy of order of business for each sitting, 9 (2)

Supervises preparation of official reports, 10 (1)

**Closure** *see* under Debates

**Committee, House** *see also* Committees, Select.

Composition of, 79 (1)

Functions of, 79 (1)

Minutes, circulation of, 79 (2)

**Committees, Joint Select** *see also* Committees, Select.

Appointment of, 87

Chairman, election or appointment of, 88 (1)

Motions affirming expediency of, 87 (a)

Powers of, 87 (c)

Procedure in, 88 (1)

Reports of—

    Presentation of, 88 (2)

    Provisions of Standing Orders relating to, 88 (2)

**Committee of Privileges** *see also* Committees, Select.

Composition, 80 (1)

Duties of, 80 (1)

Powers of, 80 (3)

Procedure in, 80 (2)

**Committee of Selection** *see also* Committees, Select.

Appointment, 76 (1)

Composition of, 76 (2)

**Committee of Supply**

Chairman of, 7 (4)

*See also under* Supply Bill

**Contingencies Fund**

Statement of advances made from, presentation

by Minister 68 (1)—

    Explanation sought of items of expenditure in,  
    notice required, 68 (2)

**Committee of the Whole House**

Chairman of, 7 (4)

**Committee of the Whole House—(cont.)**

- Quorum of, 13 (1) (4)
- Speeches in, official reports of, 10 (1)
- Time for interruption of proceedings, 16 (2)
- See also under Bills*

**Committee, Public Accounts** *see also Committees, Select.*

- Appointment of, 77 (1)
- Composition of, 77 (2)
- Functions of, 77 (1) (a)-(d)
- Minister not to be appointed or nominated to, 77 (3)
- Powers of, 77 (4)

**Committees, Select**

- Clerk to, 83 (8)
- Deliberations of, scope of, 83 (4)
- Divisions in, 84
- Evidence before—
  - Irrelevant, refusal to hear, 83 (11)
  - Publication of, 85
  - Reporting of, 83 (10)

Investigations by—

- During adjournment of House, 83 (7)
- Not completed by end of session, 86 (1)

Leave to report opinion and observations, 83 (2)

Leave to report minutes of evidence, 83 (2)

Leave to make special report, 86 (2)

Members of—

- Choice of, 82 (1)
- Nomination of, 81 (1), 83 (7)
- Personal pecuniary interest of, 83 (13), 84 (6)

Minutes of Proceedings of, particulars to be entered on, 86 (4)

Procedure applicable to all, except as otherwise provided in Standing Orders, 76 to 80, 83 (1)

**Committees, Select—(cont.)**

Power to send for persons and call for documents,  
83 (2)

Proceedings in, reference to, 23 (1) (c)

Quorum of, 83 (3)

Meetings of—

Time and place of, 83 (5)

When House is sitting, 83 (6)

Reports of—

Consideration of, 83 (12)

Laid upon the Table, 86 (3)

Presentation of, 86 (3)

Printing of, 86 (3)

Special, 86 (2)

Witnesses before—

Recalcitrant, refusal to hear, 83 (11)

Summoning of, 83 (9)

**Committees, Special Select** *see also* Committees, Select

Appointment of, 81 (1)

Chairman, election of, 81 (2)

**Committee, Standing Orders** *see also* Committees, Select

Amendments to Standing Orders, procedure on,  
78 (2)

Appointment, 78 (1)

Composition of, 78

Duties of, 78 (1)

**Commonwealth Parliamentary Practice**

Usages of, 100

**Debates**

Closure of—

Contingent question, 40 (2)

Majority required for, 40 (3)

Question on motion for, to be decided without  
amendment or debate, 40 (1); to be put  
forthwith, 40 (1)

When movable, 40 (1)

### **Debates—(cont.)**

Rules of—*see also* Order in the House—

Anticipation, 39

Chair to be heard in silence, 42

Imputing improper motives, 36 (6)

Interruptions, 37

Irrlevance, 44 (1)

New questions, speaking again on, 35 (5)

No speech after question fully put, 46 (1)

Observations addressed to Chair, 35 (1)

Offensive and insulting language, 36 (4)

Personal pecuniary interest, 35 (7)

Points of order, decision on, by Chair, 43

Precedence in speaking, 35 (1) (2)

Raising questions already decided upon, 36 (3)

Reading of speeches, 35 (6)

Reference to matters which are *sub judice*, 36 (2)

Reference to members by name, 36 (5)

Reference to, or reflection on, personages, 36 (7) (8) (9)

Relevance, 36 (1), 38 (1) (2)

Speaking more than once, 35 (3) (4)

Tedious repetitions, 44 (1)

Time and manner of speaking, 35 (1)

Treasonable, seditious and other words likely to promote illwill or hostility, 36 (10)

Scope of—

On amendments, 38 (1) (3) (4)

On Bills, 38 (1), 55 (1), 61 (1)

On motions, 38 (1); for adjournment of the House, 38 (1) (2); for adjournment of debate, 38 (5); in Committee, 38 (5)

Relevance, 38 (1) (2)

### **Decisions of Questions**

By simple majority of members voting, 45

### **Decisions of the House**

Recorded in Votes and Proceedings, 9 (4)

### **Deputy Speaker**

Election of, 6—

Procedure for, 6 (2)

**Divisions**

- Casting vote of the Chair, 47 (3)
- Errors in, 47 (4)
- Invalid, if quorum not present in, 13 (5)
- Members calling for, 46 (4)
- Mode of taking, 47 (1) (2) (3)
- Recorded in Votes and Proceedings, 9 (4), 47 (1)
- Tellers for, appointment of, 46 (4)
- Voice, voting in agreement with, 47 (2)

**Estimates, Annual**

- Details of financial requirements, 66 (1)
- Reference to Committee of Supply, 66 (3)
- Supplementary, 67 (1)—
  - Notice of, 67 (2)
  - Particulars to be shown in, 67 (1) (a)–(d)
  - To be laid upon the Table before meeting, 67 (2)
- To be laid on the Table, 65

**Government Business** *see under* Business, Public

**Government's Recommendation**

- Motions requiring, 26 (2)
- Petitions requiring, 19 (1) (b)

**House Committee** *see* Committee, House

**Meetings**

- Emergency, notices of, 9 (1)
- First, after a General Election—
  - Notices of, 9 (1)
  - Order of business, 1
  - Proclamation, reading of, 1
  - Seating arrangements of members, 2 (1)

**Meetings and Sessions**

- Definition of, 98
- Notices of, 11 (2)
- Time and place of, 11 (1) (2)

## **Members**

- Absence of, 91
- Attendance, recorded in Votes and Proceedings, 9 (4)
- Behaviour of, during a sitting, 41
- Called to order by Chair, 42
- Disorderly conduct of, 44
- Employment of, in professional capacity, 92
- Inspection by, of records and documents laid before the House, 9 (5) (6)
- Naming of, by Chair, 44 (2) (3) (4)
- Oath, taking of, by, 1 (c), 5 (2) (3)
- Official reports, supply to, 10 (2)
- Personal explanation by, 25
- Personal pecuniary interest of, 35 (7), 47 (5), 50 (4)
- Presenting petitions, responsibilities in 19 (1) (a), 19 (2) (e)
- Seats, allotment of, 2
- Speeches, report of, *see* Official Reports of speeches
- Suspension of, 44
- Transcript of speeches, correction of, 10 (3) (4),
- Voting in divisions, recorded in Votes and Proceedings, 9 (4)

## **Messages**

- From His Majesty, in the Order of Business, 14 (1) (d)
- To Senate, 70 (1)

## **Minutes of Proceedings** *see* Votes and Proceedings

## **Motions**

- Adjournment, at end of business—
  - Debate on, 17 (1)
  - Government members to move, 16 (3)

**Motions—(*cont.*)**

Time for moving, 16 (1)

To discuss definite matter of urgent public importance *see* Adjournment under S.O. 18

Alteration of terms of, 28

Amendments to, 30—

Amendments to, relevancy, 30 (2); new, 33 (4) (d); time for moving, 33 (5) (a)

Raising questions which can only be dealt with by substantive motion, 30 (3)

Seconding of, 31 (1)

Time for moving, 33 (3)

To be put in writing, 32

Withdrawal of, 34 (1) (2)

Withdrawn, may be proposed again, 34 (1)

Debate on, 33 (1)

For amendment of Standing Orders, 78 (2)

For adjournment of House to a later date—

Moved by a Minister, 12 (2)

Time for moving, 12 (2)

For exemption of specified business from interruption—

May be moved by a Minister at any time, 12 (1)

To be decided without amendment or debate, 12 (1)

Notices of, *see* Notices of Motions

Questions proposed on *see* Questions from the Chair

Seeking grant, charge or expenditure of public money, etc., 26 (2)

Seconding of, 31 (1)—

In Committee, 31 (2)

To proceed to any particular business out of regular order—

May be made without notice, 14 (2)

Precedence over all other business, 14 (2)

Withdrawal of, 34 (1) (2)

Withdrawn, may be proposed again, 34 (1)

## **Notices**

- Of amendments to Bills, 27 (6)
- Of matters to be raised on the adjournment, 17 (2)
- Of meetings and sessions, 9 (1), 11 (2) (3)
- Of motions—
  - Alterations of terms of, 28
  - Irregular or improper, 27 (5)
  - Manner of giving, 27 (1)
  - Obligatory, 26 (1)
  - Period of, 27 (3)
  - Printing and circulation of, 27 (4) (6)
  - Shown in Order Book, 9 (5)
  - Signature on, 27 (2)
  - Waiver of, 26 (1) (a)-(r)
  - Withdrawal of, 29
- Of new sessions, 9 (1)
- Of Orders of business, 9 (2), 11 (3)
- Of questions to Ministers, 22 (1) (2)—
  - Entered in Order Book, 9 (5)

## **Oath**

- Administered by Clerk, 5 (1)
- Affirmation in lieu of, 5 (4)
- Form of, 1 (b) (c), 5 (1)
- Taking of—
  - By Members 1 (c), 5(2); when House stands adjourned, 5 (3)
  - By Mr. Speaker, 1 (b)
- Time of taking by new members, 14 (1) (c)

## **Official Languages, 8**

### **Official Reports of Speeches**

- Copy of, to members, 10 (2)
- Correction or alteration of, 10 (4)
- Preparation of, 10 (1)
- Publication of, 10 (2) (3)
- Written answers to questions, printed in, 24 (2)

### **Order Book**

- Inspection of, by members, 9 (5)
- Particulars to be entered in, 9 (5)
- Preparation of, 9 (5)

### **Order Papers**

- Sending of, to members, 9 (2)

### **Order in the House**

- Behaviour of members, 41
- Chair to be heard in silence, 42
- Disorderly conduct, 44 (1) (2)
- In case of grave disorder, power of the Chair, 44 (8)
- Irrelevance or tedious repetitions, 44 (1)
- Motion to suspend member, 44 (3)
- Mr. Speaker responsible for observance of rules or order, 43
- Naming of members, 44 (2) (3) (4)
- Points of order, decision on, by Speaker final, 43, 99
- Serjeant at Arms, duties of, 44 (2) (6)
- Suspension of members, 44 (5) (6)
- Withdrawal of members, 44 (2) (7)

### **Papers**

- By whom presented, 20 (1)
- Custody of, 9 (6)
- Deemed to have been presented on receipt by Clerk, 20 (2)
- Inspection of, by members, 9 (6)
- Ordered to lie upon the Table, 20 (2)
- Presentation of, recorded in Votes and Proceedings, 20 (3)

### **Petitions**

- Against Private and Hybrid Bills, 50 (3)

**Petitions—(cont.)**

- Approval of, and endorsement by Mr. Speaker,  
19 (2) (d)
- Deposited with Clerk, 19 (2) (d)
- Language of, to be respectful, 19 (1) (a), 19 (2) (e)
- Members not competent to present from himself,  
19 (2) (c)
- Motions to read, 19 (4) (a)—
  - No debate on, 19 (4) (b)
- On Bills, 50 (3), 52
- Prayer of, 19 (2) (a)
- Presentation of, 19 (1) (a)
- Procedure for, 19 (3) (4)—
  - Time for, 14 (1) (f)
- Reference of, to Select Committee, 19 (4) (d)
- References in, to debates, etc., 19 (2) (b)
- Seeking grant, charge or expenditure of public  
money, etc., 19 (1) (b)
- Signature of, 19 (2) (a), 19 (2) (d)

**Personal Explanations by Members, 25**

- Terms of prepared statement, submission to Mr.  
Speaker, 25
- Time for making 14 (1) (l)

**Press**

- Permission to, to attend sittings, 94

**Prime Minister**

- During adjournment, may make representations  
to call—
  - House together on an earlier day, 11 (3)
  - Business appointed by, 11 (3)

**Private Members' Motions**

- Order of, in public business, 15

**Private Members' Bills**

Order of, in public business, 15

**Proclamation Summoning Parliament**

Notification of, to members, 9 (1)

Read by Clerk, 1

**Public Accounts Committee** *see Committee, Public Accounts*

Questions, decision of, 45

**Questions from the Chair**

Amendments to 30 (4), 33, 57 (5)—  
Manner of proposing, 33 (4)

Decision declared by the chair, 46 (3)

Fully put—When voices have been collected, 46 (2)  
No member may speak after, 46

Proposal of, on motions, 33 (1) (3)

Putting of, 33 (2) (3)

**Questions to Ministers**

Addressed to members other than Ministers, 21 (2)

Disallowance of, 22 (2) (3)—  
Reasons for, to be communicated to member,  
23 (3)

For oral replies—

Limitation of number of, 22 (3)

Marking of, 22 (3)

Written answers to, 22 (3)

Manner of asking and answering, 24 (1) (2)

Matters relating to which they may be put, 21 (1) (2)

May be asked by any other member, 24 (2)

Mr. Speaker's control of, 23 (2), 24 (3)

Not to be made a pretext for debate, 22 (4)

Notice of, 22 (1) (2)—

In Order Book, 9 (5)

**Questions to Ministers—(cont.)**

- Postponement of, 24 (2)
- Proper object of, 21 (3)
- Refusal to answer, 22 (4)
- Rules on form and content of, 23 (1)
- Supplementary, 24 (3)
- Time allotted for, 24 (5)
- Time for asking 14 (1) (g)
- Withdrawal of, 24 (2)
- Written answers to, 24 (2) (6)—
  - Printing in Official Reports, 24 (2) (6)

**Quorum of House and Committee of Whole House, 13**

- Absence of, 13 (3)
- Excludes the Chair, 13 (1)
- In Divisions, 13 (5)
- Procedure for counting the House, 13 (3) (4)

**Records and Documents**

- Custody of, 9 (6)
- Inspection of, 9 (6)

**Seats, Allotment of, 2**

**Select Committees** *see* Committees, Select

**Senate**

■ Bills brought from (*see under* Senate, Bills originating in)

- Messages from—
  - Delivery of, to Mr. Speaker, 71 (2)
  - Reading of 71 (3) (4)
  - Received by Serjeant at Arms, 71 (1)
  - When House not sitting, 71 (4)

Messages to, 70 (1) (2)

**Senate, Bills Originating In**  
Endorsement of, 72 (3)

**Senate, Bills Originating In—(cont.)**

First reading of, recorded in Votes and Proceedings, 72 (3)

Laid upon the Table, 72 (1)

Messages on, 70 (1) (b), 70 (2)

Second reading of, notice of, 72 (2)

Sponsor of, by member, 72 (2)

**Serjeant at Arms**

Duties of, 44 (2), 93 (4)

**Sittings**

Adjournment at end of, 16

Definition of, 98

Government business to have precedence over all other business, 15 (1)

Hours of, 12 (1)

Mr. Speaker may appoint a member to take Chair temporarily during, 7 (3)

Order of Business for, circulation to members, 9 (2)

Presiding Officers, 7 (1)

Suspension of—Powers of 7 (2) (3)—  
at any time by Mr. Speaker, 12 (3)  
in case of grave disorder, 44 (8)

Time for interruption of proceedings, 16 (2)

**Speaker, Mr.**

Absence of, 7

Allots right of members to address House on motion for adjournment, 17 (2)

Allots seats to members, 2 (2) (3)

Announcements by, time for making, 14 (1) (e)

Appoints Member to Chair temporarily, 7 (3)

Casting vote of, 45 (1)

Chairman of Committee of Whole House, 7 (4)

**Speaker, Mr.—(cont.)**

Counts House, 13 (3) (4)

Decisions on points of order, interpretation of Standing Orders, matter of practice, 43, 99

Directs form of official reports, 10 (2)

Election of, 1 (a), 3

Motion proposing, to be decided without debate, 4 (2)

Procedure for, 4

Endorses Votes and Proceedings, 9 (4)

Endorses petitions, 19 (2) (d)

Includes other Presiding Officers except expressly provided otherwise, 7 (5)

May suspend sitting at any time, 12 (3)

Names day, if House adjourned *sine die*, 11 (2)

Names a member, 44 (2) (3)

Oath of, 1 (b)

Presiding officer of the House, 7 (1)

Quorum excludes, 13 (1)

Residuary powers, 100

Responsible for observance of rules of order, 43

During adjournment, calls House together on an earlier day, 11 (3)

**Special Select Committees** *see* Committees, Special Select

**Standing Orders**

Amendments proposed to, 78 (2)

Interpretation, 98

Suspension of, 90

**Strangers**

Admission of, to chamber of House, 93 (1)

Notice taken of presence of, duty of Chair, 93 (2)

Serjeant at Arms, duties as to, 93 (4)

### **Supply Bill**

- Committal of, 66 (3)
- Committee of Supply—
  - Days allotted for discussion in, 66 (4)
  - Debate in, scope of, 66 (11)
  - Deliberations in, in public, 66 (3)
  - Schedules, consideration of, 66 (5) (6); dealt with before clauses, 66 (5); amendments to, notice of, 66 (7); increases of sums allocated, 66 (9)
- Introduction of, 66 (1)
- Report to House on, 66 (12)
- Second Reading of—
  - Debate on, adjourned, 66 (2); days allotted for, 66 (2); scope of, 66 (2)
  - On same day, 48
- Third Reading of—
  - Motion for, to be decided without amendment or debate, 66 (12)

### **Supply Bill, Supplementary**

- Committal, 67 (4)
- Committee of Supply—
  - Days allotted for discussion in, 67 (4); scope of debate in, 67 (5); procedure in, 67 (4)
- Second Reading, scope of debate on, 67 (3)
- Report to House, 67 (6)
- Third Reading of, 67 (6)—
  - Motion for, to be decided without amendment or debate, 67 (6)

### **Votes and Proceedings**

- Committee's report on Senate amendments, 74 (4)
- Circulation of copies of, to members, 9 (3)
- Custody of, 9 (6)
- Division Lists, 47 (1)
- Errors in, 9 (4)
- Inspection of, by members, 9 (6)

**Votes and Proceedings—(cont.)**

Kept by Clerk, 9 (3)

Particulars to be recorded in, 9 (4), 20 (3)

Signed by Mr. Speaker, 9 (4)

Senate amendments—

Committee's report, 74 (4)

Order for printing, 73 (2)

Notices of motions withdrawn, 29 (2)

**Voting**

Absent members, 45 (2)

Collection of voices, 46 (3)

Members personal pecuniary interest, 47 (5)

On private Bills, 50 (4); Motion to disallow vote,  
47 (5)

**Witnesses**

Expenses of, 97

76-85~

